

The American Association of Variable Star Observers

AAVSO

Annual Report 2012–2013



The American Association of Variable Star Observers 49 Bay State Road Cambridge, MA 02138-1203 USA

Telephone: 617-354-0484 Fax: 617-354-0665

email: aavso@aavso.org website: http://www.aavso.org

Annual Report Website:

http://www.aavso.org/annual-report

On the cover...

An AAVSO light curve and image of the fast nova V339 Del = Nova Del 2013. Between August 14, 2013 and October 31, 2013, 392 observers worldwide have contributed 30,477 observations to this light curve. N Del 2013 image courtesy of John Chumack (www.galacticimages.com).

Picture credits

In addition to images from the AAVSO and its archives, the editors gratefully acknowledge the following for their image contributions: Glenn Chaple, John Chumack, Shawn Dvorak, Mary Glennon, Bill Goff, Barbara Harris, Mario Motta, NASA, Gary Poyner, Msgr. Ronald Royer, the Mary Lea Shane Archives of the Lick Observatory, Chris Stephan, and Wheatley, et al. 2003, MNRAS, 345, 49.

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1. About the AAVSO



Participants in the AAVSO's 102nd Annual Meeting, 2013

AAVSO Vision

Discovering the Universe through variable stars.

The AAVSO's Mission

The AAVSO is an international non-profit organization of variable star observers whose mission is to enable anyone, anywhere, to participate in scientific discovery through variable star astronomy. We accomplish our mission by carrying out the following activities:

- observation and analysis of variable stars
- collecting and archiving observations for worldwide access
- forging strong collaborations between amateur and professional astronomers
- promoting scientific research, education, and public outreach using variable star data.

About the AAVSO

The American Association of Variable Star Observers (AAVSO) is a non-profit worldwide scientific and educational organization of amateur and professional astronomers who are interested in stars that change in brightness—variable stars.

The AAVSO was founded in 1911 to coordinate variable star observations—made largely by amateur astronomers—for Harvard College Observatory. The AAVSO was incorporated in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1918 as a non-profit scientific and educational organization. Today, as an independent, private research organization headquartered in Cambridge, Massachusetts, with active participants in 108 countries, and an archive of over 24 million variable star observations, it is the world's largest association of variable star observers.

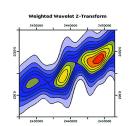
Membership in the AAVSO is open to anyone—professionals, amateurs, and educators alike—interested in variable stars and in contributing to the support of valuable research.

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Professional astronomers have neither the time nor the telescopes needed to gather data on the brightness changes of thousands of variables, and amateurs make a real and useful contribution to science by observing variable stars and submitting their observations to the AAVSO International Database.

What We Do

The AAVSO coordinates, evaluates, compiles, processes, publishes, and disseminates variable star observations to the astronomical community throughout the world.



Observers send their data to Headquarters, where they are checked, processed, and added to the AAVSO International Database. The AAVSO and its observers frequently provide the professional community with archival data, intensive monitoring of interesting variable stars, and target-of-opportunity event notification for coordinated observing campaigns and satellite observations.

AAVSO publications provide the astronomical community with valuable information. The type of published information is diverse, and includes *The Journal of the AAVSO*, a peer-reviewed collection of scientific papers focused on variable stars, the *Manual for Visual Observing*, now available in thirteen languages, the *CCD Observing Manual*, the quarterly *AAVSO Newsletter*, the *Eclipsing Binary and RR Lyrae Ephemerides*, and the *AAVSO Annual Report*.

Additionally, the AAVSO is actively involved in education and outreach. We have several programs designed to assist with disseminating information to educators and the public.



The AAVSO has an active Mentor Program that is available to any observer requesting personal instruction in observing techniques and methods.

The Speakers Bureau is a service established for people and groups looking for enthusiastic, knowledgeable speakers.

Our Presentation Library offers free POWERPOINT™ presentations on variable stars, observing techniques, and other astronomical topics.

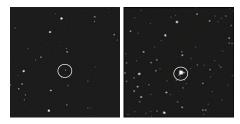
Our Writers Bureau offers variable star and topical astronomy content on a monthly basis to editors of astronomy club and society newsletters.

Variable Star Astronomy (VSA) is a flexible set of hands-on educational materials, activities, and investigations, based on the AAVSO's unique electronic database of variable star measurements.

Members and observers have a unique opportunity to present and exchange ideas at the AAVSO meetings. The AAVSO organizes two meetings a year, one in the fall and one in the spring. The fall meeting is the official AAVSO annual meeting that is always held at or near the AAVSO Headquarters in Cambridge, Massachusetts. The spring meeting is held outside of the state of Massachusetts with the intention of attracting more members and observers to attend. Everyone interested in the AAVSO and its activities is invited and encouraged to participate in these exciting events.

What Are Variable Stars?

Variable stars are stars that change brightness. The brightness changes of these stars can range from a thousandth of a magnitude to as much as twenty magnitudes over periods of a fraction of a second to years, depending on the type of variable star. Over 150,000 variable stars are known and catalogued, and many thousands more are suspected to be variable.



The variable star U Geminorum in its faint state (left) and its bright state (right)

There are a number of reasons why variable stars change their brightness. Pulsating variables, for example, swell and shrink due to internal forces. An eclipsing binary will dim when it is eclipsed by a faint companion, and then brighten when the occulting star moves out of the way. Some variable stars are actually extremely close pairs of stars, exchanging mass as one star strips the atmosphere from the other.

The different causes of light variation in variable stars provide the impetus for classifying the stars into different categories. Variable stars are classified as either intrinsic, wherein variability is caused by physical changes such as pulsation or eruption in the star or stellar system, or extrinsic, wherein variability is caused by the eclipse of one star by another, the transit of an extrasolar planet, or by the effects of stellar rotation.

Why Observe Variable Stars?

Variable stars need to be systematically observed over decades in order to determine their long-time behavior. Professional astronomers have neither the available time nor the unlimited telescope access needed to gather data on the brightness changes of thousands of variable stars. Thus, it is amateur astronomers utilizing visual, photographic, photoelectric, and CCD techniques who are making a real and highly useful contribution to science by observing variable stars and submitting their observations to the AAVSO International

1. About the AAVSO

Database. These important data are needed to analyze variable star behavior, to schedule satellite observations of certain stars, to correlate data from satellite and ground-based observations, and to make computerized theoretical models of variable stars possible.

Research on variable stars is important because it provides information about stellar properties, such as mass, radius, luminosity, temperature, internal and external structure, composition, and evolution. Some of this information would be difficult or impossible to obtain any other way. In many cases, it is the nature of the variability that provides the clues to the answers. This information can then be used to understand other stars.

Variable stars continue to play a crucial role in our understanding of the universe. Cepheid variables have played a major part in determining distances to far-away galaxies and determining the age of the Universe. Mira variables give us a glimpse into the future evolution of our own star, the Sun. Accretion disks in cataclysmic variables help us to understand larger scale disk behavior, like the activity inside active galaxies with supermassive black holes. Supernovae have led us to the surprising realization that the expansion of the Universe is accelerating. Even the search for extra-terrestrial life is illuminated by variable stars. Transiting extrasolar planets provide clues into the processes of planetary formation, and the very stuff of life as we know it is made of comes from the hearts of stars that explode in the final stages of their evolution.

The AAVSO International Database

The AAVSO International Database has nearly 25 million variable star observations going back over one hundred years. It is the largest and most comprehensive digital variable star database in the world. Over 1,000,000 new variable star brightness measurements are added to the database every year by over 900 observers from all over the world.

Quality

The AAVSO International Database is not only the largest but also the highest quality database available to researchers. The AAVSO and its technical staff spend more time and resources on database maintenance and quality control than any other organization of its kind.

Quality control begins before the observation is even made. Extensive training materials are sent to new AAVSO observers and a large section of the AAVSO website is designed

specifically for observing techniques. We also have a thriving group of volunteers devoted to revising and developing new sequences for variable stars. The AAVSO holds two meetings per year where members come together to discuss their observing strategies, compare results, and much more. Workshops are routinely held at these meetings, bringing the best professionals in the field in contact with the observers. Since 2000, workshops have been held on CCD imaging, Eclipsing Binary star observing, GRB afterglow hunting, data mining, and data analysis. The AAVSO also has an active mentoring program for new observers.

We have data entry error checks at every stage in the process. Our on-line data entry tool WebObs runs error checking routines which automatically identify the most common data entry errors. In addition, every month we review observations using both human scrutiny and automated programs to look for misidentifications, typos, and any other errors. The best check, however, is the observers themselves who check their own submitted data by using the many tools the AAVSO makes available: Light Curve Generator, WebObs Search, and our Zapper application which lets volunteers highlight questionable observations and bring them to the attention of AAVSO staff. All revisions to the database are themselves tracked, and no observation is ever discarded without thorough checking.

Observers

The AAVSO International Database would not exist without the dedication, tireless effort, and enthusiasm of thousands of variable star observers. Our observers come from all over the world. Over two-thirds of AAVSO observers contributing data come from outside of the United States.

Thanks to this broad network of observers we have coverage across most time zones and latitudes regardless of weather or other regional disruptions.

To make it easier for the widely-scattered AAVSO members and observers to gather together in person, the AAVSO meetings held every spring or summer take place in different parts of the United States or, as often as possible, in different countries.

The AAVSO receives observations from members of other variable star observing associations around the world for inclusion in the AAVSO International Database and dissemination to the astronomical community worldwide. These observations are sent regularly by the group leader/representative



Mary Glennon, AAVSO member-observer since 1999

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or directly by the group members themselves. The AAVSO values these fruitful, mutually beneficial collaborations, and truly appreciates the ongoing efforts of everyone involved in working together for the benefit of the astronomical community.

Access

Observations from the AAVSO International Database are available to anyone at anytime, a free resource for the global scientific community. For raw observations, simply fill out our online request form. For access to light curves, use our Light Curve Generator which works in all browsers (you do not need JAVA or any special plug-ins), and for really quick access to recent data, use the QuickLook utility on our website. Our online systems are instantly updated every time data are submitted to the AAVSO.

Observing Variable Stars

Astronomy is a unique science that cannot be studied in a typical laboratory setting here on Earth. Instead, astronomers turn their attention and telescopes to the sky in order to study their subjects. Since professional astronomers often do not have the telescope time needed to follow a particular star or group of stars, the dedication of amateur astronomers is often an invaluable means of collecting information. Nowhere is this more true than in the field of variable star astronomy. Since 1911, thousands of amateur astronomers from all over the world and from all backgrounds have contributed observations, one at a time, to make up the over 24 million data points housed in the AAVSO International Database!

Anyone can be a variable star observer. All you really need to begin observing are:

- your unaided eyes, a pair of binoculars, or a telescope
- some variable star charts to help you navigate your way through the sky
- some basic instructions
- a little patience

For those interested in observing activity on our closest star, the Sun, or a particular type of variable, such as the Eclipsing Binary or RR Lyrae type stars, or if hunting for novae, supernovae, or optical counterparts to energetic Gamma-Ray Bursts strikes your fancy, we have observing programs designed to help satisfy your appetite.

The AAVSO Mentor Program is available to all observers to assist newcomers in the methods and techniques of visual variable star observation, as well as CCD, PEP, and DSLR observation.



Msgr. Ron Royer, AAVSO member observer since 1953

Services to Astronomy

The AAVSO provides a wide range of services to the astronomical community. AAVSO International Database data are disseminated extensively to astronomers around the world, upon request, and are freely available from the AAVSO website. AAVSO data and services have been used, referenced, and acknowledged in hundreds of professional astronomical publications.



Mario Motta, M.D., AAVSO President, and an AAVSO member-observer since 1985, at his 32-inch telescope in Gloucester, Mass.

Services to Astronomers

AAVSO services are sought by astronomers for the following purposes:

- real-time, up-to-date information on unusual stellar activity
- scheduling of variable star observing programs coordinating earth-based large telescopes and instruments aboard satellites
- simultaneous optical observations of program stars and immediate notification of their activity during earth-based or satellite observing programs
- correlation of AAVSO optical data with spectroscopic, photometric, and polarimetric multi-wavelength data
- collaborative statistical analysis of stellar behavior using long-term AAVSO data

Collaboration between the AAVSO and professional astronomers for real-time information or simultaneous optical observations has enabled the successful execution of hundreds of observing programs using satellites such as:

- Hubble Space Telescope
- Chandra X-Ray Observatory
- Spitzer Space Telescope
- XMM-Newton X-Ray Observatory
- Extreme Ultraviolet Explorer
- High Energy Astronomical Observatories 1 and 2
- International Ultraviolet Explorer
- Roentgen Satellite
- European X-Ray Observatory Satellite
- High Precision Parallax Collecting Satellite (HIPPARCOS)



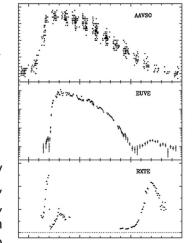
AAVSO services have been used by researchers affiliated with such satellites as Chandra, XXM, RXTE, FUSE, HST, Spitzer, and many more

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A significant number of rare events have been observed with these satellites as a result of timely notification by the AAVSO.

In recent years, the SWIFT satellite has been sending real-time notification to ground-based observers in the AAVSO High-Energy Network to alert them of Gamma-Ray Bursts (GRBs). Several GRB optical afterglows have been detected by AAVSO observers. In this way, AAVSO observers are contributing to cutting-edge, high-energy astrophysics.

With the outburst detected by AAVSO Observers, simultaneous AAVSO visual, EUVE, and RXTE observations of SS Cygni were triggered, providing astronomers with important information about the behavior of dwarf novae (from Wheatley et al. 2003, MNRAS, 345, 49)



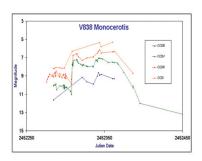
Services to Observers and Members

The AAVSO enables variable star observers to contribute vitally to variable star astronomy by accepting their observations, incorporating them into the AAVSO International Database, publishing them, and making them available to research astronomers. Incorporating an observer's observations into

the AAVSO archives means that future researchers will have access to those observations, so the observer is contributing to the science of the future as well as the present.

The AAVSO coordinates observing campaigns between professional and amateur astronomers, in which observations from amateur astronomers play an important role in correlating observations obtained with special instruments at earth-based observatories or aboard satellites.

On request, the AAVSO will help set up an appropriate observing program for an individual, an astronomy club, an elementary school, a high school, college, and so forth. In this way observers, students, and faculty are able to make the best use of their resources to do valuable science. The AAVSO can also assist in teaching observing techniques and in suggesting stars to be included in a program through the AAVSO Mentor Program.



Education and Outreach

The AAVSO believes that Education and Outreach are important to our mission:

- to attract, train, and retain new variable star observers and members of all ages
- to increase awareness, understanding, and appreciation of variable star astronomy and variable star observing among amateur and professional astronomers, educators, students, and the general public
- to improve science education and literacy through the unique power of variable stars and variable star observing to motivate students young and old.

Projects, Programs, and Activities

The AAVSO Writers Bureau offers variable star and topical astronomy content on a monthly basis to editors of astronomy club and society newsletters. This gives us the chance to inform the public about the fascinating objects we study, as well as the science and research being done, while providing reliable, accurate information to newsletter editors who may lack the time or expertise to write or vet articles for publication.



The AAVSO has much experience in hosting successful educational lectures such as the series of High-Energy Astrophysics Workshops for Amateur Astronomers

The AAVSO Mentor Program connects experienced observers with new observers to assist them in observing, recording, and reporting observations of variable stars to the AAVSO International Database.

The Speakers Bureau is a service established for people and groups looking for enthusiastic, knowledgeable speakers to provide informative presentations for astronomy clubs, star parties, banquets, Scout Troops, Astronomy Day activities, and other public and private astronomy functions.

Our Presentation Library contains POWERPOINT™ presentations on variable stars, observing techniques, and other astronomical topics. These are available free to the public to use in making your own presentations.

Gary Poyner, AAVSO member-observer since 1991, with his 14-inch telescope

1. About the AAVSO

Variable Star Astronomy (VSA) is an AAVSO educational project, originally developed as Hands-On Astrophysics (HOA) with funds from the National Science Foundation. It is a flexible set of hands-on educational materials, activities, and investigations based on the AAVSO's unique electronic database of variable star measurements. Students will be able to experience the excitement of doing real science with real data! By carrying out all aspects of the research process, they can develop and integrate skills in science, math, computing, and other areas. VSA has been converted to a web-based format and is available via the AAVSO website (http://www.avso.org/education/vsa).



On January 28, 2010, AAVSO memberobservers Barbara Harris (left) and Shawn Dvorak (right) detected a rare outburst of the recurrent nova U Scorpii, which set in motion satellite observations by the Hubble Space Telescope, Swift gamma-ray satellite, and the Spitzer Space Telescope.

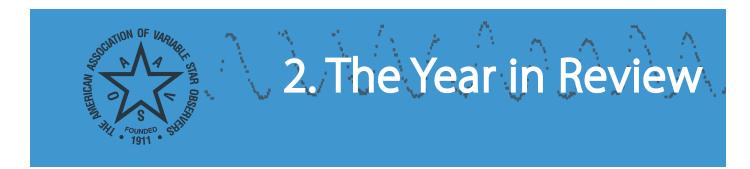
VStar is the Java software that accompanies the activities for VSA. Developed by volunteer David Benn as part of the Citizen Sky project, which had funding from the National Science Foundation, to replace the HOA DOS software, multi-platform VStar has evolved into a very powerful yet easy-to-use variable star data visualization and analysis tool. Data for a star can be read from the AAVSO database, from a text file of your own creation, or from other databases via a plug-in.



Glenn Chaple, AAVSO memberobserver since 1980



Bill Goff, an AAVSO observer since 1981. His telescope is a Planewave 20" CDK with an Apogee U9 camera.



Introduction

This year, the AAVSO held two major meetings, the Spring Meeting in Boone, North Carolina, and the Annual Meeting in Woburn, Massachusetts. The 102nd Spring Meeting was held May 17–18 at Appalachian State University, and the Spring Council meeting was held May 16. The 102nd Annual Meeting was held October 11–12 at the Woburn-Hilton Hotel, and the Annual Council meeting was held October 10.

Minutes of the 102nd Spring Meeting of the AAVSO, Held May 16–18, 2013, Boone, North Carolina

Gary Walker, Secretary

Thursday, May 16, 2013—Council meeting

The Council met at the Boone Holiday Inn Express. Along with the ordinary business items including the Secretary's Report and the Treasurer's Report, the agenda included a short version of the Director's Report to the Membership that was to be given at the Membership Meeting.

In his Grants report, Director Arne Henden reported that we had not been awarded any new grants. Five grant proposals were still active; no decisions have been made regarding any of them. The effects of Sequestration were affecting these potential awards as well as those to the whole astronomical community. Donna Young's Chandra grant is funded by mission EPO funds and is not expected to be affected.

The Director's Semiannual Report to Council included details regarding membership, observation totals for the AAVSO International Database, updates on AAVSOnet assets and their deployment, Bright Star Monitor (BSM) projects, APASS progress, outcomes from recent travel, future travel plans, observing campaigns, the next Janet Mattei Fellow, and the AAVSO CCD School scheduled for July 2014.

Treasurer Tim Hager presented the Treasurer's Report, which included the current totals for the endowment (\$13.089 million/end April), operational expenses at \$733 K versus

the year-end plan of \$1.399 million. He also reported the current paid membership count at around 1,050.

Dr. Arne Henden presented a status report on 2GSS (2nd Generation Sky Survey, formerly PSSST (Photometric Small Synoptic Survey Telescope)): the spherical aberration in the first telescope has not yet been resolved by the camera supplier, and the second telescope was delivered in December 2012. This project, which is funded by The Ayers Research Organization, will provide nightly coverage of the entire sky down to magnitude 17 in V and I.

The Director reiterated the benefits of AAVSOnet, the AAVSO's global network of robotic telescopes. The opportunities the various aspects of AAVSOnet provide include training for our non-professional astronomical staff, a research facility for professional staff, an experimentation facility, demonstration to the outside community of the value of small telescopes, a means to enable visual members to try CCD observing without making a financial investment, and members' use of research-grade facilities at no cost. Since it is run at no cost to HQ, volunteers and donations are key. The Director noted that, as an indication of the success of APASS (AAVSO Photometric All-Sky Survey) and AAVSOnet, the U.S. Naval Observatory included APASS data in its *Fourth United States Naval Observatory (USNO) CCD Astrograph Catalog* (UCAC4). UCAC4, published in 2012, is a high-density, highly accurate astrometric catalogue of over 113 million stars covering the entire sky, providing multicolor photometry, including values from APASS Data Release 6, for all stars, and proper motions for over 105 million stars.

Dr. Arne Henden reported that many of our tools, particularly the Variable Star Index (VSX), Light Curve Generator (LCG), and VPHOT are in need of support. The first two are just showing their age and need updating, while VPHOT has been a volunteer effort by its creator, Geir Klingenberg, who now has new duties and is finding it increasingly difficult to provide support. Arne agreed to work on a plan to address these items.

The council also voted to make the theme of the 2013 Annual Meeting the issues dealing with Large-Scale Astronomical Surveys and how AAVSO should support them.

Council also discussed Budget options. We are seeing the effects of the five-year rule and 2014 will be a difficult year. Options were presented and Council gave a sense of their reaction to each of the items.

The Council meeting was adjourned at 6:30 p.m. by President Mario Motta.

Thursday, May 16, 2013—Dinner for New Meeting Attendees

The Spring meeting started on Thursday evening with a dinner for new meeting attendees and AAVSO staff. Those AAVSOers attending their first AAVSO meeting had the chance to meet some of the AAVSO staff and vice versa before the full meeting began. This way the new attendees would know some of the friendly faces they would encounter the next morning and who to ask logistical questions of during the meeting, and the staff would have a better idea of the interests of the first-timers so they could facilitate their connecting with like-minded experienced attendees.

Friday, May 17, 2013

After a complimentary hot breakfast at the hotel in Boone, attendees were transported by shuttle buses to the Chemistry, Astronomy, and Physics Building at Appalachian State University. After registration, the meeting was opened at 9 a.m. by our host, ASU Dark Sky Observatory Engineer Lee Hawkins. Three scientific paper sessions were held during the day. Dan Caton spoke on "The Astronomer Who Came in from the Cold: The Evolution of Observing Variable Stars Over Three Decades at ASU's Dark Sky Observatory," Matthew Templeton on the "AAVSO High-Energy Network: Past and Present," Jeno Sokoloski on "Working Together to Understand Novae," Gary Walker on "Kalman Filtering and Variable Stars," Mike Simonsen on the "Z CamPaign Year Four," and Arne Henden on "Late-time Observations of Novae."

The scientific paper sessions were followed by a very interesting and impressive tour of the ASU GOTO Astronomy Laboratory, which, with its sixteen large, fork-mounted Celestron telescopes and other equipment, is an amazing on-campus student resource.



The spring meeting attendees inspect ASU's battery of Celestrons and other equipment

Nothing had been officially scheduled for Friday evening, but during the day it was realized that the newest Star Trek film, "Into Darkness," was opening in Boone that night. The college vans were drafted, and the crowd trouped to a Mexican restaurant for dinner and then to the theater to enjoy an evening of stellar entertainment.

Saturday, May 18, 2013

After shuttling to the Chemistry, Astronomy, and Physics Building, the Membership Meeting was called to order at 9:30 a.m. and a warm welcome was given by Rebecca Turner. Gary Walker gave the Secretary's Report and Tim Hager gave the Treasurer's Report, which were approved. Director Arne Henden reported on deceased members and friends of the AAVSO: Len Abbey Jr., Martha Stahr Carpenter, Frederick E. Ellis Sr., Douglas Hall, Samuel Hellenbrand, Dale Kinne, Edwin Hubert Morris, Jorge Sahade, William Shawcross, Giovanni Sostero, and Arline Otto Waagen. The membership stood for a moment of silence.

Director Arne Henden gave his Semiannual Report to the Membership, reporting that we were in the middle of another excellent year. As of this meeting, there were 23.5 million observations in the AAVSO International Database and that number is increasing at 1.5 million observations per year. Currently, about 25% of the observations are visual and 75% are CCD. Arne reported that we have about 1,050 members who have paid their current dues, not including those that have been carried even though they did not pay in the past.

Arne then reported that we have five AAVSOnet telescopes online (W30, OC61, TMO61, BSM-South, and SRO); some others which had been online, such as BSM, are being installed in their new locations and will be back online as soon as possible.



The Spring meeting attendees

AAVSO awards were announced by Arne, with AAVSO Variable Star Observer Awards to 74 AAVSO observers worldwide. Shawn Dvorak was present to receive his award for contributing over 400,000 CCD observations. Arne then presented the AAVSO Director's Award for 2013 to John Gross, Manager of Sonoita Robotic Observatory, for his tireless energy in operating SRO as part of AAVSOnet, upgrading AAVSOnet software there, and for his work on APASS. The Director gave a huge thanks to all the volunteers, hundreds of observers, writers of blogs and forum posts, supporters of the various AAVSO Funds, and members of Council and Headquarters staff. Long-time AAVSO member-observer and former AAVSO officer Marv Baldwin cited Arne Henden for all he has done for the organization, and relayed a big "Thank You," which was soundly echoed by the attendees. The membership meeting was adjourned around noon and a group photo was taken.

Rebecca Turner opened the afternoon scientific paper session at 2 p.m. John Martin spoke on "Periodic Brightness Fluctuations in the 2012 outburst of SN 2009ip," Gary Walker on a multicolor-photometry study of the "Color of the Night Sky", Donald Collins on "Observations of an Eclipse of Bright Star b Per by the Third Star in February 2013," Marco Ciocca on "Datamining the OGLE Database for Eclipsing Binary Stars," David Turner on "Deriving Definitive Parameters for the Long Period Variable S Vul," and Mike Simonsen on "Astronomy: Hobby or Obsession." The paper session was adjourned at 4:30 p.m., after which attendees returned to the hotel.

The weather, which had been hot and steamy, turned wet, and through thunderstorm deluges, attendees traveled by bus up the mountain to the ASU Dark Ridge Observatory for an informal BBQ Banquet (amazingly dry under a large tent on the grounds). While the dining area was prepared via a collaborative effort, a tour of the observatory was given to everyone. Dinner was excellent, enhanced by local brews produced by students in the ASU Fermentation Studies program and generously shared by one of their instructors. Unfortunately, the scheduled after-banquet observing was precluded by the unremitting thunder, lightning, rain, and fog, and everyone was grateful to arrive safely back at the hotel following a nail-biting bus trip down the mountain. The next morning attendees not driving were shuttled back to the Charlotte airport for their flights home. Despite Saturday evening's weather, everyone enjoyed the meeting very much.

Papers and Posters Presented at the 102nd Spring Meeting, Boone, North Carolina, May 16–18, 2013

"The Astronomer Who Came in from the Cold: The evolution of observing variable stars over three decades at Appalachian State's Dark Sky Observatory"

Dan Caton

"Working Together to Understand Novae" Jeno Sokoloski

"The AAVSO High Energy Network: Past and Present" Matthew Templeton

"Kalman Filtering and Variable Stars" Gary Walker

"The Z CamPaign Year Four"
Mike Simonsen

"Late-time Observations of Novae" Arne Henden

"Periodic Brightness Fluctuations in the 2012 Ouburst of SN 2009ip" John Martin

"Color of the Night Sky" Gary Walker

"Observations of an Eclipse of bright star b [not β] Persei by the Third Star in February 2013"

Donald F. Collins

"Data mining the OGLE database for eclipsing binary stars" Marco Ciocca

"Deriving Definitive Parameters for the Long Period Cepheid S Vulpeculae" David Turner

"Astronomy: Hobby or Obsession?"
Mike Simonsen

Deceased Members, Observers, and Colleagues

Abbey, Leonard B., Jr., Georgia Carpenter, Martha E. Stahr, Virginia Ellis, Frederick E., Washington Hall, Douglas S., Tennessee Hellenbrand, Samuel H., New York Kinne, Dale R., New York Moore, Sir Patrick, Great Britain Morris, Edwin H., Alabama Sahade, Jorge, Argentina Shawcross, William E., Massachusetts Sostero, Giovanni, Italy Waagen, Arline O., Massachusetts

AAVSO Director's Award Recipient

Director Arne Henden presented the AAVSO Director's Award for 2013 to John Gross of Tucson, Arizona, in recognition of his continued support of the Sonoita Robotic Observatory, the key telescope in AAVSOnet. John has contributed his time and money to this project, keeping the system running nearly continuously for over eight years. In addition, John has provided countless hours of volunteer programming time to AAVSOnet, helping many sites through the software integration process, including the two newest telescopes (OC61 and TMO61).



John Gross (GQJ) received the AAVSO Director's Award

AAVSO Observer Awards (presented or announced at the 102nd Spring Meeting, Boone, North Carolina, May 16–18, 2013

Award/recipient	Affiliation**	Country	Interval	Total	
Over 125,000 Visual Observations*					
Peter Williams	29	Australia	1989–2011	134,630	
Over 50,000 Visual Observ	vations*				
Marino Fonovich		Croatia	1991–2012	50,374	
Over 25,000 Visual Observ	Over 25,000 Visual Observations*				
Andrew Pearce	14	Australia	1990–2012	25,764	
Adam Derdzikowski		Poland	2003–2012	25,086	
Over 10,000 Visual Observ	Over 10,000 Visual Observations*				
Istvan Tepliczky	03	Hungary	1999–2011	12,597	
Thomas Lloyd Evans	20	England	1999–2012	10,312	
Bill Wilson		England	1973–2012	10,087	
Over 1,000 Visual Observa	ations*				
Larry A. Wade		USA	1999–2011	2,877	
Bruno Billiaert	05	Belgium	1997-2012	2,815	
Peter Brock		England	2011-2012	2,686	
Jean-Louis Fis	01	France	1992-2012	2,651	
Anton Khruslov		Russia	2011-2012	1,644	
Gustav Holmberg		Sweden	2011–2012	1,369	
Jean-Pierre Sciolla	01	France	2009-2012	1,135	
Szilard Teichner	03	Hungary	1988–2012	1,133	
Angelito D. Sing		Philippines	2007-2012	1,006	
Douglas L. Smith		USA	2012–2012	1,003	
Over 100 Visual Observations*					
Johan Warell	19	Sweden	2012-2012	724	
James Whinfrey		England	2011–2012	385	
Chris P. Maloney		USA	2012-2012	314	
Glen R. Chapman		USA	2011–2012	278	
Jim M. Ketchum		USA	2011–2012	239	
Giuseppe M. Bertani		Italy	2011–2012	214	

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Observer Awards, cont.

Award/recipient	Affiliation**	Country	Interval	Total	
Nikolaj Stritof		Slovenia	1983–2011	208	
Marc-Andre Bedard		Canada	2011-2012	177	
Douglas A. Fowler		USA	2012-2012	173	
Marcus Jansson		Sweden	2012-2012	139	
Robert G. MacPhail		Canada	2012-2012	136	
Jon F. M. Brandie		China	2011–2012	132	
Jean-Marie Llapassat	01	France	2001–2012	128	
Ireneusz Lubiszewski		Poland	2011–2012	120	
Richard B. Potter		USA	2004-2012	116	
Athanasios Douvris		Greece	2005–2012	112	
Over 500,000 CCD Observations*					
Franz-Josef Hambsch	05	Belgium	2002–2012	534,473	
Over 400,000 CCD Observa	ations*	USA	1981–2012	417,932	
0 200 000 CCD OI	. * *				
Over 200,000 CCD Observa	otions* 01	France	2005–2012	208,212	
Over 100,000 CCD Observa	ations*				
James L. Jones		USA	2003–2012	120,390	
Over 50,000 CCD Observat	tions*				
Peter J. Starr		Australia	2005-2012	66,113	
Jeremy Shears	20	England	2004-2011	58,596	
Colin Littlefield		USA	2009-2012	54,728	
James Roe		USA	1972–2012	51,437	
Over 10,000 CCD Observations*					
Joseph H. Ulowetz		USA	2010-2011	37,400	
Margaret Streamer	29	Australia	2002-2012	25,359	
Marlin G. Costello		USA	2009-2012	18,190	
Massimiliano Martigno	ni 18	Italy	2000-2012	16,953	
David J. W. Moriarty		Australia	2011–2012	13,868	
David Cejudo Fernando	ez	Spain	2010-2012	13,295	
-		-	continued	on next page	

Observer Awards, cont.

Award/recipient	Affiliation**	Country	Interval	Total
Kevin Alton		USA	2004–2012	12,648
Timo J. Kantola		Finland	2012-2012	11,123
Gary Poyner		England	1991–2012	10,278
Over 1,000 CCD Observat	tions*			
Ivan Sergey		Belarus	2003-2012	8,849
John W. Rock		England	2012-2012	7,779
Leonid Tkachook		Ukraine	2012-2012	4,149
Juan-Luis Gonzalez Ca	arballo 07	Spain	2001-2012	4,099
James A. Boardman		USA	2012-2012	3,991
John C. Moore	20	England	2009-2011	3,585
Adrianus G. A. Van De	r Hoeven	Netherlands	2012-2012	2,930
Robert J. Modic		USA	1994-2012	2,842
Miguel Muro Serrano		Spain	2012-2012	2,649
Gustav Holmberg		Sweden	2012-2012	2,420
Rolf Carstens		New Zealand	2011-2012	1,754
Istvan Kovacs	03	Hungary	1981–2010	1,597
Wolfgang Vollmann		Austria	1976-2012	1,320
Rafael Benavides Pale	ncia	Spain	2007-2012	1,244
David Whelan		USA	2006-2012	1,219
Robert Wahlstrom	19	Sweden	2005-2012	1,142
Robert Riordan		USA	2012-2012	1,117
Marian Urbanik		Slovakia	2012-2012	1,097
Stan Howerton		USA	2007-2011	1,083
Marc Serreau	01	France	2010-2012	1,078
Daniel Zaharevitz		USA	2012–2012	1,019
Over 100 PEP Observatio	ns*			
Giorgio Di Scala		Australia	2004–2012	166

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Observer Awards, cont.

* Years include total AAVSO observing interval (not only PEP/CCD/PTG/DSLR observing). Yotal includes only visual or PEP/CCD/PTG/DSLR observations, depending on award.

- **These symbols indicate observers are also affiliated with the groups below:
- 01 Association Française des Observateurs d'Étoiles Variables (AFOEV)
- 03 Magyar Csillagàszati Egyesület, Valtózocsillag Szakcsoport (Hungary)
- 05 Vereniging Voor Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Belgium)
- 07 Asociacion de Variabilistas de Espagne (Spain)
- 13 Brazilian Observational Network REA
- 14 Royal Astronomical Society of New Zealand, Variable Star Section
- 18 Unione Astrofili Italiani (Italy)
- 19 Svensk Amator Astronomisk Forening, variabelsektionen (Sweden)
- 20 British Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section
- 29 Variable Stars South (New Zealand)

Minutes of the 102nd Annual Meeting of the AAVSO, Held October 11–12, 2013, Woburn, Massachusetts

Gary Walker, Secretary

Thursday, October 10, 2013—Council meeting

The Council met at the Woburn Hilton, courtesy of Councilors Donn Starkey and Roger Kolman, who covered the costs of using the hotel space for the day. Along with the regular business items including the Secretary's Report and the Treasurer's Report, the agenda included a short version of the Director's Report to be given at the Membership Meeting.

The Director's Annual Report to Council included details regarding current membership, observation totals for the AAVSO International Database, updates on AAVSOnet assets and their deployment, a Development report, an update on existing grants and pending proposals, the status of Bright Star Monitor (BSM) projects, current APASS and 2nd Generation Synoptic Survey (2GSS) progress, outcomes from recent collaborations, future travel plans, and many other projects.

Director Arne Henden reported that we were successful in obtaining funding for: a workshop to create a DSLR User's Manual (a Citizen Sky supplemental grant), Jeno Sokoloski's proposal to observe and analyze novae that would involve AAVSO observers and staff, extension through September 2015 of Donna Young's grant for Chandra Education and Public Outreach support, an APASS operating funds grant, and the Las Cumbras Observatory Global Telescope Network (LCOGTN) Red Extension grant for APASS. Additional grant applications are in process.

Treasurer Tim Hager presented the Treasurer's Report. The report included the current totals for the endowment (\$12.754 million), and operational expenses at \$1,410,791 for the 2013 year. Estimates of Endowment withdrawal for the year were reported at \$628K vs. a plan of \$620K. Timing issues affected the final numbers, and the Budget Committee is working on this issue and will report at a future meeting.

Mike Simonsen gave the Development Report. He presented the AAVSO's plan for an Annual Campaign. He also reported 79 new members had joined the organization, for a total paying membership of nearly 1,100.

Discussions were held in Council on the: locations of future meetings in the midwest, IRS 990 form, review process for the Director, Investment Committee report, and Programs

Committee report. The number one action item from the Programs Survey sent to the membership was to reduce the error level in the CCD data submitted to the AAVSO International Database. Arne Henden offered to work individually with observers in the V339 Del and XZ Cet campaigns to assess their data and guide them in reducing their error; those who took advantage of this opportunity have already started to improve the scientific value of their data. A full report of nine other prioritized items will be distributed to the membership by the Programs Committee.



The AAVSO Council for 2013–2014: (front row) Kristine Larsen, Mario Motta, Tim Hager, Arne Henden, Jeno Sokoloski, Ed Guinan; (back row) Kevin Paxson, Bob Stine, Donn Starkey, Roger Kolman, John Martin, Gary Walker, and David Turner

Mario Motta gave the report for the Director Search Committee, saying that twelve applications had been received, and that interviews and selection will occur in 2014, with the plan to have the new Director in place by January 2015 to overlap with Arne for two months.

The following officers were elected: Jennifer (Jeno) Sokoloski, President; Jim Bedient, 1st Vice President; Kristine Larson, 2nd Vice President; Tim Hager, Treasurer; and Gary Walker, Secretary.

The Council meeting was adjourned at 6 p.m. by Mario Motta.

Thursday, October 10, 2013—Dinner for New Meeting Attendees

For first-time meeting attendees the Annual meeting started early. On Thursday evening a dinner for new meeting attendees and AAVSO staff was held at a local restaurant. Three AAVSOers attending their first AAVSO meeting had the chance to meet several of the AAVSO staff and vice versa before the full meeting began. Gianluca Rossi, attending from Rome, Italy, had his family with him, which was very nice.

Friday, October 11, 2013

The full Annual Meeting, whose theme was "The Role of Amateur Astronomers in the Age of Large-Scale Surveys," started on Friday morning with Registration and a hot breakfast buffet which was enjoyed by all. Rebecca Turner chaired the four scientific paper sessions, which began at 9 a.m.

Speakers at the Surveys paper session I included Ed Guinan on "Photometry of Bright Variable Stars from Space with the BRITE Constellation Nano-Satellites: Opportunities for Amateur Astronomers to Participate" (invited talk) and Arne Henden on "Using the Transient Surveys."

After a coffee break, Surveys paper session II included speakers Katrien Kolenberg on "Kepler and the RR Lyr Stars," Doug Welch on "A Study of RR1 Light Curve Modulation in OGLE-III Bulge Time-series," and Geoff Clayton on "Two Centuries of Observing R CrB: What Will the Role of the AAVSO Be in the Next Century?"

After lunch, General paper session I included a talk by Pierre de Ponthière on "A Multi-Longitude Observation Campaign on KV Cnc, an RR Lyr Star with Irregular Blazhko Modulations," George Silvis on "The Eggen Card Project," Rodney Howe on "AAVSO Visual Sunspot Observations vs. SDO HMI Sunspot Catalog," and Matthew Templeton and Elizabeth Waagen on "Unpredictable LPVs: Stars Dropped from the AAVSO Bulletin."



Pierre de Ponthière, Bob Stine, and Donn Starkey at the Annual Meeting



John Martin and David Turner at the Annual Meeting

After breaking for refreshments, General paper session II included a paper by Mike Simonsen on "Z Cam Stars in the Twenty-first Century" and one by David Turner on "Aperture Fever and the Quality of AAVSO Visual Estimates: Mu Cep as an Example."

Friday evening was left unscheduled for attendees to have time for smaller meetings and socializing.

Saturday, October 12, 2013

Breakfast and Registration were followed by the Membership meeting, which was called to order at 9 a.m. and attendees welcomed by AAVSO President Mario Motta. Gary Walker gave the Secretary's Report and Tim Hager gave the Treasurer's Report, which were approved. A budget for 2014 was presented which will withdraw \$620,000 from the earnings of the Endowment. This amount is within the 5% limit specified by the Council.



Mike Simonsen and Sebastian Otero at the Annual Meeting

Director Arne Henden reported on deceased members and friends of the AAVSO: Louis Cohen, Arthur Cox, Margherita Hack, Albert Jones, Hilde Luft, Giuliano Romano, Emile Schweitzer, and Arline Waagen. The membership stood for a moment of silence.

Kevin Marvel reported for the Director Search Committee and outlined the process that will be followed, which includes review of the job description, announcement of the position, review of applications, phone interviews, development of a short list, inperson interviews with those on the short list, individual short-list candidate visits to Headquarters and meetings with the staff, determination of ranking of final short list, individual interviews of ranked finalists with Council, and Council's selection of final candidate, followed by negotiation and hiring.

Director Arne Henden reported that we have over 23 million observations in the AAVSO International Database as it continues its exponential rise. As in recent years, the observations received in 2012-2013 are approximately 25% visual and 75% CCD. Membership increased during the year, with two-thirds of new members coming from the USA and one-third other countries. AAVSO members current in their dues now total nearly 1,100.

Arne followed with a summary of the status of currently funded grants as follows: a workshop to create a DSLR User's Manual funded and scheduled for March 2013, Jeno Sokoloski's novae grant funded, a no-cost extension to the MOST Orion YSOs grant approved, a no-cost extension to the grant studying low-frequency photometric variability in Miras approved, funding for Chandra E/PO extended through September 2015, APASS Ayers operation funds grant funded, LCOGTN Red Extension grant for APASS funded. Upcoming proposal submission topics include: APASS, AAVSO's online observer education CHOICE courses, a Major Research Instrumentation proposal regarding 2GSS, a Transforming Undergraduate Education in Science (TUES) proposal related to AAVSOnet, and a TUES proposal with Travis Rector related to VPHOT and spectra. Please see the Minutes of the Council meeting above for details on some of these grants.

President Mario Motta announced that Chryssa Kouveliotou, David Turner, Roger Kolman, and Doug Welch were elected to two-year terms on the AAVSO Council. The membership meeting adjourned at 10:45 a.m. and the group photo was taken.

Following a coffee break, everyone reconvened for an awards session. Director Arne Henden announced AAVSO Digitizer Awards for Bruno Billiaert at the 5,000 observations digitized level and for Kevin Paxson, who was present to receive his award, at the 60,000 observations digitized level. AAVSO Solar Observer Awards were announced for 17 Sunspot observers and four SID observers. Gerry Dyck was present to receive his award for 2,000 Sunspot observations.

A non-AAVSO award was then presented. The 2013 recipient of the Astronomical League's Leslie Peltier Award for observational contributions to astronomy was longtime AAVSO member and observer John E. Bortle. John was not able to attend the AL meeting at which the award was announced, so arrangements were made for the presentation to be made to him at the AAVSO Annual meeting. AL President Carroll lorg presented John with the Peltier Award plaque and invited John to make comments. Unfortunately John was suffering from severe laryngitis and so was able to make only a few remarks. Over thirty recipients of the Peltier Award are longtime



Astronomical League President Carroll lorg (center) presents long-time AAVSO member and observer John Bortle with the AL's prestigious Peltier Award as AAVSO Director Arne Henden looks on

AAVSO members/observers, and several were present in the audience, including Peltier Award Committee Chair Roger Kolman and Peltier Committee member Barry Beaman. The recipients came forward to share in a toast to John with Peltier Station wine (a California winery, no apparent relation to Leslie Peltier) that Roger and his family had found in their travels.

Before breaking for lunch, attendees presented brief introductions on their posters, which were on display all day. Ed Los spoke about "The DASCH Public Data Release," George Silvis about "Coding the Eggen Cards," Vanessa Swenton about "Identification of Cepheid Variables in ASAS Data," Jessica Johnson about "Identification of BY Dra Variable Stars Among ASAS Cepheid Candidates," and Rodney Howe on behalf of Brian Mason about a "Summer Student Solar Observing Project Determining the Sunspot Number."



AAVSO members who attended the meeting who have won the Astronomical League's Peltier Award, with AL President Carroll lorg. From left: John Bortle, Gerry Samolyk, Barry Beaman, Richard Berry, Carroll lorg, Mike Simonsen, Arne Henden, Roger Sinnott, Elizabeth Waagen, and Roger Kolman

After lunch а session presentations by former Peltier Award winners took place. Mike Simonsen spoke about Leslie Peltier and his contributions and how Leslie had influenced his own observing life, and Richard Berry, Arne Henden, and Elizabeth Waagen each spoke about the events leading to his or her award. Other Peltier Award recipients who were present but did not speak included Gerry Samolyk and Roger Sinnott.

A coffee break followed, along with time for poster viewing and discussion. A number of Peltier Award-related photos were also taken by AL and AAVSO photographers.

At 4 p.m., invited speaker Dr. George Ricker, Director of the CCD Laboratory in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) Kavli Institute for Astrophysics and Space Research, gave the meeting's keynote address on "The Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite Mission", whose purpose is to survey nearby stars for transiting exoplanets from Earth-sized to gas giants with the goal of identifying terrestrial planets in the habitable zones. This NASA Astrophysics Explorer mission, of which Dr. Ricker is the Principal Investigator, has been selected for launch in 2017. Dr. Ricker's fascinating talk on TESS was greatly enjoyed by an enthusiastic audience.

The AAVSO Banquet was held Saturday evening at the Hilton-Woburn Hotel, beginning with a cash bar at 6:15. Prior to dinner, Michael Simonsen was presented with a five-year AAVSO Staff recognition award; Mike, a longtime member/observer, began working for the AAVSO in the areas of membership and development in November 2007, so had completed nearly six years by the end of fiscal 2002–2013. Then, the first AAVSO Table Trivia Contest was held, with each table forming a team to answer a variety of AAVSO/ astronomical questions. It definitely helped to have longtime members and observers at one's table! The winning team (the Red Giants) received much-admired AAVSO souvenir pens. Everyone then enjoyed the delicious buffet dinner and dessert bar. At the end of the evening, outgoing President Mario Motta closed the meeting and symbolically transferred the presidential gavel to incoming President Jeno Sokoloski, who had had to leave the meeting prior to the banquet. As attendees lingered talking, challenges were heard for next year's trivia contest.

Papers and Posters Presented at the 102nd Annual Meeting of the AAVSO, Held in Woburn, Massachusetts, October 11–12, 2013

Paper Session: "The Role of Amateur Astronomers in the Age of Large-Scale Surveys"

Invited Talk: "Photometry of Bright Variable Stars from Space with the BRITE Constellation Nano-Satellites: Opportunities for Amateur Astronomers to Participate"

Edward F. Guinan

"Using the Transient Surveys"
Arne A. Henden

Paper Session: "The Role of Amateur Astronomers in the Age of Large-Scale Surveys"

"Kepler and the RR Lyrae Stars" Katrien Kolenberg

"A Study of RR1 Lightcurve Modulation in OGLE-III Bulge Time-series" Douglas L. Welch

"Two Centuries of Observing R Coronae Borealis. What will the Role of the AAVSO be in the Next Century?"

Geoffrey C. Clayton

General Paper Session

"Multi-Longitude Observation Campaign of KV Cancri: an RR Lyrae Star With Irregular Blazhko Modulations"

Pierre de Ponthière

"The Eggen Card Project" George Silvis

"AAVSO visual sunspot observations vs. SDO HMI Sunspot Catalog" Rodney Howe

"Unpredictable LPVs: Stars Dropped From the AAVSO Bulletin" Matthew R. Templeton, Elizabeth O. Waagen

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papers and posters, cont.

"Z Cam Stars in the Twenty-first Century"
Mike Simonsen

"Aperture Fever and the Quality of AAVSO Visual Estimates: Mu Cephei as an Example" David G. Turner

"Summer Student Solar Observing Project determining the sun spot number" (Poster)
Brian Mason

"The DASCH Public Data Release" (Poster) Edward J. Los

"Coding the Eggen Cards" (Poster)
George Silvis

"Identification of Cepheid Variables in ASAS Data" (Poster)
Vanessa Swenton

"Identification of BY Draconis Variable Stars Among ASAS Cepheid Candidates" (Poster)
Jessica Johnson

Keynote Speech Session

Invited Guest Speaker: Dr. George R. Ricker, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts
"The Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite Mission"

Deceased Members, Observers, and Colleagues

Cohen, Louis, Massachusetts Cox, Arthur N., New Mexico Hack, Margherita, Italy Jones, Albert F. A. L., New Zealand Luft, Hilde, D., New York Romano, Giuliano, Italy Schweitzer, Emile, France AAVSO Solar Observer Awards (announced at the 102nd Annual Meeting in Woburn, Massachusetts, October 12, 2013)

Sunspot Observers

1,000 observations Timothy Hrutkay, PA Enrico Mariani, Italy

1,500 observations Clyde Simpson, OH

2,000 observations Gerald Dyck, MA

2,500 observations Michael Boschat, Canada (RASC)* Monty Leventhal, Australia

3,000 observations Franky Dubois, Belgium (VVS)* James Knight and

Shirley Knight, South Africa

Etsuiku Mochizuki, Japan Gerd-Lutz Schott,

Germany (BAV)*

Piotr Urbanski, Poland A. Gonzalo Vargas, Bolivia

3,500 observations Robert Brown, CA Tom Fleming, TX

Miyoshi Suzuki, Japan

4,500 observations German Morales Chavez, Bolivia

Sudden Ionospheric Disturbance Observers (40 or more months of reports)

Frank Adamson, Australia Susan Oatney, KS

Roberto Battaiola, Italy François Steyn, South Africa

AAVSO Digitizer Awards (presented or announced at the 102nd Annual Meeting of the AAVSO, Woburn, Massachusetts, October 12, 2013)

60,000 observations digitized 5,000 observations digitized

Kevin B. Paxson, OH Bruno Billiaert, Belgium (VVS)*

AAVSO Staff Recognition Award Recipient (presented at the 102nd Annual Meeting of the AAVSO, Woburn, Massachusetts, October 12, 2013)

Michael A. Simonsen—five years

^{*}These observers' group affiliations are as follows: BAV—Bundesdeutsche Arbeitsgemeinschaft für Veränderliche Sterne e.V. (Germany); RASC—Royal Astronomical Society of Canada; VVS—Vereniging Voor Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Belgium)

New Members 2012–2013

Allyn, Mike, Idaho Altenburg, Robert, Pennsylvania Anicetti, Carlos, California

- J Armelli, Kerianne, Ohio Ayers, Robert, California Baker, JoDee, Michigan
- J Banys, Thomas, Poland
 Barlow, Robert, Great Britain
 Bayer, Scott, California
 Bazinet, Robert, Connecticut
 Becker, Carter, Michigan
 Bell, Brandon, Colorado
 Bhattacharya, Shouvik, Nebraska
 Biersack, Mark, California
 Bolengo, Jean-Pierre, Switzerland
 Boreel, Joris, Netherlands
- S Boyle, Gavin, Great Britain Brown, Todd, Pennsylvania Buck, William, Louisiana Calis, Cagdas, Cyprus Canelhas, Jorge, Portugal Carroll, Stephen, Arkansas Cassignard, Laurent, France Caton, Daniel, North Carolina Clarasso, Carles, Spain Clinnick, Terry, Australia Cooper, Ashley, Australia Costello, Marlin, California Covey, Kevin, Arizona Cox, Johnny, South Carolina de France, Thibault, France Dean, Stephen, Great Britain
- S Dean, William, California Deren, Oskar, Poland Doktor, Ian, Canada Downing, John, California

Drzewiecki, Gary, New Jersey Duarte, Eduardo, Brazil Eaves, Martyn, Great Britain Edmiston, Steven, Louisiana Finney, Henry, New Mexico Flewelling, Heather, Hawaii Froeschlin, Christian, Netherlands Fuller, Joseph, California Glassner, Richard, Missouri Greathouse, Lee, Canada Guenther, Franklin, Maryland Hallsten, Pierre, Sweden Halstead, Terry, Oregon Hancock, Lucy, District of Columbia Haugh, Thomas, Florida Heald, Michael, APO/FPO Heiland, Leo, Arizona Herman, Kimberly, Texas Hoppes, Phillip, Arizona Huemmerich, Stefan, Germany Ishmael, David, Oregon Jahn, Jost, Germany

- S Jenkins, Robert, Australia Jordan, Brandon, Tennessee Kahle, Frank, Germany Karlsson, Thomas, Sweden
- S Kay, James, Vermont
 Kerrigan, David, Great Britain
 Kneip, Raymond, Luxembourg
 Kobetz, Paul, California
 Kohl, Michael, Switzerland
 Kostelecky, Timothy, Washington
 Krawczak, John, Minnesota
 Kristl, Joseph, Massachusetts
 Krobusek, Bruce, New York
 Kubala, Rolf, Germany

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new members, cont.

Kuzava, Ronald, Illinois Kuznetsov, Sergey, Russia

- J Langley, Charley, Utah Lawler, Jim, California Lee, Darrell, Texas Loyola, Benito, Virginia Mansdahl, Bjorn, Sweden
- S Marchesini, Danilo, Massachusetts Martin, Talia, Rhode Island
- S Marttila, Ville, Finland McCammon, John, Colorado McGill, Stewart, Florida McGinn, George, Florida
- McGinn, George, Florida
 Middlemiss, Philip, New Zealand
 Miele, John, Alabama
 Mikolajczyk, Dean, Illinois
 Millward, Mervyn, Australia
 Moat, Alice, Pennsylvania
 Moffett, David, South Carolina
 Mogul, Ira, Florida
 Mraz, Frank, Florida
 Murthy, Venkatesha, California
 Nguyen, Khoa, California
 Orzechowski, Anthony, Pennsylvania
 Osman, Peter, Australia
 Paradisi Miconi, Gaetano, Italy
 Parsons, Stuart, Florida
 Pepin, Thomas, Connecticut

Osman, Peter, Australia
Paradisi Miconi, Gaetano, Italy
Parsons, Stuart, Florida
Pepin, Thomas, Connecticut
Persha, Gerald, Michigan
Peterson, Robert, Wisconsin
Phelps, Matthew, Massachusetts
Pollard, Karen, New Zealand
Porter, Malcolm, Great Britain
Powell, William, Nebraska
Powles, Jonathan, Australia
Probert, Will, New Zealand
Prokosch, Michael, Texas

Radford, Don, Australia Ramirez, Alberto, New York Ranger, Allan, Canada Redding, Terrence, Florida Rochford, Patrick, Alabama Roemer, William, Pennsylvania Rossi, Gianluca, Italy

- J Schuler, Kaleb, Louisiana Shank, Keith, Texas
- Singh, Vidya, Indiana
 Smirnov, Andrey, Russia
 Smith, Andrew, Great Britain
 Spampinato, Joseph, Pennsylvania
 Spears, Stephen, Ohio
 Steffens, Gary, Arizona
 Steiner, Ken, North Carolina
 Streamer, Margaret, Australia
 Strickland, Willie, Texas
 Suhovecky, Mark, Indiana
 Szoke, Balazs, Great Britain

Tattersall, (Ronald) Peter, Canada Tekatch, Ann, Canada Thompson, Mike, Australia Trudelle, David, Canada Tsao, Young Chiech, Taiwan Turnbull, Jess, Lithuania

Van Der Hoeven, Adrianus, Netherlands Van Wassenhove, Jeroen, Belgium Vince, Charles, Great Britain Wahlstrom, Robert, Sweden Warell, Johan, Sweden Weber, Nick, Massachusetts Werder, Rolf, Germany Will, Matthew, Illinois

Wisehart, Christopher, Virginia Womack, Carolyn, Texas Worthen, Thomas, Arizona

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new members, cont.

Wright, David, Florida Young, Robert, Pennsylvania J Young, Joshua, Massachusetts Zubovic, Dario, Croatia

S = sustaining membershipJ = junior membership

Annual Report of the Director for Fiscal Year 2012–2013

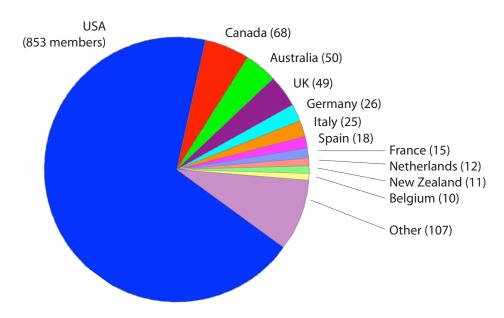
Arne A. Henden, Director

This was a very eventful year for astronomy, from the demise of Kepler to the launch of Gaia. The U.S. Congress decided to sequester research funds; our holiday cards got burned up in a tractor-trailer fire; we had to move AAVSOnet telescopes. Two bright comets portended these disasters, but one naked-eye nova (and another one in December 2013) predicted a brighter future! Since that future will be the subject of next year's report, let's concentrate on the fun things that happened in the past year.



Membership

We continue to grow our membership, albeit slowly. We had 1,244 members by the end of the year, along with an equal number of non-member observers.



AAVSO membership, 2012–2013, by country

An important change at the end of this year was a restructuring of the membership dues. We added a category for developing countries, providing membership benefits to those who might have had difficulty in affording membership in the past. This restructuring was reported in the July 2013 AAVSO Newsletter. Regular Annual dues will now be \$75.00 annually. The annual Sustaining membership rate will be raised to \$150.00. If you are an educator, student, have a limited income, or you are on a pension, your dues will be \$37.50 per year. If you reside in any country other than Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, the Korean Republic, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, the Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, or the United States, your annual dues will be only \$25.00. If you reside in a low-income/developing country, the dropdown menu in the online membership application will show this option, allowing you to subscribe at this special reduced rate. We hope this option enables people from many poorer countries to join the AAVSO and have all the benefits of regular membership.

Observation Database

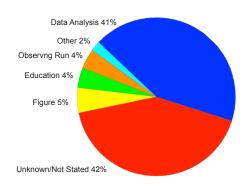
In FY2012–2013, we collected 1.54 million observations: 173,127 of these were visual observations; 1,883 were PEP or photographic observations; 2,820 were DSLR measures. The remainder (about 1.36 million) were CCD observations. The CCD totals remain high, as we get many thousands of observations for any time-series campaign (V339 Del is an example). The two charts on the following pages show the annual submission totals since 1911, and the total submitted observations ("Megasteps") since 1911. You can see that the trend is exponential, so that by 2021, we will be collecting 15 million observations per year!

We received data for more than 8,400 stars during the fiscal year, but of those only 330 had more than 1,000 observations; nearly 7,800 stars received an average of less than one observation per day during the year. We are exploring ways of encouraging broader, long-term coverage of many interesting stars without compromising research programs that require intensive time-series.

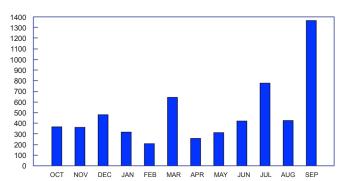
Work continues on importing the electronic Royal Astronomical Society of New Zealand (RASNZ) database. A large fraction of the observational data comes from just a few observers, such as Albert Jones and Danie Overbeek, and so was straightforward to import. The remaining observations require assigning observer codes to those dozens of observers who were not regular AAVSO contributors, as well as determining what charts and comparison stars were used. We hope to finish this project in the near future.

A couple of years ago, Grant Christie of the RASNZ shipped several boxes of file folders from former Variable Star Section Director Frank Bateson to the AAVSO HQ. These file folders contained southern-star observations, some that had made it into the RASNZ database and then into the AID when that database was transferred to us, and some that were never digitized. Last year, Mike Saladyga went through the boxes, assessed, categorized, filed, and cataloged the relevant folders. The observations come in two "flavors": studies of stars that were in the RASNZ database, and are likely duplicates of the electronic database we received a few years ago; and about 171 stars that have no observations in the electronic database, but which have paper copies of observations. Mike worked with Albert Jones on three of these stars as a pilot study, digitizing about 2,000 observations. The remaining stars will be digitized as time permits.

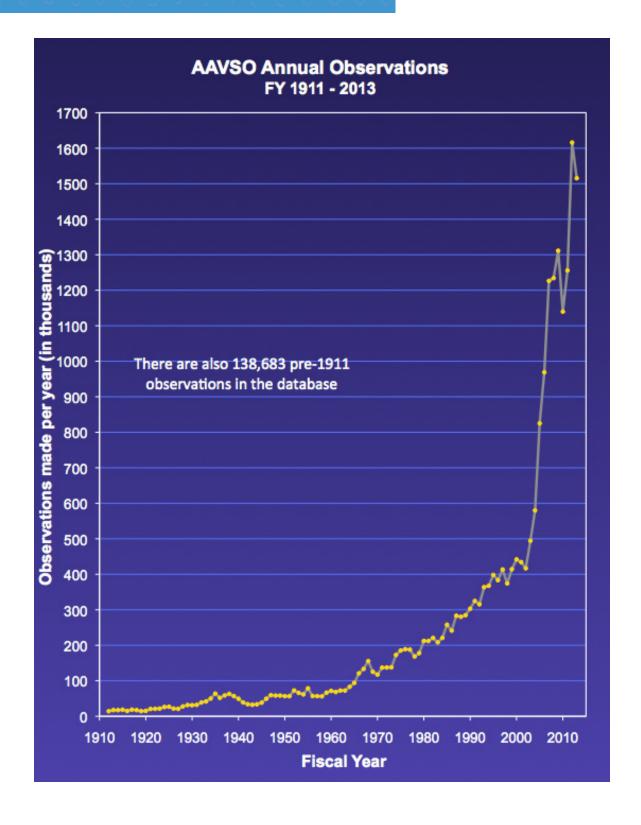
We had 5,917 data requests from a multitude of researchers during FY2012–2013. The rate of data requests varied strongly throughout the year, with September 2013 being the busiest. Of those who volunteered to give demographic information about their purpose, Professional and Amateur astronomers accounted for equal numbers of downloads (1,300 and 1,267, respectively), with Students accounting for 557 and Educators another 198. Data analysis remained by far the most popular given reason for accessing data, with 2,438 downloads being used for this purpose. This is nearly an order of magnitude higher than the next highest—using data to create a figure, which accounted for 311 downloads. This was followed by planning observing runs, with 270 downloads; educational purposes with 242; and "Other" with 130. Researchers are clearly making intensive use of AAVSO data for research purposes in great numbers, which shows the importance of the AAVSO International Database as a community data resource.

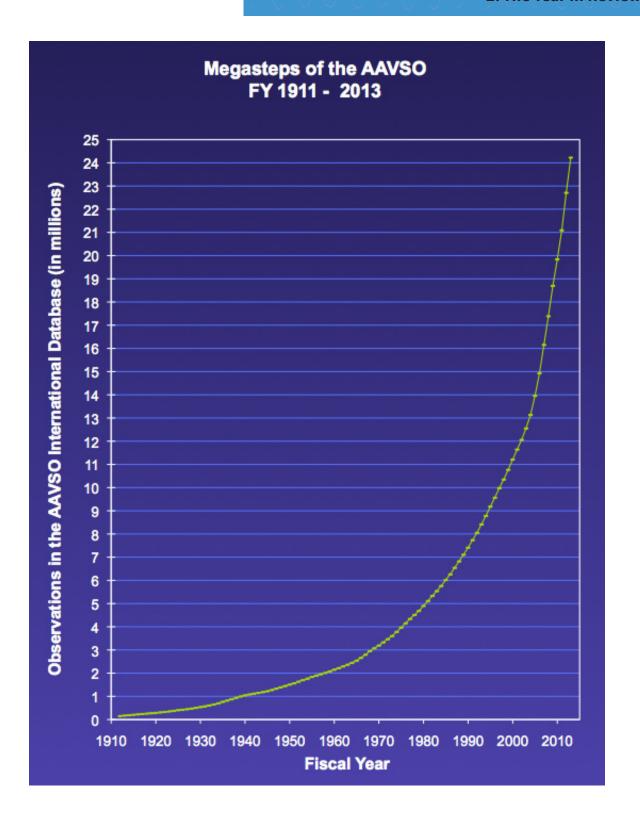


Areas in which AAVSO data or services were used during FY 2012–2013



Number of data requests by month during FY 2012–2013



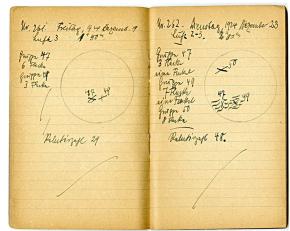


Nova Delphini 2013 occurred in August, and with 131 downloads was the most-downloaded data set. Variables of nearly all types were represented in the full list, but the remainder of the top ten most-downloaded data sets were a mixture of giants (Z UMa, omi Cet, and R Sct), Cepheids (del Cep and eta Aql), a cataclysmic (SS Cyg), a luminous blue variable (P Cyg), and two recurrent novae (T Pyx and RS Oph). All of these only accounted for a combined 673 downloads; the remaining 5,000 more comprise nearly all known variable star types, and more than 1,900 stars were requested only once.

We responded to or researched about 60 unique queries (often with multiple follow-up responses) regarding the AAVSO archives or history. Leif Svaalgard (Stanford) stayed in the AAVSO Feibelman Guest Suite for a couple of weeks during May, working on the Herbert Luft solar notebooks, as mentioned in the July *AAVSO Newsletter*. Brad Schaefer stayed in the Guest Suite in January, working on historical observations of T CrB, N Aql 3 (1918, V603 Aql), and N Per 2 (1901, GK Per). Mike Saladyga also helped Brad in researching those stars and Peltier's observations.



Visiting astronomer Leif Svalgaard (center) with AAVSO Archivist Mike Saladyga (left) and Science Director Matt Templeton

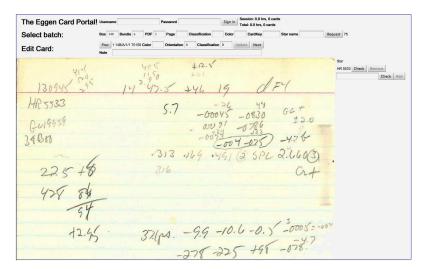


Two pages from one of the 75 solar observing notebooks by AAVSO observer Herb Luft. The entries here were made in 1924 when he was living in Breslau, Germany

New material of the Janet Mattei era was received from Mike Mattei, and was arranged and catalogued. The collections of Tom Williams and Tom Cragg were also arranged and catalogued by Mike Saladyga.

The Eggen card collection was scanned several years ago. AAVSO member-observer George Silvis is heading a volunteer group to catalog and digitize the observations. About 8,000 of the 100,000 cards have been inspected. He is always looking for volunteers to

help inspect the rest! The result of this project will be a catalog of Eggen's photoelectric measures of stars, primarily in the southern hemisphere.



A view of the computer interface created by George Silvis for evaluating the data cards created by photoelectric photometrist Olin Eggen, which are now a part of the AAVSO Archives

A volunteer group headed by Dr. Matthew Templeton continues to digitize published variable star photometry and submit it to the AAVSO International Database. A highlight this year was the incorporation of the thousands of observations of Mira contained in a paper by Paul Guthnick in 1901. These extend a calibrated light curve of this variable back to the 1600s—an amazing accomplishment.

Website

We've implemented some changes on the website. The home page was revised, relocating the staff blog and implementing a Stellar News Feed. These news articles are garnered from astro-ph and press releases, and contain up-to-date information on stars, observing techniques, equipment, and variability. Mike Simonsen is leading this effort as he has access to several channels of information using his press credentials.

We now have made the AAVSO donate/support options more prominent on the home page. The Amazon.com option is particularly important, as it gives us a means of collecting donations at no cost to the donor. All you have to do is reach Amazon by clicking the AAVSO home-page link, thereby coming from the AAVSO rather than your own computer. Amazon gives us a portion of all purchases made in this manner, but the purchaser sees the exact same cost as if (s)he had accessed Amazon directly.

We continue to update the News slider with new stories. Several of the slides over the past year have been review papers from the Centennial issues of *JAAVSO* (Volume 40).

Will McMain continues his upgrade of the website. The HQ membership database was restructured in preparation for the new dues structure, and a new admin tool was developed to give staff access to the membership information. Will is working with our Australian volunteer David Benn on revising the Light Curve Generator. Several new online forums have been created, including the Journal Club and one for novae. We have many more people participating in the forums, showing that they have been accepted and are better meeting the needs of the observers.

Other changes to the website are less obvious, but take significant staff time. We update material on most pages (such as those for AAVSOnet) when they become dated.

International Cooperation

We acknowledge with appreciation the observations sent to the AAVSO by members of the following variable star associations, either individually or as a group, for inclusion in the AAVSO International Database for dissemination to the astronomical community worldwide:

- a. AAK—Albireo Amateur Astronomy Club Public Association (Hungary)
- b. Agrupacion Astronomica de Sabadell (Spain)
- c. Asociacion de Variabilistas de Espagne (Spain)
- d. Association Française des Observateurs d'Étoiles Variables (AFOEV)
- e. Association of Variable Star Observers "Pleione" (Russia)
- f. Astronomical Society of Southern Africa, Variable Star Section
- g. Astronomischer Jugendclub (Austria)
- h. Astronomisk Selskab (Scandinavia)
- i. British Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section
- j. Bundesdeutsche Arbeitsgemeinschaft für Veränderliche Sterne e.V. (BAV) (Germany)
- k. Center for Backyard Astronomy
- I. Clube De Astronomia De Sao Paolo (Brazil)
- m. Israeli Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section
- n. Koninklijke Nederlandse Vereniging Voor Weer-en Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Netherlands)
- o. Liga Iberoamericana de Astronomia (South America)
- p. Madrid Astronomical Association M1 (Spain)
- q. Magyar Csillagàszati Egyesület, Valtózocsillag Szakcsoport (Hungary)
- r. Norwegian Astronomical Society, Variable Star Section
- s. Nucleo de Estudo e Observação Astronomica--Jose Bazilicio de Souza (Florianopolis, Brazil)
- t. Red de Observadores (Montevideo, Uruguay)
- u. Rede de Astronomia Observacional (Brazil)
- v. Royal Astronomical Society of Canada
- w. Royal Astronomical Society of New Zealand, Variable Star Section
- x. Svensk Amator Astronomisk Förening, Variabelsektionen (Sweden)

- y. Ukraine Astronomical Group, Variable Star Section
- z. Unione Astrofili Italiani (Italy)
- aa. URSA Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section (Finland)
- ab. Variable Stars South (New Zealand)
- ac. Vereniging Voor Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Belgium)

Computers and Software

The data analysis computer used for APASS and AAVSOnet is working fine with its 21TB of disk space. Richard (Doc) Kinne has trimmed the file storage on occasion, and we've compressed most of the images, so have not yet filled the RAID disk to its capacity. However, we are at 70% capacity, with nearly 14TB used. Much of the APASS image storage is on external 4TB hard drives, and there is a mirror copy of all files at McMaster University (where the 320K images occupy about 11TB of compressed disk space!).

Matt has ported the Weekly Data Usage Report, so that observers can see how their observations are being used by the community.

VStar, the Java program written by David Benn as part of Citizen Sky, has undergone several improvements this past year. The major effort has been in documentation; David has written a 120-page user manual. The APASS and BSM epoch photometry databases are available as searchable plug-ins.

Doc revised the IP address space for HQ as part of the transition from a conventional T-1 line to using a Comcast business cable modem. Once the addresses were modified, Doc transitioned headquarters over to the modem with no noticeable negative effect. We now see faster upload/download times, and have not had any loss of service over the year.

AAVSOnet News

All of the AAVSOnet systems are at private observatories. We felt that this was the best approach: the telescopes are small and so don't occupy a lot of space and are easily maintained by an individual; it gives a number of AAVSO members and observers the opportunity to volunteer; it distributes the internet access, cloud patterns, and geographical location. We have facilities in the southern and northern hemisphere, and at a diversity of longitudes. At the same time, the systems are stock, off-the-shelf telescopes and cameras, not ideally designed for robotic use, and so don't always give optimal image quality and have a larger fraction of down time.

One of the factors that has to be considered when having multiple telescope hosts is that one or more may drop out. The manager might move; there may be health

problems; they may just decide that they don't want to do astronomy any more, or run an AAVSOnet telescope. Having small telescopes is a blessing for those cases, as we can pack them up and ship them to a new location fairly easily.

This happened last year with the AAVSOnet telescopes at Astrokolkhoz Observatory. Tom Krajci decided in October 2012 that he no longer wanted to host our telescopes. Since there were multiple telescopes involved (Tom was doing an excellent job of running telescopes for us, and always wanted more!), we had Mike Simonsen fly out, pick up the telescopes, and hand-deliver them to their new sites. Wright28 (W28) is currently at Lowell Observatory, and will be sited either at Anderson Mesa or the Discovery Telescope site, depending on forest service agreements; it will be installed during 2014. Wright30 (W30) was delivered to Bill Goff in California, and was put into service in January 2013. We took the AAVSO STL-1001E camera that had been on Tom's private K35 telescope, and added it to the W30 configuration to give a larger field with better pixelization and more filters. The Bright Star Monitor (BSM) was left at Bill Stein's observatory in Cloudcroft, NM. That facility was still under construction, so BSM (now BSM_NM) was only re-commissioned during the summer of 2013.

We installed BSM_Berry temporarily on the roof of Headquarters. This was done for a number of reasons: testing the HQ roof for observing feasibility; having a local telescope for testing hardware and software; giving the east-coast longitude for time-series work; seeing whether you can do quality variable star work from inside a metropolitan area. BSM_Berry was initially tested in January, but was fully commissioned during August. Part of the delay was in finding a suitable enclosure for the telescope. Initially the system was "tarped," but that meant you had to go on the roof every time you wanted to use the system, and sometimes cover the telescope during some inclement conditions. Gary Walker offered to construct an automated enclosure, which is why full operation started in August (after we installed the enclosure on the roof). BSM_Berry is a good performer, and can work down to its exposure limit (about 12th magnitude) over most of the sky. We have good visibility on the roof, and the sky brightness is not too bad, with city parks in two directions and the added height getting above most of the onstreet glare. I'm impressed with its capabilities, in the heart of metropolitan Boston!

BSM_Hamren is the BSM system at Bob Stine's observatory in California. It used to be called BSM_CA, but was renamed in memory of Chris (Hamren) Stine's father. Bob has been working diligently to get BSM_Hamren working; we have several nights of V339 Del observations, as well as additional all-sky survey nights. There are a couple of minor holdups that prevent me from saying that this system is fully operational, but we are nearly there. BSM_Hamren will give us observations during the summer when the southwestern monsoon impacts telescopes in Arizona and New Mexico.

Our three larger telescopes (SRO in Arizona, OC61 in New Zealand, TMO61 in New Mexico) are operational, though we continue to improve each of these systems with better weather monitoring or additional instrumentation. For example, we've upgraded the CCD camera on TMO61 to a QSI-683, giving faster readout and an eight-position filter wheel. I made a trip out to Mt. John Observatory to work with the staff there on the final automation steps for OC61. We now have a computer-controlled mirror cover, index switches on the mount, and a good webcam there. Coming in the next year will be an instrument selector and the installation of the eShel spectrograph.

Overall, AAVSOnet is working reasonably well, and gives our members access to equipment and sites that would be impossible otherwise. We will be improving the automation over the next year to reduce the load on the host volunteer and the HQ staff, and we will be commissioning the remaining telescopes of the network. One welcome addition this year has been the Telescope Allocation Committee (TAC). With Dirk Terrell as the chair, and Sebastian Otero, Doug Welch, and Tim Crawford as members, this committee has studied each of the submitted proposals and made recommendations to the proposers as to the feasibility of the request and on optimizing the observations.

APASS News

The AAVSO Photometric All-Sky Survey (APASS) continues to operate nominally. The southern station has far more photometric weather than the north, and its 4x coverage of the southern sky is nearly completed. To fill in the observing gaps, we've started a bright extension to the survey. This extension uses shorter exposures to reach as bright as V=7.5, and expands the filter set to BVgrizY. A small grant from Las Cumbres was obtained to purchase the red Z-short and Y filters for each site. Tom Smith has been doing a marvelous job of both running the northern station and helping me with the southern system when things go wrong or I am on travel.

All of the starlists are uploaded to HQ on a nightly basis. About once every four months, we perform additional processing on the starlists to improve the astrometry and photometry, and merge the results to create a master catalog. As of May 2013, we had made seven data releases, with the last release containing 52 million stars that had been observed at least twice, and covering about 98% of the entire sky.

APASS is a volunteer effort, with many AAVSO members helping me out on the myriad of tasks required for each data release. I've mentioned Tom above, and would be remiss if I didn't also include the three professional astronomers associated with the project: Stephen Levine, who is doing the precision astrometry; Dirk Terrell, who is keeping

the computers running; and Doug Welch, who is archiving much of the data as both a backup to the HQ copy and an on-line research tool. All of the volunteers will be part of the first APASS paper that will be submitted next year.

Education

The Carolyn Hurless Online Institute for Continuing Education (CHOICE) is the AAVSO's online educational initiative. Named after longtime member-observer Carolyn Hurless, the Institute offers short, on-line courses about diverse citizenscience topics. Each topic has a peer-level course leader and a separate on-line forum. Those who complete a course receive a certificate and a notation in the membership database of their certification. The student cost is minimal, and once the course materials are written, each reoffering of a course is much easier. Currently,



AAVSO member Donn Starkey leading a Hi Star session at the University of Hawaii-Manoa

staff are providing the initial course material, and after the course is offered once, a graduate of a course volunteers to be the leader of the next class. A typical class has 10 to 30 students and lasts for about a month. Previous topics have included: photometric uncertainty, building a visual observing program, CCD calibration, and light curve classification. Course offerings have been expanded each year. The courses provided for this fiscal year included CCD Photometry, Part One; CCD Image Calibration I/II; and Visual Observing Basics.

In 2012, a decade after membership attitudes were last investigated, a new set of three surveys was created by Aaron Price and Kevin Paxson. Two were issued and analyzed last year and reported on in that *Annual Report*. The third and final survey, designed by Kevin, was for learning how the professional community feels about the AAVSO, with the intent of finding new methods to improve our visibility and usefulness to the professional community. That survey was released in February, and the results were presented at the AAVSO's 2013 Spring Meeting, and the final reports were posted on the website in August 2013. We thank all in the professional community who participated in this survey, and we especially thank Kevin Paxson for the time and effort he put into this work.

The AAVSO held its first CCD School July 30-August 3, 2012. The school was held at Tufts University, as they offered an inexpensive venue for both classroom and lodging. About 25 students were present from across the globe. The Director gave

lectures for the entire week, covering topics from an introduction to digital sensors to photometry, transformation, statistics and a dabbling of astrophysics. We held a second CCD School during July 2013, but held it at Headquarters instead of Tufts. We like that venue better as it gives students more access to local equipment in a more intimate setting. We will be holding one final School in 2014.

We've implemented an online Journal Club forum. Two papers have been discussed this fiscal year, led by John Martin and Matt Templeton. We hope to do more on a continuing basis in 2014. Very few online journal clubs are available, so it is a learning process to see how best to implement this feature and get the maximum participation from AAVSO members.

As part of the Nova forum, I offered to help CCD observers improve their observing techniques, especially in regard to V339 Del (Nova Del 2013). This was a difficult target, with most of the scatter (after common mistakes were corrected) being caused by the strong emission lines, especially as the nova entered the nebular phase. Because of this, I started another experiment, to monitor the anomalous Cepheid candidate XZ Cet. Observations of this target are ongoing; we hope to provide targets like this throughout 2014 to improve our CCD observations.

The AAVSO Citizen Sky Project

As part of the IYA 2009 celebration, the AAVSO was awarded a major National Science Foundation (NSF) grant to involve a large number of Citizen Scientists in a real research project—following the eclipse of epsilon Aurigae that occurs every 27 years and developing scientific projects related to the event. The first workshop occurred just before FY 2009/2010, but the second workshop was held in early September 2010. That one, at the California Academy of Sciences, was devoted to data analysis and paper writing. The eclipse occurred on schedule, with thousands of estimates reported to the AAVSO. We're still monitoring the star out of eclipse to more fully understand the pulsational behavior of the visible F-class star. This will also help in removing the pulsational signature seen during the eclipse, so that we can study just the eclipse phenomenon itself.

One of the surprising outcomes from this grant was the interest in DSLR observing. Ideally suited for bright-star photometry, simple cameras that are used in everyday life can also be used at night for imaging. Brian Kloppenborg worked with a small team during the Citizen Sky grant to create spreadsheets for processing data and performed a few tests of data quality, showing that the green channel closely matches the standard Johnson V-band system. We applied for a supplemental grant from NSF to hold a final workshop, this one on crowdsourcing the creation of a user manual for DSLR photometry. About

20 participants visited Headquarters on March 22–24, 2013, to work together in small groups on each chapter of the manual. Brian Kloppenborg edited the post-workshop version of the manual to ensure no gaps in content and a cohesive final product. AAVSO Headquarters will make the final edits and release the manual in 2014...

Aaron Price worked hard with his doctoral advisor, Hee-Sun Lee, and wrote a research paper on the Citizen Sky project that has now been accepted and published in the *Journal of Research in Science Teaching (JRST)*: "Changes in participants' scientific attitudes and epistemological beliefs during an astronomical citizen science project."

External Grants

MOST NASA grant

Dr. Matthew Templeton was awarded a NASA grant in 2011 to use the Canadian MOST spacecraft. Matt proposed using MOST to study stars in the Orion Trapezium region, concentrating on BM Ori but also imaging another couple of dozen stars. Those observations were taken during December 2010 and January 2011, for a total of about 30 consecutive days of data. We supported those observations with a ground-based campaign to acquire photometry before, during and after the MOST window. Many nights of data were also obtained with the AAVSO Bright Star Monitor. Matt is now finalizing the analysis, and has written a paper in collaboration with Bill Herbst (Weslyan University) and Joyce Guzik (Los Alamos National Laboratory).

Two Eyes, 3D NSF grant

Two Eyes, 3-D, an NSF AISL grant spearheaded by Aaron Price, studies the cognitive processes and learning outcomes involved in 2D and stereoscopic visualizations of highly spatial scientific objects, with a goal of building a more effective learning experience. Aaron has been studing school children using a series of images in both 2D and 3D and asks content and spatial questions about what they see. A pair of HD stereoscopic films about colliding galaxies and supernovae was developed and presented by the Alder Planetarium as well, to study how adults learn spatial concepts. The tie-in for the AAVSO is in the variable-star aspects of the movies and images, an understanding on how to better make finding charts, and the additional funding that will be available for our infrastructure. Most of the data have been collected, and Aaron is now looking for correlations and differences.

Second Generation Synoptic Survey (2GSS) grant

We received a grant last year from the Robert Martin Ayers Sciences Fund. Provisionally

called the Second Generation Synoptic Survey (2GSS), this project aims to cover the entire sky, every night, from 10th to 17th magnitude, in two simultaneous bandpasses. This is much like the All Sky Automated Survey (ASAS) on steroids. It is a follow-on to APASS, highly leveraging its excellent calibrations to permit observations anywhere in the sky in even non-photometric weather. The grant paid for the first node of an anticipated five-node network (if we can obtain external funding). Stephen Levine and I installed the first telescope on Anderson Mesa (Lowell), and anticipate test observations to begin in early fiscal 2014.

Nova Grant

Dr. Jennifer Sokoloski, a Council member, was awarded an NSF grant, "Beyond Spherical Cows: Writing the Next Chapter on Novae." As part of that grant, Jeno has agreed to the science advisor for the Nova section of the AAVSO, and will work with the AAVSO to obtain optical light curves of the novae that will be studied. The AAVSO has a subcontract with her for performing the campaign effort. In August 2013, a naked-eye nova was discovered in Delphinus (V339 Del), and was the target of a concentrated campaign to acquire high quality multi-filter photometry, visual estimates, and spectroscopy. We hope this will be the first of many such targets to follow during the course of Jeno's grant.

The Janet A. Mattei Research Fellowship

Ulisse Munari (Asiago) was the JAM Fellow for a second year. Ulisse was at Headquarters for about a month in June/July, working on various aspects of APASS. He used data from the RR Lyr stars study (recently published, from 2013 results) to search for new variables, locating about 300 candidates. A short paper was submitted. We also worked on several novae and supernovae that had gone into outburst over the last year, locating all observations taken through the AAVSOnet as well as preparing several plans to acquire new deep images. Ulisse also prepared a presentation on APASS for the "Observing Techniques, Instrumentation and Science for Metre-class Telescopes" workshop, held in late September 2013 in Slovakia. While at Headquarters, Ulisse's spouse, Emma Rigoni, volunteered on a variety of projects that included updating our membership database with historical information.

Observing Campaign news

AAVSO data and assistance continue to be in high demand from the professional community around the world. This year AAVSO observers participated optically—and in some cases spectroscopically as well—in 23 observing campaigns on over 60 objects and followed the outburst and decline of 12 galactic novae and numerous extragalactic supernovae.

Observations were made using different methods: visual (eye plus telescope or binoculars), DSLR photometry, photoelectric photometry (primarily V band), near-infrared (J and H bands) photometry, CCD BVRI photometry, and spectroscopy. As spectroscopy becomes increasingly available as an amateur astronomer resource, more AAVSO observers are participating in this relatively new field.

Campaign targets ranged from young stellar objects to supernovae and everything in between—symbiotics, RCB stars, Miras, cataclysmic variables of every type, novae and recurrent novae, eclipsing binaries, exoplanets, blazars, and quasars—and even included an occultation of Pluto to study its atmosphere and extinctions of Jovian satellites to learn more about dust, atmospheres, and magnetic fields in this complex system. Some targets were monitored for weeks or months, some for only a few days, and cadence (frequency of observation) ranged from once per night to every few minutes for as many hours as possible. A few of this year's campaigns are described below.

From September 2012 through the entire 2012–2013 fiscal year, AAVSO observers participated in a large campaign on **forty cataclysmic variables** organized by Drs. Boris Gaensicke (Warwick University), Joseph Patterson (Columbia University, Center for Backyard Astrophysics), Arne Henden (AAVSO), and a consortium of thirteen other professional astronomers from Chile, Germany, Italy, the United Kingdom, and the USA. In their study of the white dwarf component of the selected cataclysmic variable systems, their campaign goal was to observe each system at minimum brightness with HST. About six weeks at a time, several stars were scheduled to be observed sequentially with HST on certain dates.

The AAVSO contribution was threefold: starting two to three weeks before its HST date, monitor each target nightly to be able to inform Dr. Gaensicke—and so the HST schedulers—that 24 hours before the HST observations the target was not in outburst and was not likely to be in outburst during the HST observations; inform Dr. Gaensicke at that same time of the magnitude of the object to reassure the HST schedulers that the telescope equipment would not be in danger from a bright outburst; and provide a good light curve of each target before, during, and after the HST observations for correlation with the HST data. The AAVSO part of the campaign was coordinated by Headquarters. 50 AAVSO Alert Notices and AAVSO Special Notices were issued to observers during the year with target identifications, observing dates, schedule revisions, and observing instructions regarding obtaining visual observations, multiband photometry, and spectroscopy. As of the end of the fiscal year, 39 targets from the original list of 40 had been successfully observed by the HST Cosmic Origins Spectrograph, with the remaining target scheduled for March 2014. In October 2013, Dr. Gaensicke wrote: "This HST project has gone incredibly well, there are now two PhD students working full-time

on the data we obtained throughout 2013, and there will be a lot of exciting [results]! Without the help of your observers, this project would not have been possible...."

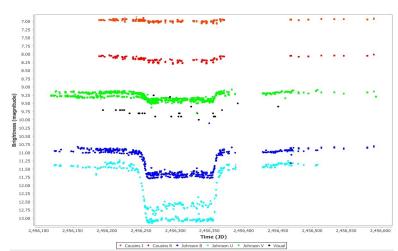
A significant mystery regarding the dwarf nova **SS Cygni** was resolved last year, thanks to key assistance from AAVSO observers. Based on the known distances to this type of cataclysmic variable, the method by which matter is transferred from one star to the other of the pair appeared to work for all other such pairs but not for SS Cyg, bringing the theory behind the method into question. Following on the discovery of radio emission from SS Cyg in 2008 by Dr. Elmar Koerding (Radboud Universiteit Nijmegen, Netherlands) and colleagues including AAVSO's Dr. Matthew Templeton (in which discovery AAVSO observers again played a key part), Dr. James Miller-Jones (International Centre for Radio Astronomy Research, Curtin University, Perth, Western Australia) and colleagues wanted to measure the distance to SS Cyg using radio observations, something never done before. Since the radio emission occurs only at the beginning of an outburst of SS Cyq, it was essential to know the moment the system went into outburst. Outbursts of SS Cyg occur unpredictably, so AAVSO observers carefully monitored SS Cyg nightly, watching for an outburst that would fall into one of the astronomers' observing windows and observing during the all of outbursts. When SS Cyg went into outburst in October 2012 and that outburst was confirmed, Matthew Templeton notified Dr. Miller-Jones and he triggered the radio observations with extensive radio telescope assemblies in the USA and England—all within a few hours. Their successful observations – thanks to AAVSO observers—proved the earlier distance measurement wrong, and the new measurement resolved the problem of SS Cyg and the conflict with theory. The findings were published in the journal Science, with Matthew Templeton and Elizabeth Waagen as co-authors.

AAVSO observers assisted Dr. Michael Shara (American Museum of Natural History, Columbia University) throughout the year in his Hubble Space Telescope (HST) campaign on the dwarf nova **U Gem**. They monitored it closely and obtained nightly observations, reported outbursts promptly and observed them thoroughly, and provided meticulous visual observations and multicolor photometry before, during, and after sets of observations of U Gem made with HST. AAVSO coverage of U Gem, and our close communications with Dr. Shara during the year, enabled him to schedule the observations with HST, to reassure the HST schedulers that the telescope would not be endangered because AAVSO observations had shown U Gem would not be in outburst during the HST observations, and to correlate his HST spectroscopic observations with its optical behavior.

In July, Dr. Shara wrote: "The AAVSO campaign remains enormously helpful. I certainly do need and want it to continue until after the next observed U Gem eruption, for

the following reasons. We obtained six of seven awarded HST spectrographic orbits, starting immediately after U Gem returned to quiescence in January 2013. U Gem then remained at quiescence much longer than expected through May—which we could only have known about from the excellent AAVSO coverage—and so we couldn't target U Gem for its last HST orbit…before it entered HST's exclusion zone in late May. U Gem becomes available again for HST observations on September 10. It would be helpful to know of any eruptions between now and then; but it's CRITICAL to know of an eruption after September 10, and to know when U Gem returns to quiescence. We will observe it with HST two days later." U Gem finally went into outburst in November and Dr. Shara's HST observations were carried out in early December. "He subsequently wrote: "I am overwhelmed at the quality and quantity of AAVSO data on U Gem; how wonderful! My deep thanks to…[the more than 100 AAVSO observers who have contributed to this campaign], and [particularly to the] observers…who did a splendid job [providing multicolor coverage on the actual day of the HST observations]..."

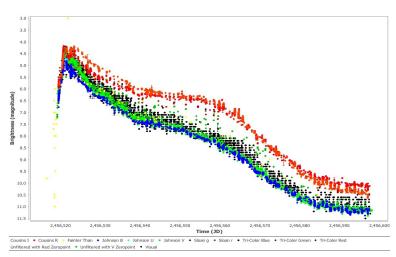
The eclipsing binary **AZ Cas** was the focus of a campaign organized by Cezary Galan (University of Torun, Poland) and brought to the AAVSO's attention by Jeffrey Hopkins (Phoenix, Arizona). To capture the eclipse, which occurs every ten years, AZ Cas was observed before and after as well as throughout the eclipse of mid-November 2012 through late February 2013. Multicolor photometry and visual observations were obtained through the dedicated efforts of observers, including many from the AAVSO, resulting in a beautiful UBVRI light curve (see below) which shows the complete eclipse. The light curve also shows the behavior in each band, with a very deep eclipse occurring in U, an increasingly shallow eclipse through the BVR bands, and barely a trace of an eclipse in I. The data are being analyzed by Dr. Galan.



AZ Cas August 14 through 2014 October 31. This light curve from the AAVSO International Database includes 2,433 multicolor observations contributed by 17 observers worldwide. The zero-point differences, which will be reconciled as part of the data analysis, may be seen for some observers.

The triple system **b Per** was the subject of another interesting campaign last year. Dr. Bob Zavala (U.S. Naval Observatory, Flagstaff) and colleagues recently resolved the three components of the system as two stars orbiting each other closely and this pair orbiting with the third star. Their analysis said that eclipses of the pair by the third star might be visible to us; being able to observe and study eclipses is important for investigating the evolutionary state of the close binary components. They asked AAVSO observers to monitor b Per, particularly during the time they predicted for one or possibly two eclipses. Our observers obtained multicolor photometry that showed the eclipses, but the eclipses occurred more than a week later than predicted! Dr. Zavala and colleagues are analyzing the data.

A bright nova made things very exciting in August and September. On August 14, **Nova Delphini 2013** (later named **V339 Del**) was discovered at magnitude 6.8. It brightened rapidly, reaching a maximum visual brightness of 4.2 on August 16. The accompanying light curve from the AAVSO International Database shows its behavior through the end of the fiscal year. Its brightness and its placement near the equator allowed a great many observers in both hemispheres to observe it; its placement within the constellation was even excellent for beginners to locate it. This was the first really bright nova in several years, and many new observers signed up for AAVSO Observer Initials to make their first visual observations for the AAVSO—for the first few weeks we processed 30–40 new observers per week! It also brought back many long-dormant variable star observers, and we look forward to some of them continuing to make observations again.



V339 Del (Nova Del 2013) from discovery August 14 through October 31. This light curve from the AAVSO International Database includes 59,733 multicolor observations contributed by 492 observers worldwide.

V339 Del was also the first bright nova since technology has advanced to bring DSLR cameras into widespread use, and many observers made their first DSLR observations targeting the nova. Even phone cameras were used to snap an image that could be reduced to a magnitude! The amateur spectroscopy community received a real boost

from V339 Del, again because it was so bright and well placed that it made an ideal target for both new and experienced spectroscopists. Coverage has been superb, from visual to multicolor PEP, CCD, and DSLR to spectra! V339 Del continues to decline slowly and observers to follow it as the new fiscal year progresses.

Details of all observing campaigns and related information may be found on the AAVSO website (http://www.aavso.org/observing-campaigns). The campaigns are exciting and impressive both in their scope and in the level of contributions the professional astronomers believe AAVSO observers can make to their research.

In support of the many campaigns and discoveries of new objects, the Sequence Team, led by Mike Simonsen, created hundreds of new and revised sequences during the year. A typical sequence for a new object is created and uploaded within hours of notification, a far cry from the days before the automated AAVSO Variable Star Plotter (VSP) utility, when a new sequence could take days or weeks to propagate through the community. This rapid development and distribution of sequences is particularly valuable for the many new cataclysmic variables being discovered by the surveys, and for the dozen new novae that went into outburst this past year.

Other Events



Albert Jones (JA) was presented with the AAVSO Merit Award by Director Arne Henden at his home in New Zealand

We have some sad news this year. Albert Jones, the most prolific visual observer in history, passed away in September. He was one of the nicest people and a quiet, unassuming personality, yet was famous worldwide. I feel honored to have met him. Albert won the AAVSO Merit Award in 2008, and I had the pleasure of presenting him with it in late 2012.

Councilor Chryssa Kouveliotou, a long-time researcher at NASA Marshall Space Flight Center who studies exotic objects like Magnetars, was elected to the National Academy of Sciences in May. Out of the approximately 10,000 professional astronomers in the U.S., only 137 are members of the Academy. Membership is generally considered one of the highest honors that a scientist can receive. My heartfelt congratulations to Chryssa!

The NASA Kepler telescope lost another reaction wheel and had to shut down its normal survey, after nearly four years of exquisite photometry. The mission planners are currently deciding on another use of the satellite, with new

observations to begin in mid-2014. The European Space Agency satellite Gaia was ready to launch at the end of the fiscal year, and at the time of this writing, was successfully launched and on its way to its destination. Both Kepler and Gaia will play important roles for variable star astronomy in the coming future.

We had two bright comets this year—Lovejoy and ISON (great on the inbound leg!). What impressed me the most was the advent of high-quality astrographs, large format cameras, and superior software. The pictures of these two comets that were posted on the web were stunning. I think the contribution from amateurs in all areas of astronomy continues to increase, and the fine details visible in these comet images will be of great value to the professional researcher.

Every couple of years or so, a bright Gamma-Ray Burst afterglow is seen. On occasion, the emission has been naked-eye brilliance. This year, GRB 130427A was found by the RAPTOR transient network to have a 7th magnitude afterglow. With rapid response by automated amateur telescopes, such transient objects can be studied in detail.

A 32-inch mirror that was donated by Mario Motta (his <u>first</u> 32-inch mirror!) for Shiaperelli Observatory arrived safely in Italy. Ulisse Munari worked with Paolo Valise in installing the mirror in the telescope, intending to use it for spectroscopy. Unfortunately, tests indicated that the mirror figure was extremely poor. After discussing the matter with Mario, the conclusion was reached that the sandblasted back of the mirror (done to lightweight it) had "relaxed" over the years while the mirror was stored, and warped the shape. Discussions with Italian opticians are underway, but the likely outcome is that the mirror will not be useful for their project. However, the publicity over the donation of the mirror was a positive effect, and the team has been able to find funding to purchase a new mirror.

Katy Fortak (Germany) stayed at the Feibelman Guest Suite while attending a meeting in Boston. She also talked with staff about some aspects of her observing and of her local astronomy club.

The Red Sox won the World Series! Wonders never cease....

Staffing

We had two summer students at Headquarters this year as Margaret Mayall Assistants: Anisha Sharma, who came to us from Bennington College; and Shouvik Bhattacharya, who just graduated from Minnesota State University. Anisha and Shouvik helped me with day-to-day processing of AAVSOnet and APASS data.

Sebastian Otero visited Headquarters from Buenos Aires for a week, acquainting himself with the DSLR manual (he will be doing the Spanish translation) and working on some VSX issues.

Sara Beck's husband, John O'Neill, is retiring soon, and they expect to be spending most of their time in New England in the future and less time in Ireland. We will welcome her presence in the office on a more regular basis, rather than interacting via phone, email, and Skype!

Lauren Rosenbaum, our Administrative Assistant, is leaving the AAVSO to pursue her career. She worked with us for the past two years while completing her graduate school work and internships, but now is heading to a full-time position in child psychology. It is rare to have someone so capable and organized pass through our doors. We will miss her!

As you may know, I am retiring in early 2015. I turn 65 then and will have been heading the AAVSO for ten years. President Mario Motta chose a group of eight qualified AAVSO members and supporters to form a search committee for the new Director. Kevin Marvel agreed to chair this committee, and is performing a wonderful job. Applications have closed at the end of FY2012–2013, and the selection process is underway. Keep tuned to the web page to see periodic updates!

Other than these changes, headquarters staffing has remained constant. We have ten full-time employees, one contract employee, and three part-time staff members. All permanent employees are described on our website at http://www.aavso.org/aavso/about/staff.shtml. I encourage you to read about these folk that support the members and observers; it is a really nice and efficient staff at Headquarters!

Publications

Each year the AAVSO provides variable star-related material for the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada's *Observer's Handbook*. For the 2014 issue, Matt Templeton wrote the Variable Star of the Year article, and Elizabeth Waagen updated the variable star tables with current maxima and minima predictions.

Mike Saladyga took the twenty Centennial posters he created (previous Presidents, Council members, prolific observers, etc.) that cover our Hoffleit Conference Center walls, and created pdf files that you can download from our website. These are fascinating to study; there have been very good people connected to the AAVSO over the years!

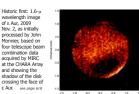
Volume 40 of JAAVSO was unique. Number 1, the Centennial issue (including invited

review papers on variable stars), was published in June 2012. Number 2, published in December, was devoted to the rare eclipse of epsilon Aurigae and the related international campaign to which citizen scientists as well as professional astronomers could make critical contributions. The 618 pages of Number 1 had to be bound in two parts (A and B) while the 522 pages of Number 2 just fit into one binding. Large issues means lots of editing, reviews, and layout work by Mike Saladyga, Elizabeth Waagen, Matt Templeton, and our JAAVSO editor, John Percy. I think the three books of this volume should be on everyone's bookshelf! Volume 41, Number 1 was published in June 2013. At 156 pages, it is a very substantial issue of JAAVSO even if it seems small by comparison to Volume 40.



The Journal of the American Association

ε Aurigae Special Edition



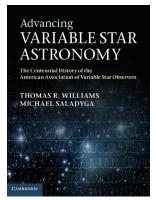
Also in this issue.

- BVRI photometry of SN 2011fe in M101
- The 1909 outburst of RT Ser · Photometry and spectroscopy of P Cygn
- A W UMa system with complete eclipses MP Gem—an EB with a very long period



JAAVSO Volume 40. Numbers 1 (Part A cover shown here) and 2, 2012

Many eJAAVSO articles were posted. We posted 19 Alert Notices and 76 Special Notices. Elizabeth completed maxima and minima predictions for 381 long period variables in AAVSO Bulletin 76. The AAVSO released the annual eclipsing binary/RR Lyrae stars ephemerides as well as 12 issues of the monthly Solar Bulletin. Several new translations of the Visual Observing Manual were made, including Chinese (by Tao Fan-Lin, Director of the Taipei Association of Astronomy Now). The manual was updated in March by Sara Beck (with contributions by Mike Simonsen, Elizabeth Waagen, and Matt Templeton) with the revisions translated into Hungarian (Peter Molnar and Dr. Laszlo Kiss), French (Dominique Naillon), and Farsi (Fatemeh Bahrani). Four issues of the AAVSO Newsletter were published.



The AAVSO Centennial History

There were 36 staff publications (Henden, Kinne, Otero, Price, Simonsen, Templeton, Waagen; PASP, AJ, JAAVSO, etc.). We noted that 119 papers in journals such as Astronomy and Astrophysics, MNRAS, ApJ, AJ, PASP, etc. were published using AAVSO data and assistance. The actual number is larger than this, as many posters and papers at AAS meetings use our light curves in their presentations.

If you haven't ordered your copy of the Williams/Saladyga book, Advancing Variable Star Astronomy, you should consider doing so. It is an excellent history of the AAVSO and of a Citizen Science organization in general.

Travel and meetings

Mike Simonsen did considerable travel for the AAVSO this year. He went to New Mexico in November to pick up the AAVSOnet telescopes, and distributed them to their new sites elsewhere in the southwest. He also stopped by Tom Smith's place in New Mexico and looked over the APASS and Morgan installations, and stopped in to visit Bob Stine at his California Ranchito. A few months later, Mike returned to Tom Smith's observatory to work on the Morgan telescope building. Mike was also the banquet speaker at the Big Bear Society for Astronomical Sciences (SAS) meeting, talked at the Rocky Mountain Star Stare, and gave an invited talk at the annual Mensa gathering in Texas.

Mike and I attended the "Horacefest," a special variable-star meeting at Michigan State to honor Horace Smith, who was retiring, and who has been an observer and sustaining member of the AAVSO for many years. There were some good papers, and lots of friendly conversations. I combined this meeting with the Indianapolis AAS meeting. A few weeks later, I traveled to the Southwest to work on various telescope systems (NMSU Tortugas Mountain Observatory, APASS/Morgan at DRO, setting up 2GSS on Anderson Mesa at Flagstaff). I also gave a paper and a workshop at the Giants of Eclipse meeting in Monterey, combining that trip with visits to Las Cumbres and Planewave.

In November, I took a personal vacation to Australia to view the total solar eclipse. While there, I was able to meet with several AAVSO members and observers. Linda and I then traveled to New Zealand, where I met with Albert Jones and also worked on the Mt. John AAVSOnet telescope.



3rd Solar Workshop attendees

Susan Oatney and Rodney Howe attended the 3rd Solar Sunspot Number Workshop at the National Solar Observatory Headquarters in Tucson. Rodney also went to the Brussels SSN workshop last year to represent the AAVSO sunspot observers.

We're webcasting the membership meeting part of the AAVSO Spring and Annual meetings, with good feedback. Thanks to Doc Kinne and Rebecca Turner for setting this up! At the Annual meeting, we also had a get-together for the variable star Peltier Award recipients, and had some good talks with Carroll lorg (president of the Astronomical League) on closer ties between our organizations. Carroll presented longtime AAVSO member-observer John Bortle with his AL Peltier Award, a well-deserved honor for this active visual observer and mentor.

Looking Towards the Future

Coming up over the next fiscal year will be a number of improvements in support of our observers, with more consistent interfaces to the web software. We will be adding more precision photometry to the comparison star database. APASS will complete its secondary 2-observation survey. More observing campaigns will be announced. The AAVSOnet robotic telescope network will be expanded, with all of the 24-inch telescopes coming on-line. Hopefully some of our submitted grants will be awarded. All in all, I think it will be another great year for the AAVSO!

Acknowledgements

This is not a one-person show, or even a dozen-person show. Everyone who has contributed data, made a monetary donation, volunteered their time and energy, has made this organization the success that it is. We "stand on the shoulders of giants" that came before us and built the foundation of the organization. Clint Ford contributed enormously to the organization, which is why his name bears such prominence everywhere. Previous Directors organized the association and had the vision for its future. The Council guides the AAVSO, volunteering their efforts to make the organization financially solvent and relevant. Our Committee and Section chairs handle specific areas of interest, working with enthusiastic observers and making reports to the membership and Council. Others work quietly behind the scene, acting as scientific advisors to programs, writing important software, or participating in important projects such as the Sequence Team. Finally, many institutions and government agencies see our research important enough to provide financial support. Without all of these people, the AAVSO would not exist.

Observer Totals

Our special appreciation and thanks go to our enthusiastic and dedicated observers, who are the heart of the AAVSO and whose ongoing efforts make this association vital to variable star research. Listed on the following pages are the observation totals that we have received at Headquarters.

Table 1. AAVSO Observer Totals 2012–2013 by Country.*

	No.	No.		No.	No.		No.	No.
Country	Observers	Obs.	Country	Observers	Obs.	Country	Observers	Obs.
unknown	2	18	France	39	47717	Philippines	1	115
Argentina	23	228	United Kingdom	48	75609	Poland	32	8945
Austria	5	1174	Greece	9	2111	Portugal	3	1984
Australia	32	79352	Hong Kong	1	192	Romania	12	5146
Belgium	27	438472	Croatia	3	11	Serbia	1	432
Bulgaria	3	347	Hungary	42	8874	Russian Federation	13	1821
Bermuda	1	275	Ireland	3	230	Sudan	1	1
Bolivia	2	177	Israel	1	56	Sweden	13	20347
Brazil	31	2549	India	3	429	Slovenia	3	118
Belarus	4	631	Italy	37	39505	Slovakia	3	2297
Canada	59	28419	Japan	4	833	Tunisia	1	8
Switzerland	4	98	Lithuania	1	1	Turkey	3	11986
Chile	1	2	Luxembourg	1	11	Taiwan, Province of C	China 2	83
China	17	859	Morocco	1	1	Ukraine	4	21712
Czech Republic	3	32	Mexico	2	751	United States	279	487086
Germany	40	19219	Nicaragua	1	5	Uruguay	1	6
Denmark	8	1427	Netherlands	16	3974	South Africa	3	1312
Spain	54	150491	Norway	3	292			
Finland	14	66754	New Zealand	9	4367	TOTAL	929	1538892

Table 2. AAVSO Observer Totals 2012–2013 USA by State or Territory.*

	No.	No.		No.	No.		No.	No.
State	Observers	Obs.	State	Observers	Obs.	State	Observers	Obs
APO/FPO	1	11614	 Kentucky	1	6	Oklahoma	3	190
Alabama	1	108	Maine	4	109	Oregon	6	53727
Arizona	12	4747	Maryland	4	93	Pennsylvania	10	2425
Arkansas	6	7633	Massachusetts	22	40332	Rhode Island	2	31
California	36	44439	Michigan	9	6136	South Carolina	4	108
Colorado	6	2246	Minnesota	4	569	Tennessee	2	37
Connecticut	4	498	Mississippi	1	122	Texas	20	3708
Delaware	1	17	Missouri	3	13318	Utah	2	482
District of Columbia	1	23	Montana	1	36746	Vermont	4	24
Florida	10	31015	Nebraska	2	55	Virginia	5	247
Georgia	3	3666	Nevada	1	399	Washington	5	213
Hawaii	2	1146	New Hampshire	6	9622	West Virginia	2	1154
Idaho	1	2	New Jersey	3	60	Wisconsin	7	29283
Illinois	11	39976	New Mexico	8	95320			
Indiana	9	35868	New York	14	5586	TOTAL	279	487086
lowa	2	1244	North Carolina	4	39			
Kansas	4	451	Ohio	10	2252			

^{*}Totals reflect observations made during fiscal 2012–2013 and do not include historical data (data preceding fiscal 2012–2013) submitted during fiscal 2012–2013.

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013.*

C I	0.		Marina	No.		0		Al	No.
Code	Org.		Name	Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	Obs
AAP		P.	,	1047	BCP	20		Beech, United Kingdom	21
AAN	02	A.		113	BZX		A.	,	17
JOA		J.	•	3	PNQ		R.	· ·	134
NCN	13	С.	•	468	BHS		Η.		79
HM		Н.	•	1777	BDJB		D.		4
SA		S.	<i>y</i> ,	748	BTY		T.	Benner, Pennsylvania	51
AFSA	20	F.		775	BEB		R.	3,	
ACO	20	C.	•	1174	BRIC		R.	Berg, District of Columbia	2.
ADAB	12		Alling, California	1	BGMB			Bertani, Italy	59
AJC AJC	13 15	J.	Almeida, Brazil	25 423	BANC BVG	18	A.	,	1.
AAMA	13	J.	Alonso, Spain Alsunni, Sudan	423	BRIA	10	R.	Bianciardi, Italy Biernikowicz, Poland	23
ARC		R.		149	BQM			Bignotti, Italy	14
AKV		K.		45	BALB			Biheza, Belarus	19
AEPA		E.		8	BBI	05	В.		2069
AAX	13	Α.	. 5	1641	BLOA	05	L.	Bing, China	100
AMG	13		Amorim, Brazil	12	BXN	01		Bisson, France	120
ADVA	13		Ananyev, Russian Federation	2	BXT	08	Т.		232
AKG	19	K.		39	BRAC	00	R.		10
ARLA		R.		25	BKL		J.	Blackwell, New Hampshire	6
ALQ		L.		1	BVZ		J.	Blanco Gonzalez, Spain	26
AAAA		A.	Andreenko, Russian Federation	4	BLD	10	D.		1236
ASTA		S.		3	BWZ		E.		1558
ACDA		C.	Andrione, Argentina	9	BCAD		C.	Blumenroether, Germany	19
ACAB		C.	Anicetti, California	128	BDAC	27	D.	Boan, Canada	2
AAM		A.	Arminski, Poland	718	BJAA		J.	Boardman, Wisconsin	169
٩RJ		J.	Arnold, Texas	50	BDEA		D.	Bodano, Argentina	(
ARN	01	L.	Arnold, France	161	BOH	02	D.	Boehme, Germany	18
ATE		T.	Arranz, Spain	50009	BHQ	29	T.	Bohlsen, Australia	2304
ATI	03	T.	Asztalos, Hungary	939	BVS		S.	Bolzoni, Italy	22
AAUA		Μ.	Audejean, France	793	BRJ		J.	Bortle, New York	4712
ADI	02	D.	3 , ,	248	BMF	27		Boschat, Canada	27
AAV		A.	,	7	BBW			Bose, India	7
AANC		Α.	•	1	BDLA			Boulet, Delaware	17
BJAN	03	J.		10	BMU	04		Bouma, Netherlands	3(
BOZ	03	В.	3, 3,	423	BDG	20	D.	, ,	5907
BPEA		Р.	Bagyinszki, Hungary	28	BGAC			Boyle, United Kingdom	1
BJEA		J.	Baker, Kansas	4	BMK			Bradbury, Indiana	139
BJMB BFX		J.	Baker, Michigan	6 4	BXS BJFA		S.	,,	59
BWW		R.	Baker, Ohio Bakewell, California	3	BNW	02	J.	Braune, Germany	95 19
BFO	03	J.		1132	BQC	01	J.		21
3FU	18	F.		6	BTB	O I	T.		108
BCDA	27	C.		10	BHA	02		Bretschneider, Germany	208
BALJ	14		Baldwin, New Zealand	42	BMI	02		Brewster, Texas	200
3IV	03	l.	Balogh, Hungary	5	BQE	27		Briggs, New York	38
BGZ	0.5		Banialis, Illinois	177	BJFB		J.	55	1
BTAD		T.		63	BLP	03	P.	Brlas, Hungary	22
BJOD		J.	Barentine, Texas	4	BAVB		A.	, , ,	20
BSR	18	S.	•	142	BPEB		P.	Brock, United Kingdom	890
3PO			Barrett, France	578	BOS	05		Broens, Belgium	4:
3Q	03	L.		1719	BXV	15	Χ.	. 3	
3WAA			Basso, Canada	9	BPR	01	P.	, ·	
BBA		В.		2110	BOA	01	A.	Bruno, France	1014
3WX	27	A.		153	BISA	16	I.	Bryukhanov, Belarus	53
3SJ		S.		4	BEP	04	E.	Bus, Netherlands	
BDQ		A.	Bedard, Washington	91	BANH		A.	Busato, Italy	292
3JS		J.	Bedient, Hawaii	44	BIW		N.	Butterworth, Australia	2634
	27	S.	Bedingfield, Canada	4	CAND	01		Cailleau, France	

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

ode	Org.		Namo	Obs.	C-1-	_		A.I.	
			Name	Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	Ob:
TOA		T.	Calderwood, Oregon	44	CAWA		A.	Crider, North Carolina	
CB		C.	Calia, Connecticut	321	CBLA		B.	Crosby, South Carolina	1
MN		R.	Cameron, Australia	15	CMJC		M.	Crowe, United Kingdom	3
MQ		P.	Camilleri, Australia	516	CTI	03	T.	Csorgei, Hungary	
PN	27	P.	Campbell, Canada	46	CSM	03	M.	Csukas, Romania	91
MP		R.	Campbell, Florida	852	CKB		B.	Cudnik, Texas	271
SHA		S.	Campbell, Canada	38	CIAA		I.	Curtis, Australia	562
RA		F.	Campos, Spain	18	CUU		J.	Curto Amigo, Spain	
EM	15	E.	Capella, Spain	5	DAH	80	Н.	Dahle, Norway	1
QP		A.	Capetillo Blanco, Spain	408	DMI	02	M.	Dahm, Germany	
ADA	36	A.	Cardoso, Brazil	66	DANB		A.	Dantas, Brazil	
IMB		J.	Carlini, Argentina	8	DGSA	20	G.	Darlington, United Kingdom	830
٩LB		A.	Carreno, Spain	3233	DAM	06	A.	Darriba Martinez, Spain	23
ROA		R.	Carstens, New Zealand	8	DFAA		F.	Davie, Italy	3
VEA		V.	Casanova, Spain	13	DJK		J.	Davis, Nevada	39
VΥ		A.	Cason, Georgia	4	DMA		M.	Davis, South Carolina	3
.Q		L.	Cason, South Carolina	9	DTTA		T.	De France, France	436
.AC		L.	Cassignard, France	15	DROC	05	R.	De Laet, Belgium	5
GΑ		J.	Castano, Spain	6	DENA		E.	De Miguel, Spain	18
E	01	J.	Castellani, France	556	DPP		P.	De Ponthiere, Belgium	963
(N		K.	Castle, Arizona	10	SWQ	13	W.	De Souza, Brazil	4
VO		W.	Castro, Ohio	51	DSJ	13	J.	De Souza Aguiar, Brazil	
DΖ		D.	Cejudo Fernandez, Spain	58290	DVJA	01	J.	De Vanssay, France	
ΣJ		J.	Centala, Iowa	942	DVW	05	W.	De Vriese, Belgium	
ΊA		K.	Chan, Canada	1	DSJA		S.	Dean, United Kingdom	Į.
ΙT		D.	Chantiles, California	384	DJYA		J.	Debnath, Canada	
iF		G.	Chaple, Massachusetts	5	DMIB		M.	Deconinck, France	
MB	27	D.	Chapman, Canada	10	DDAA		D.	Dedrickson, Oregon	4
SRA		G.	Chapman, Kansas	281	DFR	27	F.	Dempsey, Canada	3
DA		J.	Chase, New York	12	DDE		D.	Denisenko, Russian Federation	1
ΊB		T.	Chen, China	11	DANC		A.	Denisova, Lithuania	
IΑ		Χ.	Chen, China	94	DAT		A.	Derdzikowski, Poland	159
IJ		J.	Cheng, Pennsylvania	1	DNO		Ο.	Deren, Poland	111
)S		S.	Cheng, China	87	DAND		A.	Deshpande, India	4
Ϋ́		C.	Chiselbrook, Georgia	3654	DJID		J.	Devis, Argentina	
AM		G.	Citron, Massachusetts	10	DSI		G.	Di Scala, Australia	705
K		W.	Clark, Missouri	1	DRG		R.	Diethelm, Switzerland	
۷P		W.	Clarke, Arizona	428	DRD		R.	Dietz, Colorado	1
E		P.	Closas, Spain	361	DENB		E.	Diez Alonso, Spain	
Н	05	Н.	Coeckelberghs, Belgium	2	DLA		A.	Dill, Kansas	9
0		J.	Coliac, France	23	DRSA		R.	Dombroski, Connecticut	
K		D.	Collins, North Carolina	22	DNLA		N.	Donahue, Massachusetts	1
۱E	18	E.	Colombo, Italy	79	DRDB		R.	Dos Santos, Brazil	
IΑ		T.		1047	DRDA		R.	Dos Santos, Brazil	
SA		D.	Conner, United Kingdom	1389	DDJ		D.	Dowhos, Canada	
MB	01	E.		1	DHEA			Doyle, Massachusetts	
ΛJA		M.	Cook, Canada	6688	DSE			Du, China	
НВ		C.	Cornelissen, Netherlands	6	DPV	09	P.	Dubovsky, Slovakia	20:
Z		L.	Corp, France	3881	DROB		R.	Dudley, Vermont	
d		A.	Correia, Portugal	990	DMO	01		Dumont, France	4.
MΛ		M.	Costello, California	1931	DGTA			Duranko, New Hampshire	
LA			Cotar, Slovenia	88	DMPA			Durkin, New York	3.
BA			Cote, Massachusetts	12	DFEA			Dutton, Michigan	
GA		J.		50	DKS			Dvorak, Florida	280
)V			Coulehan, New York	10	DGP			Dyck, Massachusetts	11
VD			Cowall, Maryland	10	EMAA			Eaves, United Kingdom	3
X.X		L.		13	EHEA			Eggenstein, Germany	ا .
		L.	Crary, Florida	13	EMA			Eichenberger, Switzerland	
.EA			Ciui y, i lottua	1	LIVIA		171.	Licinchiberger, Switzerland	

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

E E E O1 O O3 SY TAN O6 RW 14 WJA SEFA SYA O3 AAA OA GA	g.	Name	No. Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs.
O 03 EY TA 06 RW 14 MJA EFFA SYA AC 13 RF 03 ALLA SJ 01 GU 02 DOKA LE DA 03 EF 18 EKA Q DU GU	L	. Elenin, Russian Federation	26	GCJ	07	J.	Gonzalez Carballo, Spain	300
EY TA 06 RW 14 NJA EFA SYA SYA AC 13 RF 03 ALA SJ 01 GU 02 DOKA LE DO 03 SEE 18 FKA Q DU CCA RRMA MIL 04 GIA MIL 04 MIL 04 GIA MIL 04 MIL 04 MIL 0	1 P.	P. Enskonatus, Germany	119	GDIA		D.	Gonz·Lez GarclA, Spain	20
TA 06 RW 14 NJA EFA SYA AC 13 RAC 13 RAD ALA SJ 01 GU 02 DKA LE DOA 03 SE 18 RKA Q DU (J CA RMA MIL 04 GISIA	3 J.	. Erdei, Hungary	109	GJIA		J.	Goodridge, Canada	1
RW 14 NJA RW NJA EFA SYA AC 13 RF 03 AD NLLA GJ 01 GGU 02 DKA LE DDA 03 SEE 18 RKA Q DU KJ CA RMA MIL 04 GIA GIA GIA RTA RIC RTA RTA RIC RTA		. Erdelyi, California	2314	GENB		E.		17
MJA EFA SYA AC 13 RF 03 AD ALLA SJ 01 GU 02 DKA LE DA 03 SEE 18 SKA Q DU CA RMA WL CA RICA RICA RICA RICA RICA RICA RICA R			116	GHN		J.	Graham, Ohio	18
EFA SYA AC 13 AC 13 AC 03 AD 01 GU 02 DKA LE 0A 03 BE 18 FKA Q 0DU CCA RMA ML 04 GGIA MIC 04 GGIA MIC 04 BZ 21 HT 27 FEA 18 TN FEB 06 AA 18 TN FDB 06 AA 18 TN FDB 06 AA 18 KOA 16 CA 18 TN FDB 06 AA 18 TN FD 06		R. Evans, New Zealand	8	GKA		K.	•	5263
SYA AC 13 RF 03 AD 01 ALA 02 DKA LE DA 03 BE 18 FKA Q DU (J CCA RMA WIL 04 GIA GIA GIA RIC 27 FEA 18 TIN FEDB 06 AA ALB LRA KOA JICA KICA KICA MID 05 QR AO MIG 04 GGU 04		V. Fahey, Nebraska	5	GPE			Grainger Observatory, New Hampshire	9
AC 13 RF 03 AD 03 AD 01 ALLA 01 BJ 01 BJ 01 BJ 02 DKA 03 BE 18 FKA Q DU GU		. Faustino, Brazil	8	GRL	08	В.		50
RF 03 RAD		. Fernandez, Argentina	6	GPMA	27	Р.	Gray, Canada	2
AD ALA SJ 01 GU 02 DKA DA 03 SE 18 FKA Q DU U KJ CCA RRMA WIL 04 GIA WIG RTA SIE BZ 21 HT 27 FEA GL 18 TN FDB 06 AA ALB LRA KOA JICA KOB J		,	8	GNJ	27	J.	•	7
ALA ALA BJ 01 GU 02 DKA E DDA 03 BE 18 KA Q DU U CA RMA MIL 04 BIA BIA BIA BIA BIA BIA BIA BI		R. Fidrich, Hungary	16 2	GDY GVD	27 16	D.	,,	1
SJ 01 GU 02 DKA E	J.		8	GOC	10	V. R.	3 ,	28 8
GU 02 DKA LE DA 03 GE 18 TKA Q DU CA RMA WIL 04 GIA GIA GIA RIC BZ 21 HT 27 FEA RIC BZ 21 HT 27 FEA RIC BZ 21 HT 27 FEA GL 18 TN FDB 06 AA ALB LRA KOA JICA KOB 05 QR AO MG MG GGU 04 SSEB MY ZN LG		, ,	8 166	GCO		c.	•	2867
DKA LE DA 03 LE DA 03 LE DA 03 LE DA 03 LE DA 04 LE DA 06 LE DA 07 LE DA 06		i. Flechsig, United Kingdom	1	GUB	05		Gubbels, Belgium	2007
E DA 03 SE 18 KA Q DOU (J CA KMA MA M		D. Flippo, Arkansas	489	GFRB	05	F.		37
DA 03 SE 18 KA Q OU (J CCA RMA MIL 04 GIA MIC 27 FEA GIC 18 FTN FTDB 06 AA ALB LRA KOA MIC 4 MIC 4 MIC 4 MIC 4 MIC 5 MIC 6 MIC 7 MIC		Florin, Romania	62	GTEA	27	T.		1
E 18 KA Q Q DU G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G		a. Fodor, Hungary	9	GPIA	21	P.	•	18
CKA Q DU U CA CA RMA MIL O4 GIA MG RTA AGI C BZ 21 HT 27 FEA GIL BT FEB 06 AA		. Foglia, Italy	5	GGX	01		Guzman, France	172
Q DU SU		Fok, Hong Kong	192	HCS	03		Hadhazi, Hungary	761
DU (J) CA KIMA MIL 04 GIA MIG RTA RIC BZ 21 HT 27 EEA FEBA GAA ALB RTA ALB RA KOA MIC KOB 05 QR AO MG GGU 04	J.		6090	HDH	03	S.		91
CJ CCA CA CMA AIL O4 GIA AIC AIC AIC AIC AIC AIC AIC AIC AIC A). Fowler, Ohio	14	HTY	05	T.	Hager, Connecticut	173
CA RMA AIL 04 BIA AIG RTA RTA RTA BIC BIZ BIC BIZ BIC	J.		243	НКВ		В.	5	203
MA ML 04 MIL 06 MIL 06 MIL 06 MIL 07 MIL	J.		1	HPIA		Р.	Hallsten, Sweden	5127
ML 04 GIA MG MG MG MG MG MIC SIZ MIC		R. Freed, California	381	HTDA		T.		14
AG ATTA ATTA ATTA ATTA ATTA ATTA ATTA A		Л. Fridlund, Netherlands	4	НМВ	05	F.	_	418020
TTA IC IC BZ 21 HT 27 EEA IB ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID		G. Frustaci, Italy	138	HDX			Hands, North Carolina	8
RIC 32 21 41 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 2	G	5. Fugman, Nebraska	50	HPL		P.	Hansen, Denmark	3
3Z 21 HT 27 FEA GL 18 FDB 06 AA AAA BL RA KOA HCA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO MG GGU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	R	R. Fuller, Texas	18	HMF		M.	Hardies, Florida	5
HT 27 FEA GL 18 FDB 06 AA ALB RA KOA CCA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO AO AG GGU 04 FEB MYY ZN LG	R	R. Furgoni, Italy	29591	HBB		B.	Harris, Florida	789
FEA GL 18 TN FDB 06 AA ALB RA KOA CCA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO MG GGU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	1 C). Gabzo, Israel	56	HMQ		M.	Harris, Georgia	8
GL 18 FN FDB 06 AA ALB LRA KOA ICA KOB 05 QR AO MG GU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	7 G	G. Gaherty, Canada	1	HSTA		S.	Harrold, Texas	1
TN FDB 06 AA ALB RA KOA CCA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO AG GGU 04 SEB MY KN KG	F.	. Gallego, Spain	20	HHU	05	Н.	Hautecler, Belgium	187
FDB 06 AAA ALB RA KOA ICA KI MID KOB 05 QR AO AG GGU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	3 G	G. Galli, Italy	4	HAB		R.	Hays, Illinois	590
AAA ALB RAA KOA CA KI MD KOB O5 QR AO IG GGU O4 SEB MY KN LG	Т	. Gandet, California	169	HMH		M.	Heald, APO/FPO	11614
ALB LRA KOA CCA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO MG GGU 04 GEB MY ZN LG	5 F.	. Garcia, Spain	32	HPGA	27	P.	Heath, Canada	5
LRA KOA KOA KI MD KOB O5 QR AO MG GGU O4 SEB MY ZN LG	P.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	82	HBAA			Heinemans, Netherlands	1
KOA ICA KI MD KOB 05 QR AO MG GGU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	Α	•	87	HGBA	03		Heitler, Hungary	11
CCA (I MD KOB 05 QR AO MG GU 04 SEB MY ZN LG	L	•	17	HQA			Henden, Massachusetts	5660
KI MD KOB 05 QR AO AG GU 04 SEB MY KN AG	K	,	84	HPMA		P.	Henrichs, Texas	49
MD KOB 05 QR AO GG 04 GEB MY KN GG	J.	•	9	HCW		C.		49
COB 05 QR AO AG GU 04 GEB MY CN GG		C. Geary, Ireland	89	HJUC		J.	Herrero, Canada	1331
QR AO MG GU 04 SEB MY ZN .G		A. Geldorp, Canada	20	HMV			Hessom, California	72
AO AG GU 04 SEB MY ZN .G		K. Geukens, Belgium	3	HNDA	0.5		Hewitt, United Kingdom	13
IG GU 04 IEB MY IN G		R. Gherase, Romania	9 4	HEY	05		Heyndrickx, Belgium	25
GU 04 GEB MY ZN .G		A. Giambersio, Italy	· ·	HKEB			Hills, United Kingdom	935
SEB MY ZN .G		A. Gibaja, Spain	1	HIVA		I.	Hinojosa Castro, Argentina	1-
MY ZN .G		G. Gilein, Netherlands G. Girard, Oklahoma	565 81	HDHA HJX	13	D. J.	Hinzel, Virginia Hodar Munoz, Brazil	17
ZN .G		л. Glennon, Ireland	3	HEK	11	E.		18
.G		A. Glez-Herrera, Spain	4224	HFF	11	T.	<i>5</i> ,	10
		G. Gliba, Maryland	46	HDF			Hohman, New York	1
		5. Glitscher, Germany	10	HXA			Hollander, California	21
B 31		V. Goff, California	19343	HGUA			Holmberg, Sweden	5191
SAB		. Gomez, Spain	19343	HKAA			Honkova, Czech Republic	12
OT 06		. Gomez, Spain	3961	HOO	04		Hoogeveen, Netherlands	85
D 00		. Goncalves, Brazil	7	HJG	U *1	J.	5	50
ZA		Gonzalez, Argentina	, 5	HJZ		J.	Horne, California	538
FDA 27		. Gonzalez, Canada	7	HFMA			Hornung, Chile	2

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

07g. 114 220 23 112 111 233 23 23 26 6 27 220 25 220	S. A. S. J. G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Name Hotea, Romania Hovell, New Zealand Howell, Florida Howerton, Kansas Hudson, California Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada Johnston, United Kingdom	Obs. 5 2353 517 73 21 1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KCD KGT KSP KJAE KLO KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNTA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	05 03	G. S. J. L. R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. N.	Knight, Maine Kobryn, Poland Kocsmaros, Serbia Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	1. 8 3. 43. 80. 5. 65. 183. 360. 9
220 233 112 111 233 233 236 267 270 290 295	S. A. S. J. G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Hovell, New Zealand Howell, Florida Howerton, Kansas Hudson, California Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	2353 517 73 21 1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KGT KSP KJAE KLO KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	05 03	G. S. J. L. R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. N. V. A.	Knight, Maine Knight, Maine Kobryn, Poland Kocsmaros, Serbia Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	37: 1: 8. 33: 43: 80: 55: 65: 183: 9. 9. 1378: 378:
220 233 112 111 233 233 236 267 270 290 295	A. S. J. G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Howell, Florida Howerton, Kansas Hudson, California Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	517 73 21 1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KSP KJAE KLO KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	S. J. L. R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. N. V. A.	Knight, Maine Kobryn, Poland Kocsmaros, Serbia Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	8 3 43 80 5 65 183 360 9 378
111 111 111 1133 112 111 111 111 111 111	S. J. G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Howerton, Kansas Hudson, California Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	73 21 1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KJAE KLO KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KAF KKKC	03	J. R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. N. V.	Kobryn, Poland Kocsmaros, Serbia Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	3 43 80 5 65 183 360 9
111 111 111 1133 112 111 111 111 111 111	J. G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Hudson, California Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	21 1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KLO KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	L. R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. V.	Kocsmaros, Serbia Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	43 80 5 65 183 360 9
111 111 111 1133 112 111 111 111 111 111	G. R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Hurst, United Kingdom Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	1488 85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KRV KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	R. M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. V.	Koff, Colorado Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	80 5 65 183 360 9
111 111 111 1133 112 111 111 111 111 111	R. E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Huziak, Canada Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	85 290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KHL KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	M. R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. V.	Kohl, Switzerland Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	5 65 183 360 9 378
111 111 111 112 113 113 113 113 113 113	E. P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Illes, Hungary Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	290 13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KRS KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	R. E. M. A. T. G. A. T. V.	Kolman, Illinois Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	65 183 360 9 378
111 111 111 112 113 113 113 113 113 113	P. M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Ingrassia, Argentina Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	13 12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KERA KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	E. M. A. T. G. A. T. V. A.	Kolodziejski, New Jersey Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	183 360 9 378
111 111 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113	M. L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Irrera, Argentina Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	12 28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KMA KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	M. A. T. G. A. T. N. V.	Komorous, Canada Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	360 9 378
01 03 03 03 06 27 20 05	L. J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Izzo, Italy Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	28 13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KALA KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	A. T. G. A. T. N. V. A.	Kong, Taiwan, Province of China Kooji, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	360 9 378
01 03 03 03 06 27 20 05	J. M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. S. K. C.	Jacobsen, Denmark Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	13 75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KTOA KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	T. G. A. T. N. V.	Kooij, Netherlands Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	360 9 378
01 03 03 03 06 27 20 05	M. P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jacquesson, France Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	75 82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KGEB KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	G. A. T. N. V. A.	Koops, Belgium Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	360 9 378
03 03 06 27 20 05	P. T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jacquet, France Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	82 1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54	KOS KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	A. T. N. V. A.	Kosa-Kiss, Romania Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	360 9 378
03 03 06 27 20 05	T. D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jakabfi, Hungary Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	1 43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KTJA KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO		T. N. V. A.	Kostelecky, Washington Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	9 378
03 06 27 20 05	D. N. R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jakubek, Poland James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	43 507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KNIA KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	N. V. A.	Kourounis, Greece Kousa, Spain	378
06 27 20 05	N. R. J. R. G. D. S. K.	James, United Kingdom James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	507 53495 96 24 423 54 2	KVTA KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	V. A.	Kousa, Spain	378
06 27 20 05	R. Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	James, New Mexico Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	53495 96 24 423 54	KAF KFK KTC KWO	03	A.	· •	
06 27 20 05	Z. J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jankovics, Hungary Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	96 24 423 54 2	KFK KTC KWO	03		Voyace Hungary	13
06 27 20 05	J. R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jenkins, New Mexico Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	24 423 54 2	KTC KWO		_	Kovacs, Hungary	
27 20 05	R. G. D. S. K. C.	Jenkins, Australia Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	423 54 2	KWO		١.	Krafka, Texas	1
27 20 05	G. D. S. K. C.	Jimenez Lopez, Spain Johns, Canada	54 2			T.	Krajci, New Mexico	67
27 20 05	D. S. K. C.	Johns, Canada	2	1/01/	02	W.	Kriebel, Germany	105
20 05	S. K. C.			KRK		K.	Krisciunas, Texas	
05	K. C.	Johnston, United Kingdom		KRO		B.	Krobusek, New York	
	C.		25	KCSA		C.	Krstanovic, New Hampshire	1
20		Jonckheere, Belgium	4	KTZ		T.	Krzyt, Poland	28
		Jones, United Kingdom	77	KBA		B.	Kubiak, Poland	13
	J.	Jones, Oregon	52192	KUC	01	S.	Kuchto, France	57
	B.	Jordan, Tennessee	4	KMAD		M.	Kulich, Slovakia	
	P.	Jordanov, Bulgaria	231	KBO		R.	Kuplin, Arizona	1
03	L.	Juhasz, Hungary	187	KAPB		A.	Kurtz, Massachusetts	
	M.	Kaczmarech, Brazil	2	KSQ		S.	Kuznetsov, Russian Federation	149
02	F.	Kahle, Germany	47	LCR	15	C.	Labordena, Spain	72
	P.	Kalajian, Maine	10	LTK	03	T.	Lacko, Hungary	1
03	C.	Kalup, Hungary	10	LHS		Н.	Lacombe, Canada	4
02	A.	Kammerer, Germany	32	LBEA		B.	Lafonte, Colorado	48
	S.	Kamoun, Tunisia	8	LSA	17	S.	Lahtinen, Finland	
	T.	Kantola, Finland	22987	LPB		P.	Lake, Australia	9
	S.	Karge, Germany	33	LPEA		P.	Lancaster, Australia	1
19	K.	Karlsson, Sweden	27	LDJ	27	D.	Lane, Canada	424
19	T.	Karlsson, Sweden	3487	LTO	02	T.	Lange, Germany	
	B.	Karr, Massachusetts	11	LCCA		C.	Langley, Utah	
	E.	Kato, Australia	52	LFK	11	F.	Larsen, Denmark	
	R.	Kaufman, Australia	27	LKR		K.	Larsen, Connecticut	
	J.	Kay, Vermont	14	LTEA		T.	Larson, Minnesota	
	F.	•	101	LJOD		J.	Lasuik, Canada	
06	M.		8	LBRA		B.		
17		•	671	LZT				76
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27 19								
27 09	٠.	5			18			
	K				10			2
17 29		J. F. M. P. J. S. J. K. R. R. S. M.	J. Kay, Vermont F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin M. Kearns, Spain P. Kehusmaa, Finland J. Kendall, New York S. Kerr, Australia S. Keszthelyi, Hungary J. Ketchum, Missouri K. Kida, Poland R. King, Minnesota R. King, Virginia S. Kinsella, Canada M. Kititsa, Ukraine P. Klages, United Kingdom	J. Kay, Vermont 14 F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin 101 M. Kearns, Spain 8 P. Kehusmaa, Finland 671 J. Kendall, New York 16 S. Kerr, Australia 1 S. Keszthelyi, Hungary 119 J. Ketchum, Missouri 6 K. Kida, Poland 64 R. King, Minnesota 445 R. King, Virginia 157 S. Kinsella, Canada 4 M. Kititsa, Ukraine 6 P. Klages, United Kingdom 3 K. Klindt-Jensen, Denmark 465	J. Kay, Vermont 14 LTEA F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin 101 LJOD M. Kearns, Spain 8 LBRA P. Kehusmaa, Finland 671 LZT J. Kendall, New York 16 LDRB S. Kerr, Australia 1 LVAA S. Keszthelyi, Hungary 119 LMT J. Ketchum, Missouri 6 LJY K. Kida, Poland 64 LCLA R. King, Minnesota 445 LPD R. King, Virginia 157 LVY S. Kinsella, Canada 4 LJAB M. Kititsa, Ukraine 6 LRUA P. Klages, United Kingdom 3 LMI K. Klindt-Jensen, Denmark 465 LROA	J. Kay, Vermont 14 LTEA F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin 101 LJOD M. Kearns, Spain 8 LBRA P. Kehusmaa, Finland 671 LZT J. Kendall, New York 16 LDRB S. Kerr, Australia 1 LVAA S. Keszthelyi, Hungary 119 LMT J. Ketchum, Missouri 6 LJY 17 K. Kida, Poland 64 LCLA R. King, Minnesota 445 LPD 01 R. King, Virginia 157 LVY S. Kinsella, Canada 4 LJAB M. Kititsa, Ukraine 6 LRUA P. Klages, United Kingdom 3 LMI K. Klindt-Jensen, Denmark 465 LROA 18	J. Kay, Vermont 14 LTEA T. F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin 101 LJOD J. M. Kearns, Spain 8 LBRA B. P. Kehusmaa, Finland 671 LZT T. J. Kendall, New York 16 LDRB D. S. Kerr, Australia 1 LVAA V. S. Keszthelyi, Hungary 119 LMT M. J. Ketchum, Missouri 6 LJY 17 J. K. Kida, Poland 64 LCLA C. R. King, Minnesota 445 LPD 01 P. R. King, Virginia 157 LVY D. S. Kinsella, Canada 4 LJAB J. M. Kititsa, Ukraine 6 LRUA R. P. Klages, United Kingdom 3 LMI M. K. Klindt-Jensen, Denmark 465 LROA 18 R.	J. Kay, Vermont F. Kazmierski, Wisconsin M. Kearns, Spain R. Kehusmaa, Finland J. Kendall, New York S. Kerr, Australia J. Ketchum, Missouri K. Kida, Poland K. King, Minnesota R. King, Minnesota B. Lawless, Canada B. Lawless, Canada B. Lawless, Canada B. Lawless, Canada Canada B. Lawless, Canada

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

				No.	1				No.
Code	Org.		Name	Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	Obs.
LJDB		J.	Lindsay, Texas	4	MJOC		J.	Michail, New Jersey	7
LMK		Μ.	Linnolt, Hawaii	1102	MMAI		M.	Micheli, Italy	3
LERA		E.	Lipka, Poland	42	MPGA		P.	•	2
LSTA		S.	, 3	654	MVH		V.	•	165
LCO			Littlefield, Indiana	25176	MXL	20	R.	Miles, United Kingdom	1
LSZ		S.		3	MIW	20	I.	Miller, United Kingdom	17179
LJΧ	01	J.	•	21	MRBA		R.	•	585
LTE	20	T.	, ,	2276	MKYA		K.	•	4
LMAB			Locke, New Zealand	12	MZS	03		Mizser, Hungary	130
LGV			Lopatynski, California	88	MRV		R.	•	227
LJOC	06		Lopesino, Spain	63	MHH		J.		1079
LRD			Loring, Utah	481	MDAD		D.	,	59
LBG			Lubcke, Wisconsin	1582	MKSB			Mogk, Canada	1
LIRB		l.	Lubiszewski, Poland	22	MOD		D.	•	1
LMJ	17		Luostarinen, Finland	1460	MMAK			Mollinari, United Kingdom	1
MDW	27		Macdonald, Canada	3905	MISA		I.	Monks, United Kingdom	19
MSAB		S.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	MDPA			Monteiro, Portugal	4
MRGA		R.	• '	61	MMOI			Montero Reyes Ortiz, Bolivia	3
MMRT			Magris, Italy	31	MJOH	20	J.	, 3	328
MQA		Α.	•	1308	MEV	01	E.	•	19696
MDAV	47		Majors, California	23	MDJA	0.1		Moriarty, Australia	863
MVO	17	V.	· · · · ·	585	MOI	01	Ε.	,	15
MJHN	20	J.	, 3	30	MOW			Morrison, Canada	3940
MCPA	17		Maloney, Arkansas	2355	MMX	27		Motta, Massachusetts	5
MESB	17	E.	3 , ,	5	MPS	27	Р.	•	81
MCHP	20	C.	, 3	27	MKCA			Mrazek, Austria	11
MBJA MKE		В.	,	12	MMH			Muciek, Poland	112
MGK		B.	Manske, Wisconsin Maravelias, Greece	440 2	MALG MROB			Mueller, Germany	16 9
MXI	18	Α.		1112	MCLA	27	R. C.		3
MFB	18	F.		707	MGSA	06		Muler, Spain	69
MTON	20	Т.		837	MDU	00	D.		56
MMN	18		Martignoni, Italy	991	MGAB			Murawski, Poland	84
UIS01	10	J.	Martin, Illinois	502	MMIC			Muro Serrano, Spain	9134
MHWA			Martinez, Argentina	11	MUY	05		Muyllaert, Belgium	4106
MVIA		٧.		23	MGW	05		Myers, California	10554
MSAC	27	S.	'	3	NJT	03	J.		10334
MAGA		Α.		12	NDQ	01		Naillon, France	100
MMIK			Matessa, California	2	NTA	13	T.		4
MTH			Matsuyama, Australia	9615	NCEA		C.	Nascimento, Brazil	19
MTM			Mattei, Massachusetts	1	NFSA		F.	Naso, Argentina	11
MERA		E.		18	NRNA		R.	Naves, Spain	647
MPR		P.		400	NLX		P.	Nelson, Australia	9389
MMAJ			MaöEk, Czech Republic	4	NREA	27	R.		6
MMAG			Mcallister, United Kingdom	4	NLZ	03	L.		26
MJHA		J.		194	NBB			Neuman, Vermont	4
MCOA			Mccann, Arkansas	87	NJO	02		Neumann, Germany	681
MDP	27	P.	Mcdonald, Canada	909	NMI			Nicholas, Arizona	28
MTRA		T.		4	NOT			Nickel, Germany	50
MJB		J.	Mcmath, Arkansas	4669	NJL	01	J.	Nicolas, France	6
MMAE		M.	Mcneely, Indiana	7	NHS	11		Nielsen, Denmark	1
MEP			Medicis, New York	5	NTHB		T.		10
MED	20		Medway, United Kingdom	769	NCH		C.	Norris, Texas	111
MFR		F.	Melillo, New York	20	NAO			Novichonok, Russian Federation	116
MDUA		D.	Menezes, Brazil	1	NANB		A.	Nyholm, Sweden	23
MLIB		L.	Meng, China	7	OCN		S.		275
MZK		K.	Menzies, Massachusetts	28325	ONJ		J.	O'Neill, Ireland	138
		_	Merrill, California	400	046		Δ	Odasso, Italy	4
MDEN		υ.	Merrii, Camornia	138	OAS			Ogmen, Turkey	4

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	No Obs
		NI.			1			Poxon, United Kingdom	34
AONC		J.	Ohuo, Japan Ojanpera, Finland	8 118	POX PYG			Poyner, United Kingdom Poyner, United Kingdom	34 850
DAR	17	л. А.		40315	PMAC			Prado, Argentina	630
DARA	17	Α.		40313	PAI		Α.		1
DEDA	13	E.	. '	29	PMB			Prokosch, Texas	,
ONAA	13	N.		17	PAGA			Prosz, Hungary	1
DAD		Α.		31	PUJ	06	F.		64
OSE		S.	Otero, Argentina	2	PHEA	00		Purkaer, Denmark	04
OSJ		J.	Otero Saiz, Spain	2	PARA			Purroy, Spain	
ווכ		J.	Ott, Colorado	51	PHG		н.		11
OCR	05		Otten, Belgium	22	QYIA		Υ.		2
DEH	05	E.	Ozturk, Turkey	3	QW	02		Quester, Germany	1
PLA	13		Padilla Filho, Brazil	37	QFI	05	F.	*	'
PSD	13	S.	Padovan, Spain	6273	RKE	02		Raetz, Germany	44
PLN	02	L.	Pagel, Germany	15	RKM	02		Raetz, Germany	1
PLP	02	L.	Palazzi, Italy	850	RBK	02	В.		1
PPAB		P.	Palma, Italy	12	RMW			Rapp, Texas	
PGIA		G.	Paone, Italy	48	RRD	14	R.	Rea, New Zealand	
PTFA		T.	Papadimitriou, Greece	186	RTN	• • •	Т.		
PPS	03	S.	Papp, Hungary	937	REP	24	P.	Reinhard, Austria	31
PGC	05		Pappa, Italy	5	RFP	13	P.		2
PSAA		S.	Parker, Massachusetts	10	RNA	38		Rezsabek, Hungary	_
PST		S.		3	RJG	30	J.		99
PNIA		N.	Paschalis, Greece	110	RMP			Ricard, Canada	1
2))	15	J.	Pastor, Spain	28	RIX	29	Т.	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1343
PPGA	13	P.	Pastusiak, Poland	2	RHM			Richmond, New York	3
PNIB			Paul, India	3	RCCA		С.		12
PKV		K.	•	1172	OJR		J.	Ripero Osorio, Spain	286
PEX	14		Pearce, Australia	7613	RDEA		D.		85
PEI	11	E.		918	RIV			Rivera, Italy	
PEG	01		Peguet, France	713	RJWA		J.	Robertson, Arkansas	
PSJA	27	S.	Pellarin, Canada	2	REE		E.	Robinson, United Kingdom	2
PWD		W.	Pellerin, Texas	179	RPT		P.	Rochford, Alabama	10
PNNA		N.	Pereira, unknown	7	RJWB		J.	Rock, United Kingdom	730
PRVA		R.	Pereira, Brazil	5	RAEA		A.		113
PCX	15	C.	Perello, Spain	2	RFC		F.	Rodriguez Bergali, Spain	3
PLFA		L.		1	RMU	06	M.	Rodriguez Marco, Spain	163
PAAA		J.	Perez Trevino, Mexico	3	RZD		D.	Rodriguez Perez, Spain	29
PZSA		Z.	Perko, Hungary	1	ROE		J.	Roe, Missouri	1331
PWL		W.	Perry, Arizona	32	RANC		A.	Roerig, Germany	6
PGD		G.	Persha, Michigan	953	ROG		G.	Ross, Michigan	19
PGIB		G.	Petricca, Italy	3	RMH	05	M.	Rosseel, Belgium	
PXR	20	R.	Pickard, United Kingdom	11303	RGN		G.	Rossi, Italy	4
PROC		R.	Pieri, France	11	RR		R.	Royer, California	3
PREB		R.	Pierre, France	27	RVR	07	V.	-	
PJEA		J.	Pinheiro, Brazil	18	RNL		N.	Ruocco, Italy	
PALD		A.	Pintea, Romania	1	RTH		T.	Rutherford, Tennessee	3
PIJ	03	J.	Piriti, Hungary	831	RZM			Rzepka, Poland	67
PMAA		M.	Pirtac, Romania	23	SRIC		R.	Sabo, Montana	3674
PPL		P.	Plante, Ohio	106	SJQ		A.	Sajtz, Romania	24
PAW	29	A.		2283	SSU		S.	, ·	77
AST	12	R.	Podesta, Argentina	41	SMRK			Salisbury, United Kingdom	107
PURA			Poje, Slovenia	14	SJGA	06	J.	-	5
PRX		R.	Poklar, Arizona	4074	SQL	26		Salvo, Uruguay	
PEVA		E.		63	SAH	-		Samolyk, Wisconsin	2029
PVEA		V.	Popov, Bulgaria	115	DSS	06	Α.	-	2027
PRV		R.		147	SPEA	-	Р.	Sanchez, Nicaragua	
PWR		R.	Powaski, Ohio	10	SGE	27		Sarty, Canada	2
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Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs
SDAV	- : 3*			143	SVAE	9•	\/	Stanimirov, Bulgaria	
SFS		S.	Scanlan, United Kingdom Schiff, Virginia	64	STR		v. R.		889
RBR			Schippers, Netherlands	626	SDB		D.		1001
UF		C.		39	SPET		P.	Starr, Australia	204
ANO	04		Schoenmaker, Netherlands	7	SJAT		J.		78
AQ	04		Scholten, Netherlands	18	SMIB		M.	Stauffer, Idaho	
MAM			Scholze, Germany	2	SYO		T.		49
GLE		G.	Schrader, Australia	154	SABB		A.	Steenkamp, United Kingdom	
YU	02	M.	Schubert, Germany	703	STI		P.		76
BEA	02	В.	Schwarz, Germany	10	SWIL			Stein, New Mexico	4024
JEA	01	J.	•	464	SET			Stephan, Ohio	64
DSA			Segat, Argentina	2	SIF	27	Μ.		2
DMA			Selmo, Brazil	2	SRB			Stine, California	9
SAB		S.	•	8	SDI	20		Storey, United Kingdom	2
SVA SIV			Sequeira, Argentina	8 58	SFU SWIA	29		Streamer, Australia Strickland, Texas	840
MRC	01	I.	Sergey, Belarus Serreau, France	58 5	SIAK		I.	Strikis, Greece	1 41
NOA	ΟI		Setaro, Argentina	11	SNJ			Stritof, Slovenia	1:
FJA		F.		40	SRX	14		Stubbings, Australia	150
SSTA	27	S.	• •	164	SUK			Stuka, California	150
SHS		S.	•	3379	SAC	02		Sturm, Germany	9
SDP		D.		4	SUS	02		Suessmann, Germany	27
SJV		J.		1	SUH		M.	Suhovecky, Indiana	
SFY	20	J.	Shears, United Kingdom	2037	SJAR		J.	Suomela, Finland	56
YC		C.	Sheppard, Canada	1	SWV		D.	Swann, Texas	38
LH		L.	Shotter, Pennsylvania	615	SSW		S.	Swierczynski, Poland	15
SYF			Siciarz, Poland	60	SJME		J.	, ,	1
SNJC			Sidanez, Argentina	12	SKIT	03	K.	. 3 ,	
SWTA			Sie-Hilland, Canada	1	SZW		R.	3.	57
SLUC		L.	•	161	SAO	03	Α.	, 3 ,	2
GQ	10		Sigismondi, Italy	80	SXB	0.2		Szczerba, Poland	
PAO	18	P.	. , ,	492	SLY	03	L.	5 ,	9
SGPA SSJB	27		Silva, Brazil	18 1	SKB SJAF	03	В. J.	, 3	1
SBN	37 13	S. ^	Silva, Brazil Silva Barros, Brazil	56	TPMA		л. Р.	Szydlowski, Poland Taggart, Canada	
MCA	37		Silveira, Brazil	3	TUO		U.	Tagliaferri, Italy	4
GEO	37		Silvis, Massachusetts	823	TMAA			Talero, Spain	5
SNE			Simmons, Wisconsin	6695	TJOB		J.	Tapioles, Spain	,
XN			Simonsen, Michigan	4554	TDB	27		Taylor, Canada	19
ANG			Sing, Philippines	115	TSZ	03	S.	· ·	2
STOC			Sitek, Czech Republic	16	TBA			Tekatch, Canada	
GOR		G.		2286	TPV		P.	Temple, New Mexico	61
SDN		D.	Slauson, Iowa	302	TPS	03	I.	Tepliczky, Hungary	3
SDAB		D.	Smales, United Kingdom	106	TJJA		J.	Terceros, Argentina	
SANB		A.	Smirnov, Russian Federation	41	TDN		D.	Terpstra, Arizona	
MI			Smith, United Kingdom	46	TFM		F.	Teyssier, France	
BAD			Smith, United Kingdom	5	TTU			Tezel, Turkey	5
HA			Smith, Michigan	173	TSP		S.	Thiennot, France	5
JE		J.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	TILA		l.	Thomas, Canada	
STB		S.	•	137	ASV01			Thompson, Australia	
LEE		L.	, ,	18	GPJ	0.2	P.		40
STC		S.	*	1	TIA	03	Α.	, 3 ,	48
TAK	16	T.		11 5	TLEB		L.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2039
KA BX	10	Κ. Δ			TBRA TRL		B.	Tobias, Texas Togni, Arkansas	2
SJOS		A. J.		31 4	TIV		K. I.	Torreadrado, France	2'
JZ		J.		1668	TNAA			Torres, Argentina	1
SXR	03		Sragner, Hungary	5	TFR		F.	Travaglino, Italy	4
	00		Staels, Belgium	2832	TRF			Trefzger, Switzerland	7

Table 3. AAVSO Observers, 2012–2013, cont.*

Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs.	Code	Org.		Name	No. Obs.
TJC		J.	Truax, Michigan	5	WCB		C.	Webster, Pennsylvania	5
TYGA		Y.	Tsao, Taiwan, Province of China	80	WPT		P.	Wedepohl, South Africa	55
TSJ		S.	Tsuji, Japan	36	WEI		D.	Weier, Wisconsin	2
TUC	10	C.	Turk, South Africa	21	WEL		D.	Welch, Canada	1
TYS		R.	Tyson, New York	367	JJAA		J.	Welch, Massachusetts	10
UAN	03	A.	Uhrin, Hungary	26	WKL	02	K.	Wenzel, Germany	806
UJHA		J.	Ulowetz, Illinois	29635	WWAA		W.	Westlake, Arizona	3
UMAA		Μ.	Urbanik, Slovakia	242	WDT		D.	Wetherington, Florida	4
VPAA			Valleli, Massachusetts	2	WDO			Whelan, Rhode Island	23
BVE	04		Van Ballegoij, Netherlands	1319	WJAA		J.	Whinfrey, United Kingdom	165
VBR		Н.	Van Bemmel, Canada	11	WFOA		F.	Wierda, Finland	1
VHJA			Van Den Broeck, Belgium	3	WTHB	19	T.	Wikander, Sweden	2529
HAGA		A.	Van Der Hoeven, Netherlands	878	WLEA		L.	Wikholm, Finland	5
VDL	05	J.	Van Der Looy, Belgium	131	WTHA		T.		2
VDE	04		Van Dijk, Germany	44	WI			Williams, Indiana	13
VNL	05	F.	Van Loo, Belgium	583	WPX	29	P.	Williams, Australia	4101
VLYA		L.	Van Rooijen-Mccullough, Netherlands	114	WLP	05	P.	.,	21
VSH	05	Н.	Van Sebroeck, Belgium	1	WAJA	20	A.	Wilson, United Kingdom	55
VUG	04	G.	Van Uden, Netherlands	119	WWJ		В.	Wilson, United Kingdom	1009
VWS	05	J.		663	WBH		R.	,	67
VBH	05	Н.	Vandenbruaene, Belgium	16	WSN		T.	Wilson, West Virginia	1151
VSD	05	D.	Vansteelant, Belgium	18	WERA		E.	Wines, New York	1
VKN		K.	Vardijan, Croatia	2	WAS	02	A.	Winkler, Germany	16
VCJA	27		Vaughan, Canada	6	WKM		M.	Wiskirken, Washington	1
VVEA	17	٧.	Vauhkonen, Finland	1	WBS		R.	Wobus, Maryland	9
VED	01	P.	Vedrenne, France	4120	WGI	02	G.	Wollenhaupt, Germany	1
VCLA		C.	Veliz, Vermont	3	WBT		R.	Wolpert, California	14
VWE	05		Verbraecken, Belgium	10	WGO		G.	Wood, North Carolina	8
VET	01	Μ.	Verdenet, France	11	WWD		W.	Wood, Arizona	1
VMAA		Μ.	Vieira, Brazil	17	WUB	04	E.	Wubbena, Netherlands	197
VBI	03	В.	Vigh, Hungary	3	WCG		C.	Wyatt, Australia	8
VGK		G.	Vithoulkas, Greece	1302	XYUA		Y.	Xing, China	2
VPZ	03	P.	Vizi, Hungary	42	YBRA		В.	Yang, China	21
VFK	02	F.	Vohla, Germany	4793	YTXA		T.	Yang, China	1
VALC		A.	Voishchev, Russian Federation	4	YPFA		P.	York, Australia	15
VOL		W.	Vollmann, Austria	813	YBA		В.	Young, Oklahoma	8
VVC			Voropaev, Russian Federation	4	YDV		D.	Young, Massachusetts	125
VVE		V.	Vrhovac, Croatia	3	YJOA		J.	Young, Massachusetts	73
WEO		E.	Waagen, Massachusetts	1	YON		R.	Young, Pennsylvania	13
WLY		L.	Wade, Mississippi	122	YYIA		Y.	Yu, China	2
WXR	19	R.	Wahlstrom, Sweden	1896	ZMAA		M.	,	55
WNBA			Wakefield, United Kingdom	28	ZAD		D.	. ,	3
WGR		G.	Walker, New Hampshire	9473	ZALB	37	A.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15
WEQ		E.	Waller, Virginia	8	ZMAC			Zbrudzewski, California	12
WBY		В.	Walter, Texas	111	ZPA		P.	Zeller, Indiana	5
WJX		J.	Wan, Australia	2	ZCHA		C.	3.	12
WYUE		Y.	Wang, Oregon	170	ZQIA			Zhang, California	16
WYUD		Y.	Wang, China	21	ZGEA			Zhao, China	357
WGE		G.	Ward, West Virginia	3	ZIN		S.		37
WJOB	19	J.	Warell, Sweden	18	ZDAC			Zubovic, Croatia	6
WAU		A.	Wargin, Poland	71	ZGA	03	G.	Zvara, Hungary	51
WAB		В.	Warner, Colorado	700					

^{*}Totals reflect observations made during fiscal 2012–2013 and do not include historical data (data preceding fiscal 2012–2013) submitted during fiscal 2012–2013.

These codes, which appear in the Table (AAVSO Observers 2012–2013), indicate observers are also affiliated with the groups below:

- 01 Association Française des Observateurs d'Étoiles Variables (AFOEV)
- 02 Bundesdeutsche Arbeitsgemeinschaft für Veränderliche Sterne e.V. (BAV) (Germany)
- 03 Magyar Csillagàszati Egyesület, Valtózocsillag Szakcsoport (Hungary)
- 04 Koninklijke Nederlandse Vereniging Voor Weer-en Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Netherlands)
- 05 Vereniging Voor Sterrenkunde, Werkgroep Veranderlijke Sterren (Belgium)
- 06 Madrid Astronomical Association M1 (Spain)
- 07 Asociacion de Variabilistas de Espagne (Spain)
- 08 Norwegian Astronomical Society, Variable Star Section
- 09 Ukraine Astronomical Group, Variable Star Section
- 10 Astronomical Society of Southern Africa, Variable Star Section
- 11 Astronomisk Selskab (Scandinavia)
- 12 Liga Iberoamericana de Astronomia (South America)
- 13 Rede de Astronomia Observacional (Brazil)
- 14 Royal Astronomical Society of New Zealand, Variable Star Section
- 15 Agrupacion Astronomica de Sabadell (Spain)
- 16 Association of Variable Star Observers "Pleione" (Russia)
- 17 URSA Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section (Finland)
- 18 Unione Astrofili Italiani (Italy)
- 19 Svensk Amator Astronomisk Förening, Variabelsektionen (Sweden)
- 20 British Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section
- 21 Israeli Astronomical Association, Variable Star Section
- 24 Astronomischer Jugendclub (Austria)
- 26 Red de Observadores (Montevideo, Uruguay)
- 27 Royal Astronomical Society of Canada
- 29 Variable Stars South (New Zealand)
- 31 Center for Backyard Astronomy
- 36 Nucleo de Estudo e Observação Astronomica—Jose Bazilicio de Souza (Florianopolis, Brazil)
- 37 Clube De Astronomia De Sao Paolo (Brazil)
- 38 AAK—Albireo Amateur Astronomy Club Public Association (Hungary)

Table 4. Observation statistics for fiscal year 2012–2013.*

Observations	No. Observations	% of All	No. Observers
(increments of 1000)	per increment	Observations	per increment
0 – 999	95433	6	803
1000 – 1999	51853	3	38
2000 - 2999	42926	3	18
3000 - 3999	36826	2	10
4000 - 4999	47961	3	11
5000 - 5999	32771	2	6
6000 - 6999	25746	2	4
7000 – 7999	21973	1	3
8000 - 8999	33848	2	4
9000 – 9999	47242	3	5
10000+	1102313	72	27

^{*}Totals reflect observations made during fiscal 2012–2013 and do not include historical data (data preceding fiscal 2012–2013) submitted during fiscal 2012–2013.

The International Variable Star Index (VSX) Sebastián Otero and Patrick Wils

As years go by, more and more new variable stars are being discovered, not only by the growing number of sky surveys but also by amateurs equipped with CCD or DSLR cameras. It is a challenge to keep our database up to date with such a flood of information but we struggle to reach that goal without compromising the quality of the data included in VSX.

VSX was conceived and created by amateur astronomer Christopher Watson in response to the specific desires of the members of the Chart Team and the Comparison Star Database Working Group of the American Association of Variable Star Observers (AAVSO), and the broader perceived need for a globally-accessible central "clearing-house" for all up-to-the-minute information on variable stars, both established and suspected. The VSX web site was designed to be the on-line medium by which variable star data are made available to the general public, and through which the data are maintained, revised, and commented upon. This database literally comes alive with the input from the world of registered contributors.

In order to keep VSX up to date and populated with the latest corrected findings, registered and approved individuals constantly review and revise the metadata, always citing sources for any new details, and fully documenting the rationales behind any additions or changes. By maintaining a strict version control on all records, the history of the gathered knowledge on each variable star can be traced, validated, and followed up on by those who rely on this information to be accurate and true.

This report covers activity from January 1, 2013, to December 31, 2013.

Number of Submissions and Revisions

After 2012's record of 2,273 new stars submitted, we had 1,880 this year, but the number of submitters grew from 71 to 76 (a total of 222 users have submitted at least one new star or revision since VSX's creation).

The mean number of submissions per month was 157 against 206 from last year. These numbers are related to a new policy of accepting up to 5 stars a day from the same submitter/team. This policy had to be implemented because there are very prolific teams submitting data-mining results to VSX and it was taking too much time to review all those individual submissions.

The number of average monthly revisions made by users has almost remained the same, only changing from 21 last year to 22 in 2013. Sebastian's personal count per month shrank from 205 in 2012 to 133 in 2013, with 1594 revisions made over the whole year.

A great deal of his time is devoted to moderating submissions and revisions and to guiding observers through the submission process. Questions about catalogues and data analysis and especially issues concerning variable star classification are continuously being discussed via e-mail as part of the moderation process.

Patrick's work importing new catalogues and discoveries/lists coming from published papers resulted in 69,388 new stars added (compared with 10,158 last year) and 10,347 revisions to known variable stars (5,449 in 2012).

To have a good idea of what the number 69,388 means, the number of stars that made up the VSX original population (back in 2005)—and consisted basically of the entire GCVS/NSV catalogues and the variable star lists from ASAS, NSVS and Downes—was 133,659. In this year alone we added 71,268 stars (Patrick + individual submitters), 53.3% of the number of all variable stars we had in the database when we started! Also, we had more stars added last year than the previous 4 years combined!

New variables being announced through survey pages and alert lists continue to be imported almost in real time.

You can check what's new on VSX by trying one of the special searches (like "Changes since last login") in the VSX search page.

Duplicate Records

VSX ended 2013 with 284,635 records. We don't call them stars because there are still many duplicate records among them. In the framework of the primary record creation work (which means that all the information available is used to update a star's detail sheet), Sebastian hid 823 duplicate entries this year, plus 10 unclassified duplicate objects. 4,826 duplicate records have been hidden since the primary record creation work started back in 2011 (4,936 counting the unclassified ones). Patrick hid another 100 records this year after cross-identifications were made while importing new lists.

A total of 21,823 objects have been hidden since VSX was launched in 2005. Hidden objects are kept in the database (but not displayed to the public) because they include information, such as a name or object type, that is needed by background users, for example, AAVSO Headquarters staff.

Incorrect Identifications Corrected

More incorrect identifications are being found in the process of cleaning up the VSX database.

23 incorrect cross-identifications in VSX have been corrected in 2013 (usually incorrect identifications made by surveys).

41 GCVS/NSV identifications have also been corrected and reported to the GCVS team (there were 51 in 2012). Several of them were made by Jerome Caron and François Kugel on behalf of the Dauban Survey and double-checked by the VSX team.

Cross-Identifications (Between Objects) Added

402 new cross-identifications between VSX records were established in 2013 and the 402 resulting duplicates were deleted (1934 in total since 2011).

Work on VSX/VSD/AID Inconsistencies and Problems with Submitted Data

More work was devoted this year to clean up the AID from errors caused by duplicate entries in VSX.

Several years ago, unclassified objects (not visible to the public) were added to VSX for objects with data in the AAVSO International Database (AID) that were not classified as variables. They had old names or non-standard abbreviations in the AAVSO Validation File. Those stars were independently added to VSX when they were published in the GCVS or in some other imported list and their corresponding unclassified objects then became duplicates. In several cases, we ended up having observations in two different records for the same object. If observers haven't realized that a new name was given, they might still be reporting the star with its old-fashioned name, so this is a good chance to make a public warning: if you find your star's name to be odd (not a GCVS name) or having been used since the pre-VSX era (before 2005), checking the object's VSX entry to see what its current primary name is won't hurt. We still need to merge lots of data from different pairs of duplicates, but if observations are not reported to the wrong records anymore that will be a big help in not perpetuating the problem. (Once all the observations are merged under the star's primary record, we delete the incorrect duplicate AAVSO Unique ID (AUID) number so no one can submit data under the wrong name anymore). We corrected 97 such records in 2013.

Checking data submitted to the AID due to the duplicate problems allowed us to find

several other issues with the submitted data caused by a variety of reasons, from a bug in the photometry software to crowding problems, both of which cause wrong identifications, duplicate submissions under different names but the same AUID, or blended photometry results. The observers were and are being contacted to solve these problems. We urge observers to double-check their images to properly identify the stars being reported.

Sometimes different AUIDs for different observations of the same object were found in VSX and in the AAVSO Variable Star Database (VSD) (containing data on all the stars that appear on every AAVSO VSP chart or photometry table) because the star was first used as a comparison star and then discovered to be variable. Several of these cases were checked. The duplicate AUIDs were deleted. The stars that turned out to be irregular variables or variables with amplitudes greater than 0.05 mag. were excluded from comparison stars sequences. We had 17 of them this year. Some others only needed a remark warning CCD observers not to use them but were okay for visual use so they were kept. The Sequence Team is informed of these changes so they can replace the deleted comparison stars if needed.

Thus, VSX is a core application that interacts with almost everything else in the AAVSO universe, from other software tools to the observers submitting data via WebObs. We try to improve it every day, solving inconsistencies and updating the database with the most recent data available.

We thank all the people who submit new discoveries and revisions to VSX and all the AAVSO staff that help in the cleaning-up process.

Section Reports

Cataclysmic Variable (CV)

Section Leaders: Mike Simonsen, 2615 S. Summers Road, Imlay City, MI 48444

Gary Poyner, 67 Ellerton Road, Kingstanding, Birmingham, B44 0QE,

England

CV Section Website

The CV Section website is hosted by Google at:

https://sites.google.com/site/aavsocvsection/Home

This year featured two substantial observing campaigns, Cataclysmic Variables to be Monitored for HST Observations and the Z CamPaign. The Hubble CV campaign was organized by Drs. Boris Gaensicke (Warwick University), Joseph Patterson (Columbia University, Center for Backyard Astrophysics), and Arne Henden (AAVSO) on behalf of a consortium of 16 astronomers. They requested assistance in the monitoring of 41 targets from September 2012 to September 2013. The Z CamPaign completed its fourth year in September, resulting in a paper by Simonsen and 14 co-authors, summarizing the results to date. The paper has been accepted for publication in *The Journal of the AAVSO (JAAVSO)* in early 2014.

The main features on the home page are a left-hand news column and navigation box, a center column feature story and recent pre-prints for arXiv on CVs, and a right-hand column with Activity at a Glance (outbursts from the past 72 hours), CV outbursts from CRTS, and boxes for the Z CamPaign, Hamburg Survey CVs, and the Long-Term Polar Monitoring Program.

The home page is maintained and updated daily, often several times per day by section co-leaders Simonsen and Poyner. All the remaining content, including the blog, feature articles, and interviews, is written, edited, and maintained by Simonsen.

There is now a forum devoted to Cataclysmic Variables on the AAVSO website. We discuss cataclysmic variables, potential targets, observing techniques, recent activity, campaigns, resources for information, and more. This list is very much like the stars in question—sudden outbursts of activity followed by periods of quiescence.

Simonsen and Poyner also moderate the CVnet Yahoo mail lists. The three CVnet lists are:

CVnet Discussion

The discussion list has 267 subscribers. The past year's activity is best described as an announcement list. Actual discussion seldom takes place. Notes from AAVSO Alert Notices, IAU Circulars, and Astronomers Telegrams get forwarded here also.

CVnet Outburst

Outburst list has 248 subscribers. This list has daily activity and is used by observers to announce outburst detections and unusual behavior of CVs, as well as Z Cam standstills and time series results.

CVnet Circular

The *Circular* has 178 subscribers and is edited and maintained by Chris Watson and Mike Simonsen. Daily average magnitudes of all the CVs in the AAVSO International Database are calculated and tabulated for a 30-day period and distributed via email each Monday.

Charts and Sequences

Section Leader: Mike Simonsen, 2615 S. Summers Road, Imlay City, MI 48444

The Team

While we refer to the International Variable Star Plotter (VSP) as an Automated Chart Plotter, there is still a lot of work that goes on behind the scenes to make these "automated" charts available. There are real people who work tirelessly day after day, reducing data from the APASS survey and other AAVSOnet telescopes, loading it into the database, selecting the stars for sequences, documenting the work that is done, updating the lists of new and revised sequences, and checking off the requests for new sequences as they are completed.

The charts and sequences team is made up of volunteers and staff who work countless hours each month revising old sequences and creating new sequences. The current active members of the charts and sequences team are Sara Beck, Thom Bretl, Tim Crawford, Robert Fidrich, Keith Graham, Jim Jones, Mati Morel, Sebastian Otero, and Mike Simonsen.

Our most active team members account for about 90% of the work, notably Tom Bretl, Tim Crawford, and Jim Jones. Sebastian Otero provides invaluable insight into bright star catalogs and photometry as well as southern hemisphere sequences. He also adds new stars to VSX in a timely fashion and advises us on various other topics.

The Tools

The primary tool, SeqPlot, displays stars with reliable photometry in three colors, green, red, and blue. This makes it easy for team members to select non-red and non-blue stars based on B-V color. Selecting a star for a sequence is done by clicking on that star, which in turn sends it to a text file, formatted for uploading into the variable star/comparison star database, VSD.

Files and notes on sequences are shared through the sequence team mail list. Simonsen collects and archives the files, evaluates the submissions, uploads data to VSD, checks the resulting charts, and notifies the observers of updates every other month via the AAVSO website.

The other important tool in the sequence chain is the VSD Admin tool, which allows team members to access, edit, add, and delete information from the comp star database.

Changes are all tracked online in a Google spreadsheet accessible to the public at:

https://spreadsheets.google.com/ccc?key=0Ar0ujdSb5ufQdEhkTE5jREhWRm95dDRial M0R1ZGREE&hl=en&pli=1#gid=0

We have been actively addressing reported errors and issues, and requests for sequence revision and additions via CHET, the chart error tracking tool, which allows observers to report and track the progress of chart issues. CHET can be accessed on the website at:

http://www.aavso.org/chet

Of the 601 reports currently residing in CHET only 105 remain unresolved as of October 1, 2013.

Photometry

Photometry available in SeqPlot includes the Tycho database, Bright Star Monitor data, Henden 1M USNO calibrations, new releases of APASS data as they become available, and several sources from AAVSOnet, including SRO, and the Wright telescopes.

All the new photometry used in 2013 came from APASS, which now covers the entire sky down to approximately 16th magnitude in V.

The Website

The sequence team has its own website, created and maintained by Simonsen, where team members, especially new team members, can find instructions on how to use SeqPlot, guidelines for sequence creation and revisions, photometric resources outside SeqPlot, a tutorial on how to use ASAS data, and a list of current projects and priorities. The team site can be viewed online at:

https://sites.google.com/site/aavsosequenceteam/Home

Results

The results speak for themselves in the improved quality of the sequences available to observers and the speed and efficiency with which revisions and new sequences can be implemented with the system in place now. Below is the total number of revised and new sequences produced by the team since 2009.

Year	Number
2013	787
2012	860
2011	655
2010	437
2009	268

2012 saw the launch of the new AAVSO Binocular Program, consisting of 153 stars in the northern and southern hemispheres. They are mostly semiregulars and Miras, with a few other types sprinkled in. Most of the stars range between 3.0 and 9.5V and can be observed best using simple hand-held binoculars.

The team has selected special sequences for these stars. Additionally, special "Binocular Charts" can now be plotted that will display only those comparison stars selected for the sequence for that star.

The team is currently developing selected sequences for DSLR photometry to be used in conjunction with the DSLR Photometry Manual to be published in 2014.

Eclipsing Binary

Section Leaders: Gerard Samolyk, P.O. Box 20677, Greenfield, WI 53220

Gary Billings, P.O. Box 263, Rockyford, Alberta TOJ 2R0, Canada

Two papers containing 692 times of minima for 248 stars observed by 18 observers were submitted to *JAAVSO*. These papers included the remainder of the previously unpublished CCD data that was received by the EB committee before the EB section was created. Observers who would like to contribute data to these papers in the future should upload their observations to the AID and send a copy to gsamolyk@wi.rr.com.

Times of minima published by the AAVSO continue to be added to the Lichtenknecker Database maintained by the BAV. This is the most comprehensive database of EB times of minima. An English language interface to this database can be found at: http://www.bav-astro.de/LkDB/index.php?lang=en.

Using observations received in 2013, the light elements of over 60 stars on the AAVSO legacy program have been updated for the 2014 Ephemeris. Most of these corrections are small.

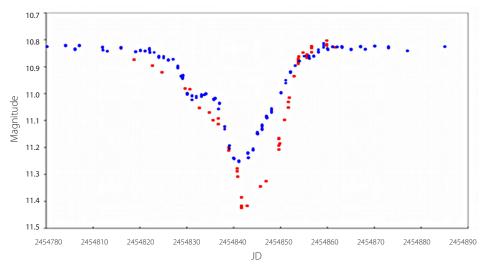
Last year, a list of 17 neglected legacy stars was included in this report. Since then, at least one time of minimum was received for all but two of these stars. Please use the list below when planning your observations.

Legacy stars that have not been observed since 2009: AC Tau and AG Vir.

Legacy stars that have not been observed since 2010: ZZ Boo, UU Leo, BO Mon, FL Ori, AQ Peg, and RU UMi.

Legacy stars that have not been observed since 2011: AR Aur, CT Her, RY Lyn, UZ Lyr, TX UMa, and XZ UMa.

In the summer of 2014 the next eclipse of EE Cephei will occur. This is a disk-type eclipser that is a shorter-period cousin of Epsilon Aur. This star has an orbital period of 5.6 years. The predicted date for the next mid-eclipse is 22 Aug, 2014. The plot shown on the next page shows the significant difference in the shape of the previous two eclipses in V band. One possible explination for the difference is a change in the orientation of the disk as it passes in front of the primary star.



Observations of the 2009 eclipse of EE Cep (blue dots). The 2003 eclipse (red dots) is shown for comparison.

It is recommended that observers image EE Cep, using all available filters, for at least four weeks centered on the predicted mid-eclipse. Comparison magnitudes are available on the variable star plotter (VSP) page of the AAVSO website (aavso.org). For best results, take several images at one time and average the results, repeating the process for each filter.

Long Period Variable (LPV)

The Long Period Variable section is currently inactive. Observers who are interested in leadership or other support for the LPV section should contact AAVSO Headquarters (aavso@aavso.org).

The primary goals of the section are: to facilitate the long-term observation, both visually and electronically, of the Legacy LPVs in the program; and to promote other scientifically significant LPV targets for observers to follow. We are particularly interested in encouraging and guiding visual observers to include LPVs in their target selection and in building their own observing programs. As with all Sections, the LPV section requires both healthy leadership and interest from the larger observer community. The AAVSO encourages both LPV observers and users of AAVSO LPV data in their research to get involved with the AAVSO LPV section.

Nova Search

The Nova Search Section is being redesigned. Information will be available on the AAVSO website as work in this section develops.

Photoelectric Photometry

Section Leader: James H. Fox, P.O. Box 135, Mayhill, NM 88339

The AAVSO Photoelectric Photometry (PEP) program has continued to attract new members during the past year as detailed in the 2013 AAVSO Newsletters. The cadre of active PEP observers have contributed 1,769 observations through a variety of standard filters during the period. We continue to provide accurate measurements of bright stars.

Observers also have contributed measurements to specific campaigns, including b Per for Dr. Bob Zavala, USNO Flagstaff; CH Cyg for Dr. Margarita Karovska, Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics; P Cyg for Ernst Pollmann, Leverkusen, Germany. A special treat this year was the appearance of a bright nova, N Del 2013 (now V339 Del), that was bright enough to follow for almost a month with our PEP equipment.

Heartfelt thanks to each observer for their contribution! Sincere thanks also go to Dr. Matthew Templeton for his assistance in coordinating the PEP work at AAVSO Headquarters.

AAVSO International Database PEP data contributors 2012–2013

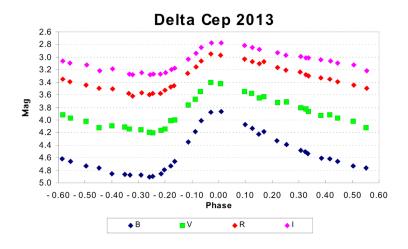
Name	Location	Observer Initials	Total
Tom Calderwood	Oregon	CTOA	44
Charles Calia	Connecticut	CCB	211
Giorgio Di Scala	Australia	DSI	36
James Fox	New Mexico	FXJ	243
James Kay	Vermont	KJMB	14
John Martin	Illinois	UIS01	44
Frank Melillo	New York	MFR	20
Hans Nielsen	Denmark	NHS	1
Adrian Ormsby	Michigan	OAD	31
Gerald Persha	Michigan	PGD	953
Patrick Rochford	Alabama	RPT	108
Thomas Rutherford	Tennessee	RTH	33
Richard Tyson	New York	TYS	1
Erwin Van Ballegoij	Netherlands	BVE	19
Henri Van Bemmel	Canada	VBR	11
TOTAL			1,769

Short Period Pulsator

Section Leader: Gerard Samolyk, P.O. Box 20677, Greenfield, WI 53220 **Section Webmaster: Shawn Dvorak**, 1643 Nightfall Drive, Clermont, FL 34711

The Short Period Pulsator Section is responsible for stars in the instability strip of the HR diagram. Over the years there has been an emphasis on RR Lyr and δ Sct stars but Cepheids have not received much attention. Below is a light curve of δ Cep obtained in 2013. Multiple images of the field were taken through each filter on random nights. The photometry for each night was averaged and plotted to phase. A list of interesting Cephied stars can be found on the section website at:

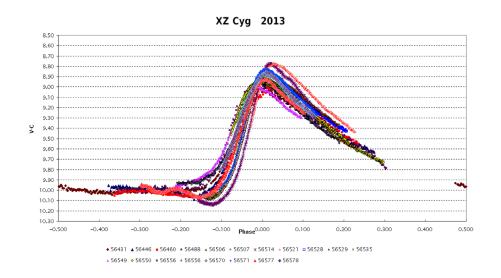


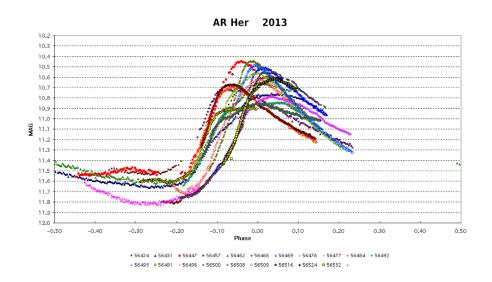


A paper containing 192 times of maxima of 61 stars was published in *JAAVSO*. This paper contained the reduction of data sent to the section chair by six observers in 2012. Times of maximum published by the AAVSO are included in the GEOS database that can be found at: http://dbrr.ast.obs-mip.fr/. Any observer who would like to contribute data to these papers should upload their observations to the AID and send a copy to gsamolyk@wi.rr.com.

In 2013, observations were received on all but three of the stars on the AAVSO RR Lyr legacy program. The three stars are: DG Hya, DH Hya, and WW Leo. Using these observations, the light elements of 13 stars on the AAVSO legacy program have been updated for the 2014 ephemeris. This ephemeris is posted on the AAVSO SPP Section website.

We had good coverage of several legacy stars that exhibit a Blazhko effect. Below are the light curves for XZ Cyg and AR Her. While most observers concentrate their observations around the maximum, it should be noted that there are significant differences in the light curve from cycle to cycle at all phases, particularly at minimum. Observations at all phases are important and necessary for the analysis of the light curve.





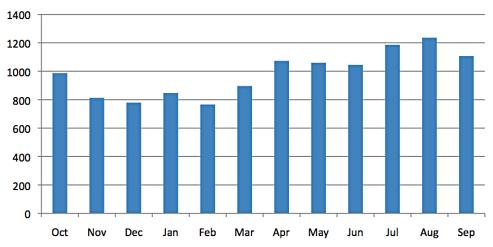
Solar

Section Leader and SID Group Leader: Rodney Howe, 3343 Rivaridge Drive,

Fort Collins, CO 80526

Sunspot Group Leader: Kim Hay, 76 Colebrook Road, Yarker, ON KOK 3NO, Canada

There were a total of 11,795 observations of optical sunspot and group counts for October 2012 through September 2013.



Sunspot observations counts, October 2012–September 2013.

AAVSO Solar Awards (sunspots) are awarded for submitting 1,500 monthly reports and increments of 1,500. This year 17 obsrvers are receiving Sunspot awards, as shown below.

Solar Ionospheric Disturbance (SID) Report

For the last twelve months overall SID Activity has gone from eight months of northern hemisphere solar activity to three months of southern hemisphere activity. The year started off with a moderate activity of SIDs in October 2012 through January 2013, but then in February through September 2013 we began seeing a few more M-class flares and one X-class flare in May. Our observer ranks have increased by six and we still have on average fourteen to sixteen vigilant in their watch for the next solar flare events coming up in solar cycle 24.

There were a total of nineteen observers submitting reports this last year and a total of 287 reports were sent in. I want to thank all the observers for their efforts in monitoring the sun as it begins a new solar cycle.

SID Observer awards are given to observers after having submitted more than 40 reports to the group this year inclusive and increments of 40. Four observers are eligible for an award this year.

Solar Section Observer Awards for 2012–2013

Si	ını	spo	ots

Observer Initials	Total Year Total	Category Name	Observer Initials	Total Year Total
HRUT MARE	1251 68 1006 88	3500 Observations Robert Brown Tom Fleming Miyoshi Suzuki	BROB FLET SUZM	3725 287 3557 249 3652 283
SIMC	1542 97	4500 Observations German Morales		
DGP	2114 233	Chavez	CHAG	4663 334
BMF LEVM	2568 197 2515 218			
		SID		
DUBF KNJS	3222 246 3201 249	Name	Observer Code	
MCE SCGL URBP VARG	3110 265 3162 212 3033 190 3134 215	Roberto Battaiola Francois Steyn Frank Adamson Susan Oatney	A96 A102 A122 A125	
	HRUT MARE SIMC DGP BMF LEVM DUBF KNJS MCE SCGL URBP	Initials Total HRUT 1251 68 MARE 1006 88 SIMC 1542 97 DGP 2114 233 BMF 2568 197 LEVM 2515 218 DUBF 3222 246 KNJS 3201 249 MCE 3110 265 SCGL 3162 212 URBP 3033 190	SIMC 1542 97 4500 Observations German Morales Chavez	Society Substitution Substitut

Young Stellar Objects

Section Leader: Michael Poxon, 9 Rosebery Road, Great Plumstead, Norfolk NR13 SEA, England

The section began last year with a lot of energetic activity and has now settled down somewhat into Main-Sequence respectability, even though the stars we study thankfully haven't! Cooperation with professional astronomers continues, and a new page has been added to the website to reflect this aspect of the section, whose URL is:

http://www.starman.co.uk/ysosection/

The increased coverage of not just the "old" AAVSO program stars such as T Tau and RW Aur but also less well-known objects such as V1331 Cyg and V561 Cyg is a good step forward. I may want to re-introduce the search for UXORs among stars catalogued as Algol-type Eclipsing Binaries following the recent discovery that FX Vel is one such object. A good target for our Southern observers, and a brightie to boot. To this end I may add another page to the website listing all the candidate EA stars within 5° of the galactic equator.

Since a cursory glance through such resources as the *IBVS* issues often turns up quotes about how little certain stars have been studied at optical wavelengths, the potential for our members is large, and increasing. A good year of consolidation.

Treasurer's Report October 1, 2012–September 30, 2013

Tim Hager, *Treasurer, AAVSO, 49 Bay State Road, Cambridge, MA 02138*

The financial figures provided herein are prepared in a way similar to past years to provide a statement of income and expenses. The only change is that the withdrawals and cash distributions from the endowment funds have been removed from the income category and are shown as a separate line. AAVSO also has its finances audited yearly by an independent external auditor and that report is available on request.

Income for the year totaled \$683,331. The primary sources of funding include grants (75%), bequests and donations (12%), and membership dues (10%).

As was the case last year, a significant portion of the organization's income was from various grants including \$203,334 for NASA's Chandra mission education and public outreach, \$58,452 from the National Science Foundation (NSF) for Citizen Sky and \$226,740 from NSF for the Two Eyes—3D education initiative. These three grants will continue to be a major source of income for the organization in fiscal year 2014 but at lower levels and 2014 will be the last year for Citizen Sky and Two Eyes—3D. Given the tighter fiscal climate in Washington, we expect that grants will be more difficult to obtain for the foreseeable future.

We received numerous donations from many benefactors and we are very grateful to all who support the AAVSO through their contributions and planned giving. These sources of income will become more critical to the organization as grant funds become increasingly difficult to obtain.

Expenses for the year totaled \$1,401,369 with salaries and benefits being the major contributor (81%). Investment advisory expense was high due to a one time buy-in fee of \$32,416 from the splitting of the endowment investments (see below).

Not included in the year's expenses were purchases of capital assets which remain of value and useful to the association over multiple years. These capital items consisted of telescopes, camera equipment, and computer equipment mostly for the Second Generation Synopic Survey or AAVSOnet and totaled \$22,437. Only \$2,147 was not specifically covered by a grant or contribution.

Finally, the endowment funds again saw an increase in value this fiscal year ending the year at \$13,057,419 after withdrawals, distributions, and expenses compared to an ending balance of \$12,536,842 last year. In February 2013 the council voted to split the endowment between two fund managers in an effort to increase the returns on our investments. In mid-March, half the endowment balance was moved from Modera Wealth Management to The Investment Fund for Foundations (TIFF). The council is continuing to explore all options to maximize the investment earnings in our endowment.

2013 Income

Dues income Sales Meetings, CCD School, Choice Grants Bequests and Donations Bank interest and royalties	\$66,135 4,669 11,399 514,556 85,181 1,391
Total Income	\$683,331
2013 Expenses	
Staff salary costs	\$748,512
Contract/temp salaries	198,049
Payroll tax, benefits,	
and other costs	185,451
Building maintenance	3,621
Utilities, cleaning, insurance	19,276
General office expenses	33,463
Postage	8,241
Legal and accounting	10,090
Publications	2,626
Technical operations	
(including AAVSOnet)	19,756
Internet	12,438
Meetings	23,376
Travel	63,218
Miscellaneous	17,968
Investment Advisory Expense	55,284
Total Expenses	\$1,401,369

Shortfall	(\$718,038)
Distributions from Endowment*	
Withdrawals from Endowment Net	677,388 \$ 75,240

^{*} A distribution from TIFF in the amount of \$90,802 counted in the amount above was made on September 30, 2013, but was not received until early October 2013.

AAVSO Officers, Council Members, and Section Leaders for Fiscal Year 2013–2014

You may contact these persons through AAVSO Headquarters.

Officers

Director	Arne A. Henden	(term of office: 2005–2016)
President	Jennifer Sokoloski	(2013–2014)
1st Vice President	Jim Bedient	(2013–2014)
2nd Vice President	Kristine M. Larsen	(2013–2014)
Secretary	Gary Walker	(2009–2014)
Treasurer	Tim Hager	(2012–2014)
Clerk	Arne A. Henden	(2009–2014)

Council Members

Edward F. Guinan	(2008–2014)
Roger S. Kolman	(2011–2015)
Chryssa Kouveliotou	(2011–2015)
John Martin	(2011–2014)
Kevin Paxson	(2012-2014)
Donn R. Starkey	(2010-2014)
David G. Turner	(2009–2015)
Doug Welch	(2013-2015)

3. Officers, Staff, and Volunteers

Section Leaders

Cataclysmic Variable Mike Simonsen, Gary Poyner

Charts and Sequences Mike Simonsen

Eclipsing Binary Gerard Samolyk, Gary W. Billings

Photoelectric Photometry James H. Fox

Short Period Pulsator Shawn Dvorak, Gerard Samolyk

Solar

Section Chair Rodney H. Howe

Sunspot Group Leader Kim Hay

Solar Flare/SID Observing Group
Solar Bulletin Editor
Young Stellar Objects

Journal of the AAVSO Editor

Rodney H. Howe
Michael Poxon
John R. Percy

AAVSO Headquarters Staff

Sara Beck Technical Assistant, Special Projects

Gloria Ortiz Cruz Data Entry Technician

Jordan Gibson Administrative Assistant (from February 2014)

Arne Henden, Ph.D. Director

Richard Kinne Astronomical Technologist, Information Technology

Will McMain Web Developer

Sebastián Otero External Consultant, VSX Team, Spanish Translations Lauren Rosenbaum Administrative Assistant (through January 2014) Michael Saladyga, Ph.D. Technical Assistant, *JAAVSO*, *Newsletter*, and *Annual*

Report Production Editor, Archives, Library

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Rebecca Turner Operations Director

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Elizabeth O. Waagen Senior Technical Assistant, JAAVSO Associate Editor,

AAVSO Newsletter and Annual Report Editor

Donna Young Lead Educator, Chandra Education/Public Outreach

Office, SAO/NASA

AAVSO Volunteers

AAVSO members are very generous with their time and talents. Many of the programs and services we offer would not be possible without the participation of member volunteers. They are regularly involved in teaching new observers, writing articles for our publications, vetting submissions to the *Variable Star Index*, and the creation of charts and comparison star sequences.

We take this opportunity to recognize these special people who volunteered during the fiscal year, and to say *thank you* for another year of valuable contributions of time and expertise.

Mentor Program

Robert Fidrich

Patrick Abbott	Bill Goff	Peter Nelson
Barry Beaman	Keith Graham	Stefano Padovan
John A. Blackwell	Tim Hager	Alan Plummer
Tom Bretl	Jerry Hubbell	Chuck Pullen
Tim Crawford	Rick Huziak	Donn Starkey
Bill Dillon	Roger Kolman	Chris Stephan
Shawn Dyorak	Michael Linnolt	

Ken Menzies

Variable Star Index (VSX) Moderators

Robert Fidrich	Рa	tric	k	۷	۷	il	S
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Charts and Sequences

Thom Bretl	Robert Fidrich	Jim Jones		
Tim Crawford	Keith Graham	Mati Morel		

Speakers Bureau

Raymond Benge	Roger S. Kolman	Michael Rupen	
Tom Bretl	Doug Lombardi	Arif Solmaz	
Tim Crawford	Alex McConahay	Chris Stephan	
Pamela Gay	Mario Motta	Bob Stine	
Keith Graham	Gordon Myers	Paul Temple	
Albert Holm	Chuck Pullen		

Kate Hutton Michael Richmond

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AAVSO Newsletter Contributing Authors

Mark BradburyRoger KolmanPat RochfordDave CowallSusan OatneyGerry SamolykRodney HoweKevin B. PaxsonChris StephanLaszló KissJohn R. PercyBob Stine

Volunteer Translators for the Manual for Visual Observing of Variable Stars

Fatemeh Bahrani Péter Molnár Seiji Tsuji

Jaime García Dominique Naillon

AAVSO Part-time Help

We also take this opportunity to recognize our part-time help, and to say *thank you* for a job well done.

Aaron Sliski Anisha Sharma Shouvik Bhattacharya

3. Officers, Staff, and Volunteers



4. Science Summary: AAVSO in Print

These pages present a partial listing of all literature using AAVSO data or resources. The majority of these listings were taken from the arXiv.org preprint archive, with others contributed directly by the authors themselves. It is intended to show the extent to which the observations of AAVSO observers are used in modern astronomical literature.

AAVSO data contributed by thousands of observers over decades is vital to variable star research. Annually, AAVSO Headquarters receives from 200 to 300 requests for data from researchers, members, observers, and educators. The AAVSO data are used extensively to correlate multi-wavelength observations of variable stars, to schedule ground-based and satellite observations, and for analysis of stellar behavior. Papers using AAVSO data are published by researchers, members, observers, and AAVSO staff. These papers are a testimony to the dedication and contribution of thousands of observers around the world who contribute data to the AAVSO International Database.

- G. J. Madsen, B. M. Gaensler, "A Precision Multi-Band Two-Epoch Photometric Catalog of 44 Million Sources in the Northern Sky from Combination of the USNO-B and Sloan Digital Sky Survey Catalogs" (Sep 24, 2013)
- Jeremy Shears, "The British Astronomical Association and the Great War of 1914-1918" (Sep 20, 2013)
- G. Kordopatis, G. Gilmore, M. Steinmetz et al., "The RAdial Velocity Experiment" (RAVE): Fourth data release" (Sep 17, 2013)
- Hilding R. Neilson, Richard Ignace, Gary D. Henson, "Long-term polarization observations of Mira variable stars suggest asymmetric structures" (Sep 16, 2013)
- R. Lopez-Coto, O. Blanch Bigas, J. Cortina et al., "Search for TeV gamma-ray emission from AE Aqr coincident with high optical and X-ray states with the MAGIC telescopes" (Sep 10, 2013)
- L. Molnar, L. Szabados, R. J. Dukes et al., "Analysis of the possible Blazhko-effect Cepheid V473 Lyrae" (Sep 9, 2013)
- M. E. Lohr, A. J. Norton, U. C. Kolb et al., "One, two or three stars? An investigation of an unusual eclipsing binary candidate undergoing dramatic period changes" (Sep 6, 2013)
- Paula Szkody, Anjum S. Mukadam, Boris T. Gaensicke et al., "Hubble Space Telescope and Ground-Based Observations of V455 Andromedae Post-Outburst" (Sep 5, 2013)
- E. Banyai, L. L. Kiss, T. R. Bedding et al., "Variability of M giant stars based on Kepler

4. Science Summary: AAVSO in Print

- photometry: general characteristics" (Sep 4, 2013)
- M. Hillen, T. Verhoelst, H. Van Winckel et al., "An interferometric study of the post-AGB binary 89 Herculis I Spatially resolving the continuum circumstellar environment at optical and near-IR wavelengths with the VLTI, NPOI, IOTA, PTI, and the CHARA Array" (Aug 30, 2013)
- Makoto Kishimoto, Sebastian F. Hoenig, Robert Antonucci et al., "Evidence for a receding dust sublimation region around a supermassive black hole" (Aug 29, 2013)
- John C. Martin, Franz-Josef Hambsch, Raffaella Margutti et al., "The Tell-Tale Heart: Brightness Fluctuations in the Decline of SN 2009ip" (Aug 16, 2013)
- Elia M. Leibowitz and Liliana Formiggini, "The peculiar light curve of the Symbiotic Star AX Per of the last 125 years" (Aug 16, 2013)
- Joseph E. Rodriguez, Joshua Pepper, Keivan G. Stassun et al., "Occultation of the T Tauri Star RW Aurigae A by its Tidally Disrupted Disk" (Aug 9, 2013)
- Ivan L. Andronov, Vitalii V. Breus, "Variability of the Spin Period of the White Dwarf in the Magnetic Cataclysmic Binary System EX Hya" (Aug 8, 2013)
- Lovro Palaversa, Zeljko Ivezic, Laurent Eyer et al., "Exploring the Variable Sky with LINEAR. III. Classification of Periodic Light Curves" (Aug 1, 2013)
- C. Snodgrass, C. Tubiana, D. M. Bramich et al., "Beginning of activity in 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko and predictions for 2014/5" (Jul 30, 2013)
- Klaus Bernhard and Stefan Huemmerich, "New Mira Variables from the MACHO Galactic Bulge Fields, part II" (Jul 28, 2013)
- Chikako Nakata, Tomohito Ohshima, Taichi Kato et al., "WZ Sge-type dwarf novae with multiple rebrightenings: MASTER OT J211258.65+242145.4 and MASTER OT J203749.39+552210.3" (Jul 25, 2013)
- Zhibin Dai, Shengbang Qian and Linjia Li, "Updated photometry and orbital period analysis for the polar object AM Herculis on the upper edge of the period gap" (Jul 19, 2013)
- Ondrej Pejcha, "Burying a Binary: Dynamical Mass Loss and an Optically-Thick Wind Explain the Candidate Stellar Merger V1309 Scorpii" (Jul 15, 2013)
- N. Vogt, A.-N. Chene, A. F. J. Moffat et al., "A photometric study of the nova-like variable TT Arietis with the MOST satellite" (Jul 11, 2013)
- Mark J. Pecaut, Eric E. Mamajek, "Intrinsic Colors, Temperatures, and Bolometric Corrections of Pre-Main Sequence Stars" (Jul 10, 2013)
- M. Netopil, E. Paunzen, "Towards a photometric metallicity scale for open clusters" (Jul 8, 2013)
- Akira Imada, Hideyuki Izumiura, Daisuke Kuroda et al., "OAO/MITSuME Photometry of Dwarf Novae: I SU Ursae Majoris" (Jul 4, 2013)
- Edmund P. Nelan and Howard E. Bond, "On the Hubble Space Telescope Trigonometric Parallax of the Dwarf Nova SS Cygni" (Jul 2, 2013)
- P. Klagyivik, Sz. Csizmadia, T. Pasternacki, et al., "Variability survey in the CoRoT SRa01

- field: Implications of eclipsing binary distribution on cluster formation in NGC 2264" (Jun 25, 2013)
- Pierre de Ponthiere, Franz-Josef Hambsch, Tom Krajci, Kenneth Menzies, "V0784 Ophiuchi: an RR Lyrae star with multiple Blazhko modulations" (Jun 25, 2013)
- M. Otulakowska-Hypka, A. Olech, "Increasing supercycle lengths of active SU UMa-type dwarf novae" (Jun 21, 2013)
- Oleg Malkov, Ekaterina Avvakumova, "Classification of eclipsing binaries: attractive systems" (Jun 19, 2013)
- Claude E. Mack III, Jian Ge, Rohit Deshpande et al., "A Cautionary Tale: MARVELS Brown Dwarf Candidate Reveals Itself To Be A Very Long Period, Highly Eccentric Spectroscopic Stellar Binary" (Jun 13, 2013)
- D. A. Garcia-Hernandez, O. Zamora, A. Yague et al., "Hot bottom burning and s-process nucleosynthesis in massive AGB stars at the beginning of the thermally-pulsing phase" (Jun 10, 2013)
- Thomas E. Harrison, Randy D. Campbell, James E. Lyke, "Phase-Resolved Infrared Spectroscopy and Photometry of V1500 Cygni, and a Search for Similar Old Classical Novae" (Jun 6, 2013)
- I. Gonidakis, P. J. Diamond and A. J. Kemball, "A long-term VLBA monitoring campaign of the v=1, J=1-0 SiO masers toward TX Cam I. Morphology and Shock Waves" (Jun 3, 2013)
- Ashish Raj, D. P. K. Banerjee and N. M. Ashok, "Nova KT Eri 2009: Infrared studies of a very fast and small amplitude He/N nova" (May 31, 2013)
- J. C. A. Miller-Jones, G. R. Sivakoff, C. Knigge et al., "An accurate geometric distance to the compact binary SS Cygni vindicates accretion disc theory" (May 24, 2013)
- J. L. Sokoloski, Arlin P. S. Crotts, Helena Uthas and Stephen Lawrence Columbia et al., "The Recurrent Nova T Pyx: Distance and Remnant Geometry from Light Echoes" (May 22, 2013)
- David Rabinowitz, Megan E. Schwamb, Elena Hadjiyska et al., "The Peculiar Photometric Properties of 2010 WG9: A Slowly-Rotating Trans-Neptunian Object from the Oort Cloud" (May 22, 2013)
- Geoffrey C. Clayton, T. R. Geballe, and Wanshu Zhang, "Variable Winds and Dust Formation in R Coronae Borealis Stars" (May 22, 2013)
- Edward M. Sion, Paula Szkody, Anjum Mukadam et al., "Multiwavelength Photometry and Hubble Space Telescope Spectroscopy of the Old Nova V842 Centaurus" (May 20, 2013)
- Matthias Stute, Gerardo J. M. Luna, Ignazio F. Pillitteri et al., "Detection of X-rays from the jet-driving symbiotic star Hen 3-1341" (May 14, 2013)
- D. W. Hoard, John H. Debes, Stefanie Wachter et al., "The WIRED Survey. IV. New Dust Disks from the McCook and Sion White Dwarf Catalog" (Apr 29, 2013)
- Sumin Tang, Jonathan Grindlay, Edward Los et al., "Improved Photometry for the DASCH

- Pipeline" (Apr 28, 2013)
- Blesson Mathew, D. P. K. Banerjee, Sachindra Naik and N. M. Ashok, "Studies of the Be star X Persei during a bright infrared phase" (Apr 28, 2013)
- Ben Burningham, C. V. Cardoso, L. Smith et al., "Seventy six T dwarfs from the UKIDSS LAS: benchmarks, kinematics and an updated space density" (Apr 26, 2013)
- Cs. Kiss, Gy. Szabo, J. Horner et al., "A portrait of the extreme Solar System object 2012 DR30" (Apr 26, 2013)
- Lorenzo Rimoldini, "Weighted statistical parameters for irregularly sampled time series" (Apr 24, 2013)
- Stefano Cavuoti, "Data-rich astronomy: mining synoptic sky surveys" (Apr 24, 2013)
- A. A. Popov, V. V. Krushinsky, E. A. Avvakumova et al., "New variable stars in the field of open cluster NGC188" (Apr 18, 2013)
- C.C.Cheung, on behalf of the Fermi-LAT collaboration, "Fermi Discovers a New Population of Gamma-ray Novae" (Apr 11, 2013)
- K. L. Page, J. P Osborne, R. M. Wagner et al., "The 7.1 hour X-ray-UV-NIR period of the gamma-ray classical Nova Monocerotis 2012" (Apr 10, 2013)
- A. K. Dupree and R. P. Stefanik, "Direct Ultraviolet Imaging and Spectroscopy of Betelgeuse" (Apr 9, 2013)
- R. K. Saito, D. Minniti, R. Angeloni et al., "A near-infrared catalogue of the Galactic novae in the VVV survey area" (Apr 9, 2013)
- K. M. G. Silva, C. V. Rodrigues, J. E. R. Costa et al., "Stokes imaging of AM Her systems using 3D inhomogeneous models-II. Modelling X-ray and optical data of CPTucanae" (Apr 9, 2013)
- A. B. Hill and on behalf of the Fermi-LAT collaboration, "The discovery of gammaray emission from Nova Sco 2012: An analysis using reprocessed Pass7 data" (Apr 8, 2013)
- M. Mohler-Fischer, L. Mancini, J. D. Hartman et al., "HATS-2b: A transiting extrasolar planet orbiting a K-type star showing starspot activity" (Apr 8, 2013)
- N. D. Richardson, G. H. Schaefer, D. R. Gies et al., "The H-band Emitting Region of the Luminous Blue Variable P Cygni: Spectrophotometry and Interferometry of the Wind" (Apr 4, 2013)
- A. Ederoclite, "The mystery of T Pyx; the 2011 explosion" (Apr 4, 2013)
- Robert E. Stencel, "Results of the Recent epsilon Aurigae Eclipse Campaign" (Mar 28, 2013)
- Jeremy Shears, Ian Miller, Roger Pickard et al., "Superoutbursts and grazing eclipses in the dwarf nova V1227 Herculis" (Mar 28, 2013)
- Elena Zaninoni, Maria Grazia Bernardini, Raffaella Margutti et al., "Gamma-ray burst optical light-curve zoo: comparison with X-ray observations" (Mar 27, 2013)
- Brian Kloppenborg, Jeffery Hopkins, Robert Stencel, "An Analysis of the Long-term Photometric Behavior of epsilon Aurigae" (Mar 27, 2013)

- Brian K. Kloppenborg, Roger Pieri, Heinz-Bernd Eggenstein et al., "A Demonstration of Accurate Wide-field V-band Photometry Using a Consumer-grade DSLR Camera" (Mar 27, 2013)
- P. Harmanec, H. Bozic, D. Korcakova et al., "A new look into the spectral and light variations of epsilon Aur" (Mar 26, 2013)
- M. Otulakowska-Hypka and A. Olech, "On supercycle lengths of active SU UMa stars" (Mar 25, 2013)
- F. Surina, R. A. Hounsell, M. F. Bode et al., "Spectroscopic and Photometric Development of T Pyxidis" (2011) from 0.8 to 250 Days After Discovery" (Mar 25, 2013)
- D. Takei, J. J. Drake, M. Tsujimoto et al., "X-ray Eclipse Diagnosis of the Evolving Mass Loss in the Recurrent Nova U Scorpii 2010" (Mar 22, 2013)
- S. Covino, A. Melandri, R. Salvaterra et al., "Dust extinction for an unbiased sample of GRB afterglows" (Mar 19, 2013)
- Michal Siwak, Slavek M. Rucinski, Jaymie M. Matthews et al., "Photometric variability in FU Ori and Z CMa as observed by MOST" (Mar 11, 2013)
- Gordon McIntosh and Balthasar Indermuehle, "A Comparison of the Velocity Parameters of SiO v=1, J=1-0 and J=2-1 Maser Emission in Long Period Variables" (Mar 10, 2013)
- Paula Szkody, Anjum S. Mukadam, Edward M. Sion et al., "HST and Optical Data on SDSSJ0804+5103" (EZ Lyn) One Year after Outburst" (Mar 8, 2013)
- Taichi Kato and Hiroyuki Maehara, "Analysis of Kepler Light Curve of the Novalike Cataclysmic Variable KIC 8751494" (Mar 6, 2013)
- Mathieu Servillat, S. Tang, J.E. Grindlay et al., "DASCH 100-yr light curves of high-mass X-ray binaries" (Mar 5, 2013)
- Joseph Patterson, Arto Oksanen, Berto Monard et al., "The Death Spiral of T Pyxidis" (Mar 4, 2013)
- Matthew J. Graham, S. G. Djorgovski, Ashish A. Mahabal et al., "Machine-assisted discovery of relationships in astronomy" (Feb 20, 2013)
- W. Nowotny, B. Aringer, S. Hoefner et al., "Synthetic photometry for carbon-rich giants. III. Tracing the sequence of mass-losing galactic C-type Miras" (Feb 15, 2013)
- R. Pereira, R. C. Thomas, G. Aldering et al., "Spectrophotometric time series of SN 2011fe from the Nearby Supernova Factory" (Feb 6, 2013)
- Jae Woo Lee, Tobias Cornelius Hinse, and Jang-Ho Park, "The Eclipsing System EP Andromedae and its Circumbinary Companions" (Feb 2, 2013)
- L. W. Piotrowski, T. Batsch, H. Czyrkowski et al., "PSF modelling for very wide-field CCD astronomy" (Feb 1, 2013)
- B. Rani, T. P. Krichbaum, L. Fuhrmann et al., "Radio to gamma-ray variability study of blazar S5 0716+714" (Jan 29, 2013)
- Stephane Sacuto, Sofia Ramstedt, Susanne Hofner et al., "The wind of the M-type AGB star RT Virginis probed by VLTI/MIDI" (Jan 24, 2013)
- N. Kameswara Rao, D. L. Lambert, D. A. Garcia-Hernandez et al., "The changing nebula

- around the hot R Coronae Borealis star DY Centauri" (Jan 24, 2013)
- Eric Broens, "Light curve analysis and orbital period change of the extreme mass-ratio overcontact binary AW CrB" (Jan 21, 2013)
- A. J. Pickles and W. E. Rosing, "Cloud Computing with Context Cameras" (Jan 16, 2013)
- N. A. Tomov, M. T. Tomova and D. V. Bisikalo "Institute of Astronomy and National Astronomical Observatory, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences et al., "Symbiotic Stars with Similar Line Profiles during Activity" (Jan 13, 2013)
- L. Rimoldini, P. Dubath, M. Suveges et al., "Automated classification of Hipparcos unsolved variables" (Jan 8, 2013)
- Kelly Lepo and Marten van Kerkwijk, "Rapidly accreting white dwarfs as supernova type la progenitors" (Jan 7, 2013)
- A. Kospal, P. Abraham, J. A. Acosta-Pulido et al., "Exploring the circumstellar environment of the young eruptive star V2492 Cyg" (Jan 5, 2013)
- Kent Honeycutt, Stella Kafka, Jeff Robertson, "Wind Variability in BZ Camelopardalis" (Jan 3, 2013)
- D. Klotz, C. Paladini, J. Hron et al., "Catching the fish Constraining stellar parameters for TX Psc using spectro-interferometric observations" (Jan 3, 2013)
- Vitalii V. Breus, Ivan L. Andronov, Tibor Hegedus et al., "Period variations the intermediate polars EX Hya, FO Agr and RXS J180340.0+401214" (Dec 30, 2012)
- Cezary Galan, Toma Tomov, Taichi Kato et al., "A new look at the long-period eclipsing binary V383 Sco" (Dec 26, 2012)
- Norbert Zacharias, Charlie Finch, Terry Girard et al., "The Fourth US Naval Observatory CCD Astrograph Catalog" (UCAC4)" (Dec 26, 2012)
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- Joseph Patterson, Helena Uthas, Jonathan Kemp et al., "BK Lyncis: The Oldest Old Nova?... And a Bellwether for Cataclysmic-Variable Evolution" (Dec 23, 2012)
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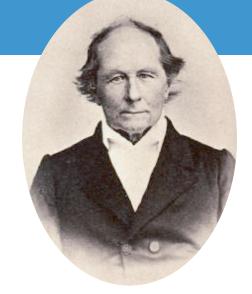
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